



CLIMATE OUTLOOK FORUM FOR CENTRAL AFRICA

TECHICAL NOTE FOR: MAM & AMJ 2024 Issued: MARCH 2024

	Name	Position
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	Dr. Pierre KAMSU	Senior Forecaster
	Dr.	Climate Expert
Supervised by	Dr. Andre KAMGA FOAMOUHOUE	DG ACMAD

<https://rcc.acmad.org/>



Outline

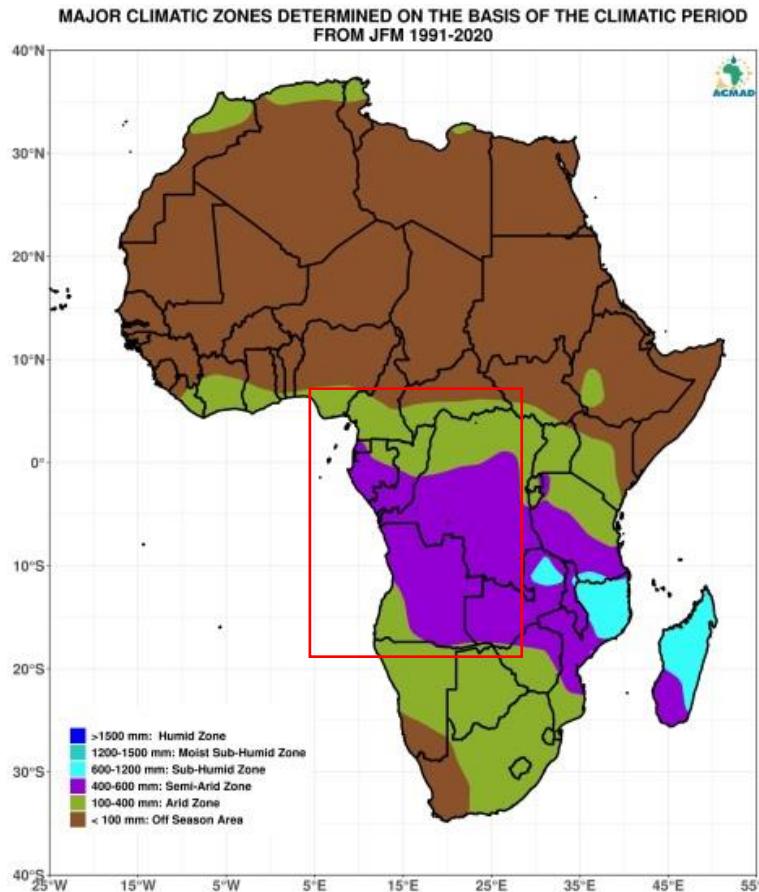
1. *Time series analysis of Climate variability (seasonal and annual cycles, interannual/interdecadal variability) and trends*
2. *Composite analysis*
3. *Analogue Analysis*
4. *Linear regression, principal component, canonical correlation analysis*
5. *Teleconnections analysis (i.e ENSO, AMO, IOD, SIOD, Atlantic Dipole, NAO, AO, SAM, Benguela Nino, Mediterranean SSTAs)*
6. *Interactions analysis between seasons (summer and following winter) and regions for the same target season (i.e summer African monsoon and Atlantic cyclone activity)*
7. *Single Model Ensemble Analysis (i.e ECMWF, NCEP, UKMET)*
8. *Multi-model Ensemble Analysis (ie MME, Copernicus, IRI)*
9. *Consolidation and consensus Analysis*

Step 1:

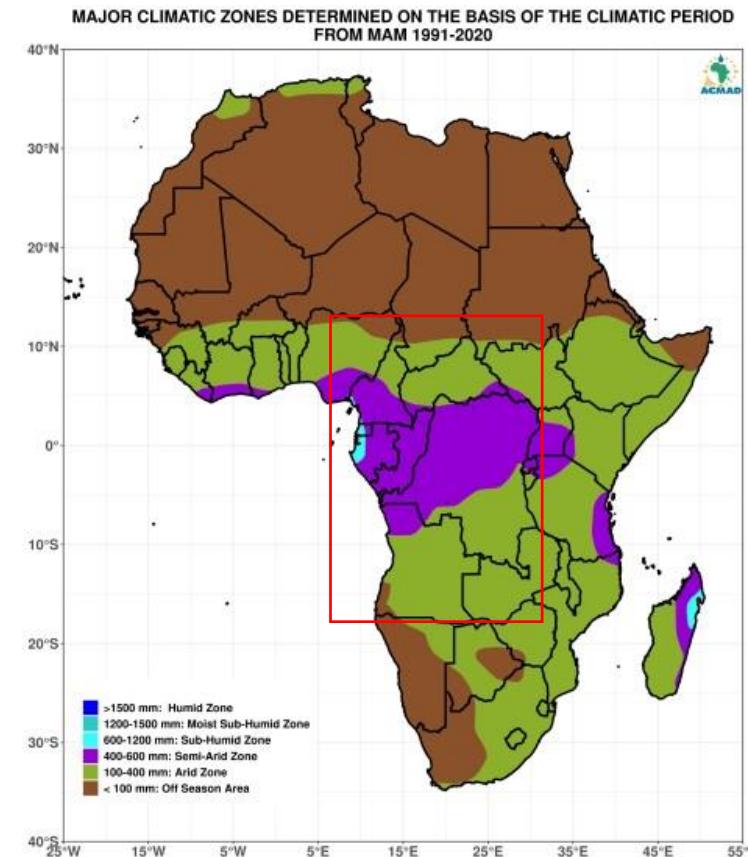
Time series analysis of Climate variability (seasonal and annual cycles, interannual/interdecadal variability) and trends

Time series analysis of Climate variability and trends (Climatic zones)

Season 1 = MARCH-APRIL-MAY



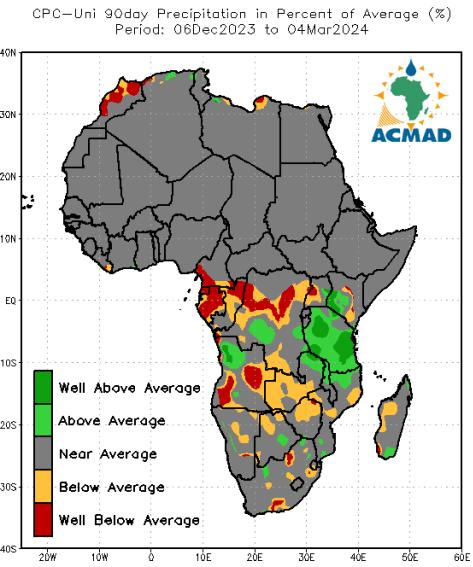
Season 2 = APRIL-MAY-JUNE



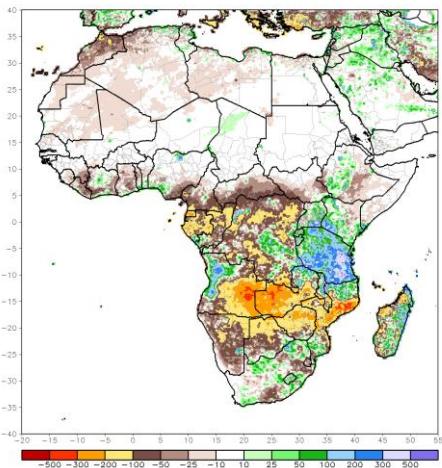


Time series analysis of Climate variability and trends(Persistence forecast)

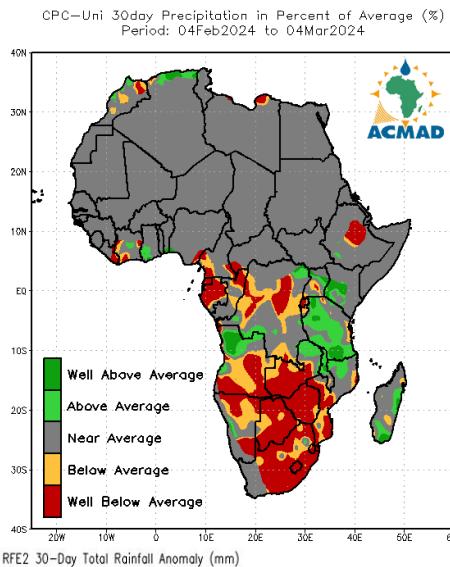
Latest 90-days



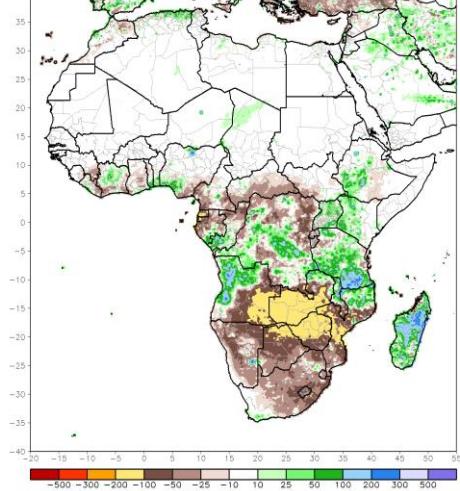
RFE2 90-Day Total Rainfall Anomaly (mm)
Period: 06Dec2023 – 04Mar2024



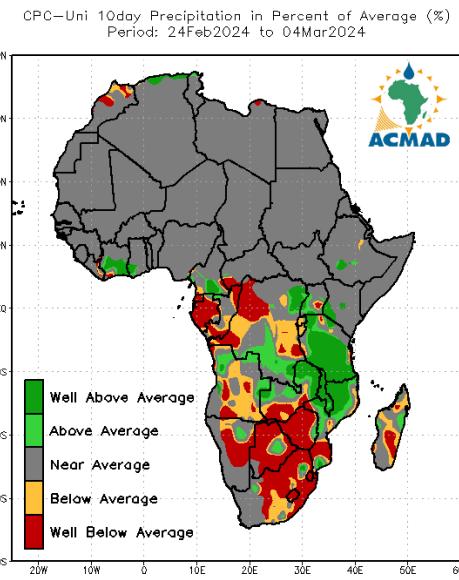
Last 30-days



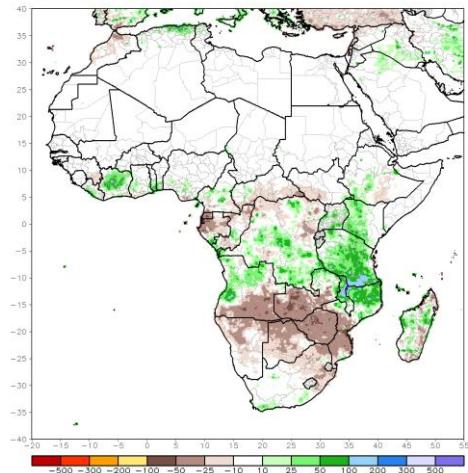
RFE2 30-Day Total Rainfall Anomaly (mm)
Period: 04Feb2024 – 04Mar2024



Last 10-days



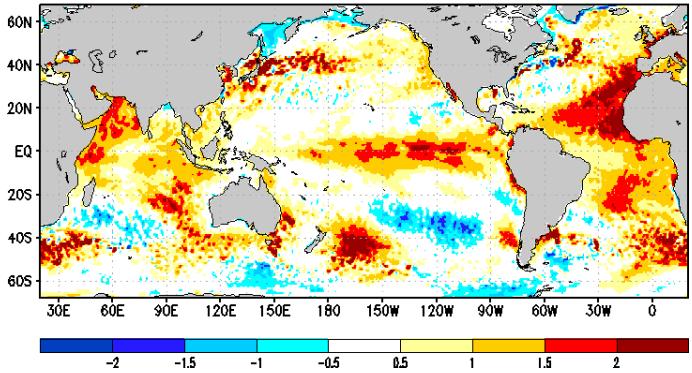
RFE2 10-Day Total Rainfall Anomaly (mm)
Period: 24Feb2024 – 04Mar2024



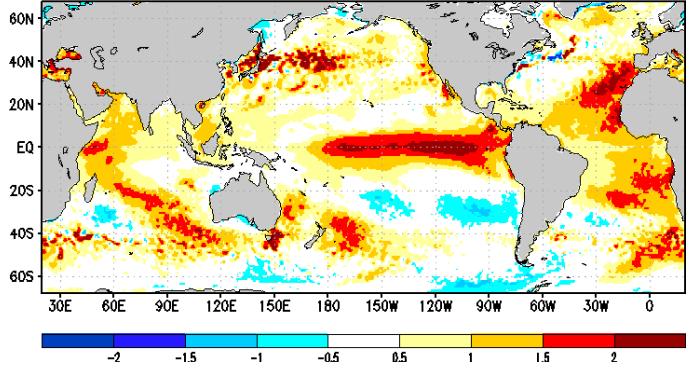


CURRENT OBS SST ANOMALY

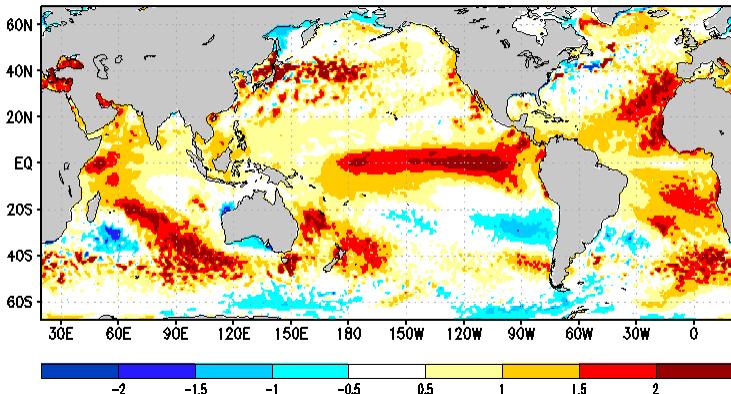
SST Anom. for the last 10-Days
From 12Feb2024 to 21Feb2024



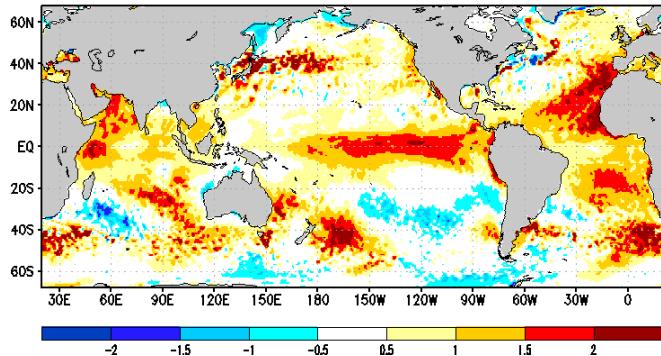
SST Anom. for the last 90-Days
From 24Nov2023 to 21Feb2024



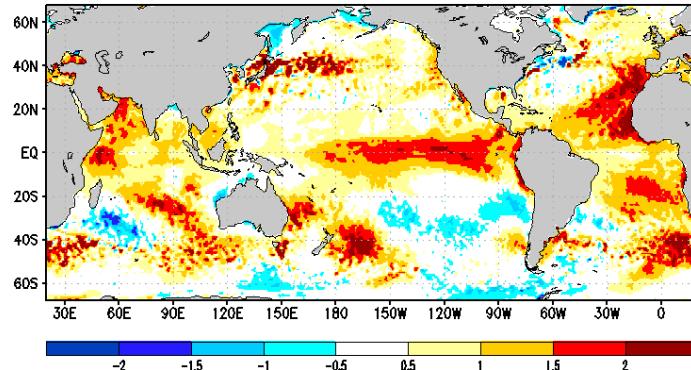
SST Anom. for Jan2024



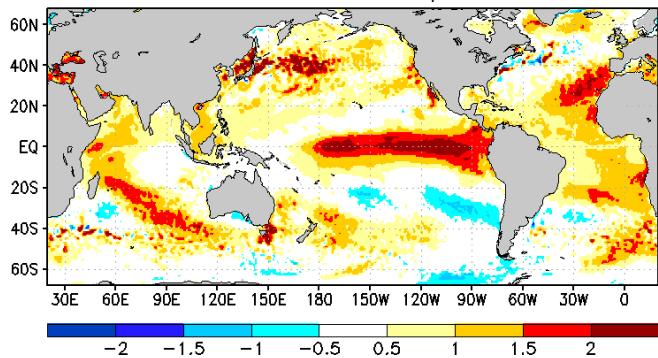
SST Anom. for the last 30-Days
From 23Jan2024 to 21Feb2024



SST Anom. for the Week
From 21Jan2024 to 17Feb2024



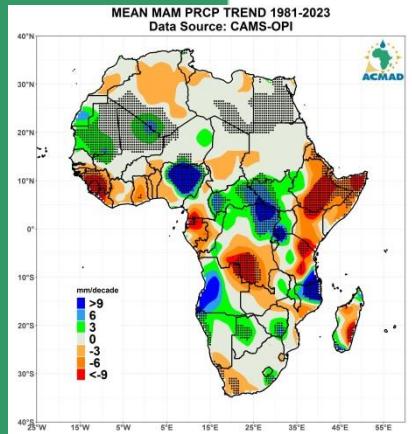
SST Anom. NDJ 2023/2024



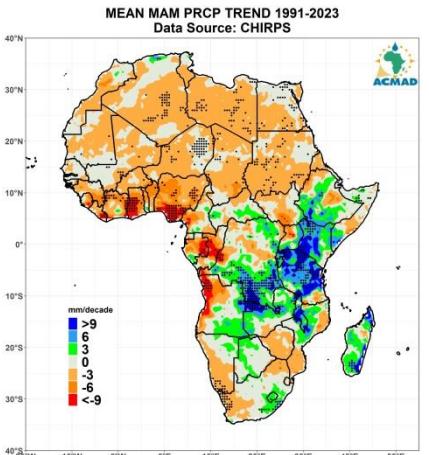


Time series analysis of Climate variability (seasonal and annual cycles, interannual/interdecadal variability) and trends (1/4)

CAMS-OPI

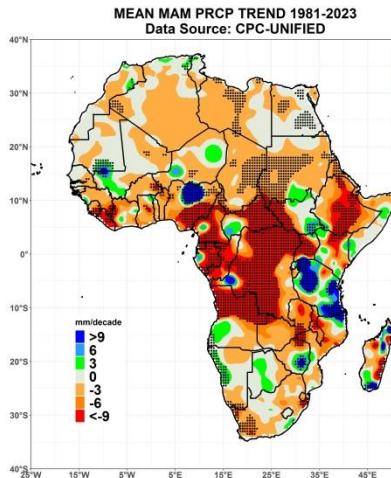


CHIRPS

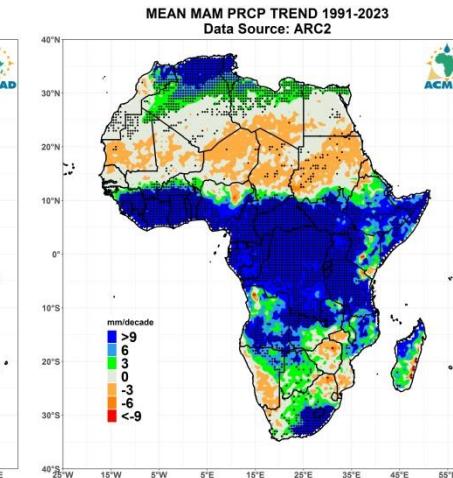


Season 1 MAM

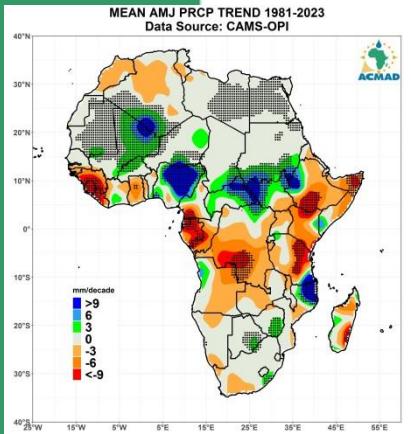
CPC-UNI



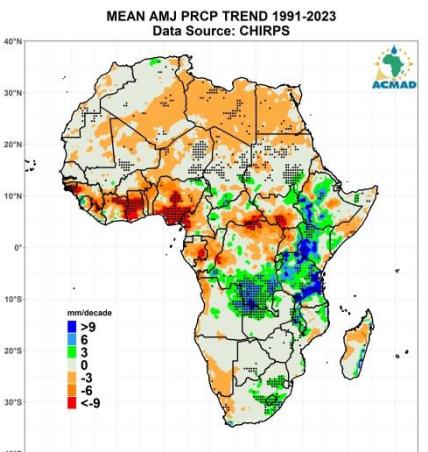
ARC2



CAMS-OPI

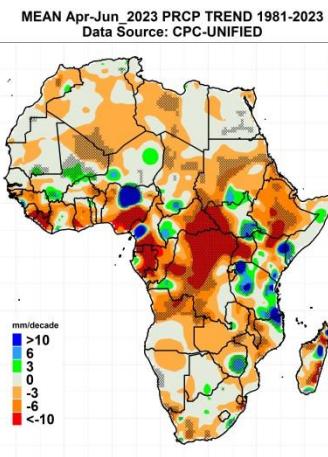


CHIRPS

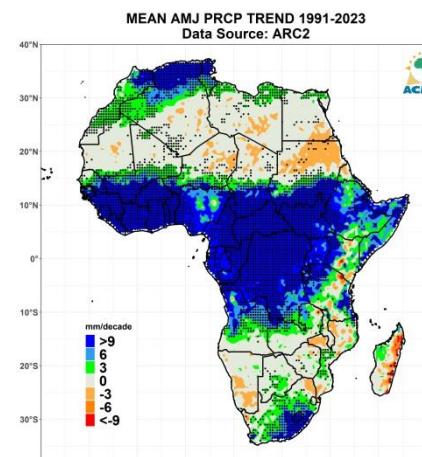


Season 2 AMJ

CPC-UNI



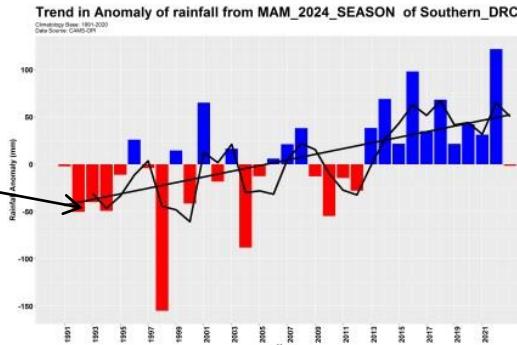
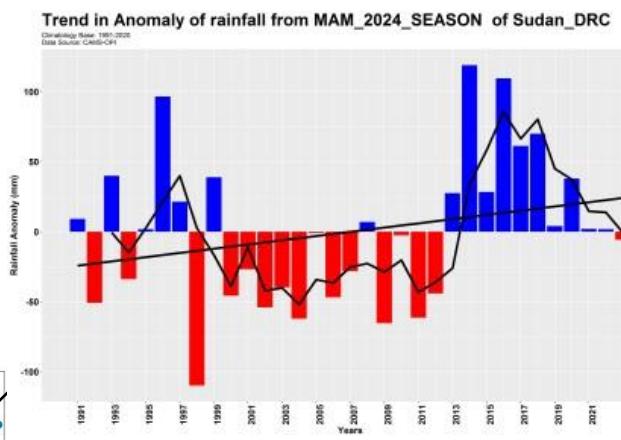
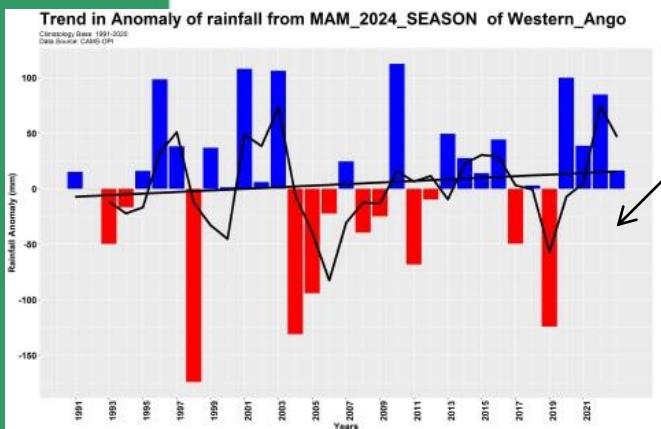
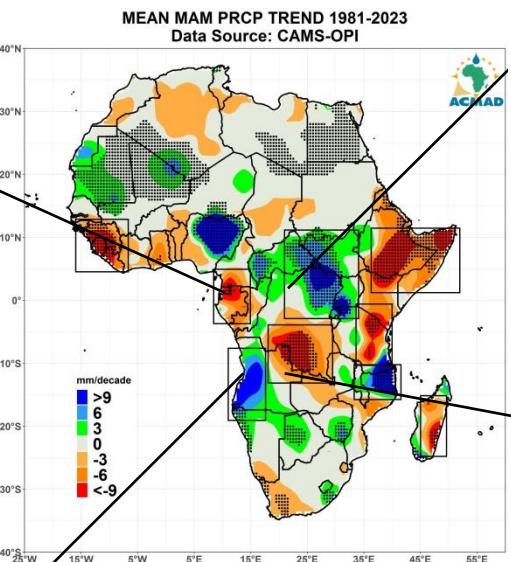
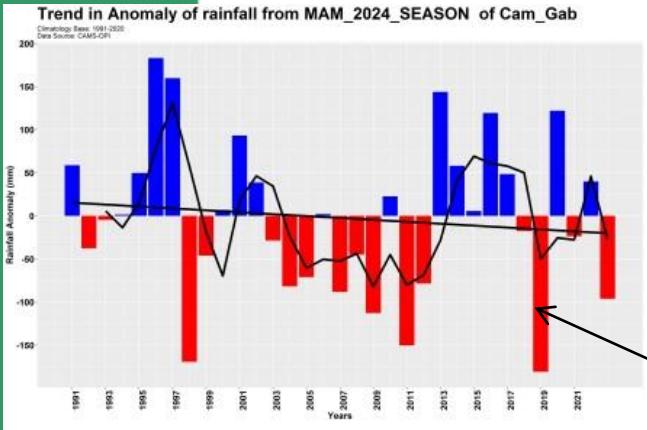
ARC2





Time series analysis of Climate variability (seasonal and annual cycles, interannual/interdecadal variability) and trends (1/5)

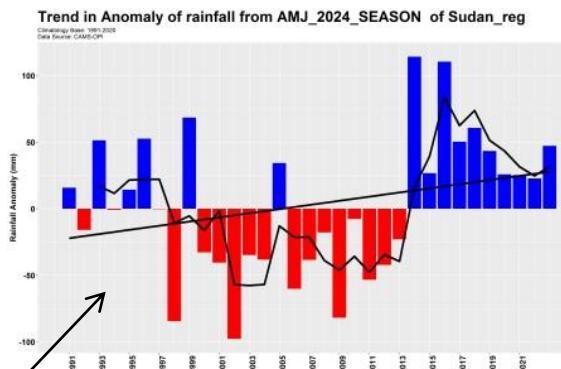
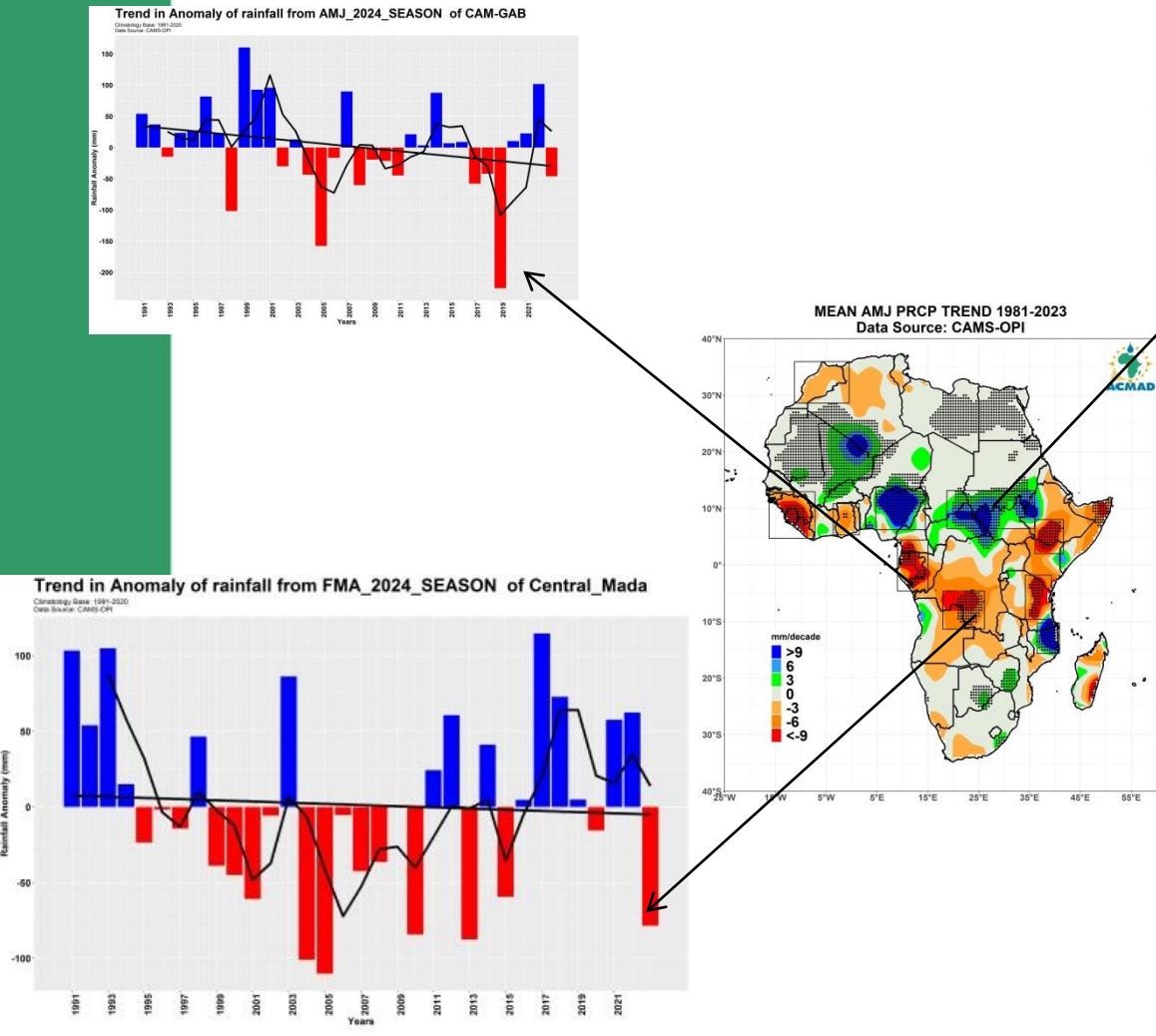
MAM Season 2





Time series analysis of Climate variability (seasonal and annual cycles, interannual/interdecadal variability) and trends (1/6)

AMJ Season 2



Step 3:

Analogue Years Analysis

Identification of Analogue Years (2)



Blue – La Niña

Red – El Niño

Year	DJF	JFM	FMA	MAM	AMJ	MJJ	JJA	JAS	ASO	SON	OND	NDJ
2000	-1.7	-1.4	-1.1	-0.8	-0.7	-0.6	-0.6	-0.5	-0.5	-0.6	-0.7	-0.7
2001	-0.7	-0.5	-0.4	-0.3	-0.3	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.2	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3
2002	-0.1	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.1
2003	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.0	-0.3	-0.2	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4
2004	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
2005	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.3	-0.6	-0.8
2006	-0.9	-0.8	-0.6	-0.4	-0.1	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.8	0.9	0.9
2007	0.7	0.2	-0.1	-0.3	-0.4	-0.5	-0.6	-0.8	-1.1	-1.3	-1.5	-1.6
2008	-1.6	-1.5	-1.3	-1.0	-0.8	-0.6	-0.4	-0.2	-0.2	-0.4	-0.6	-0.7
2009	-0.8	-0.8	-0.6	-0.3	0.0	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.7	1.0	1.4	1.6
Year	DJF	JFM	FMA	MAM	AMJ	MJJ	JJA	JAS	ASO	SON	OND	NDJ
2010	1.5	1.2	0.8	0.4	-0.2	-0.7	-1.0	-1.3	-1.6	-1.6	-1.6	-1.6
2011	-1.4	-1.2	-0.9	-0.7	-0.6	-0.4	-0.5	-0.6	-0.8	-1.0	-1.1	-1.0
2012	-0.9	-0.7	-0.6	-0.5	-0.3	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.1	-0.2
2013	-0.4	-0.4	-0.3	-0.3	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4	-0.3	-0.3	-0.2	-0.2	-0.3
2014	-0.4	-0.5	-0.3	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.6	0.7
2015	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.2	1.5	1.9	2.2	2.4	2.6	2.6
2016	2.5	2.1	1.6	0.9	0.4	-0.1	-0.4	-0.5	-0.6	-0.7	-0.7	-0.6
2017	-0.3	-0.2	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.1	-0.1	-0.4	-0.7	-0.8	-1.0
2018	-0.9	-0.9	-0.7	-0.5	-0.2	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.8	0.9	0.8
2019	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.5
Year	DJF	JFM	FMA	MAM	AMJ	MJJ	JJA	JAS	ASO	SON	OND	NDJ
2020	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.2	-0.1	-0.3	-0.4	-0.6	-0.9	-1.2	-1.3	-1.2
2021	-1.0	-0.9	-0.8	-0.7	-0.5	-0.4	-0.4	-0.5	-0.7	-0.8	-1.0	-1.0
2022	-1.0	-0.9	-1.0	-1.1	-1.0	-0.9	-0.8	-0.9	-1.0	-1.0	-0.9	-0.8
2023	-0.7	-0.4	-0.1	0.2	0.5	0.8	1.1	1.3	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.0

Forecasted SST evolution

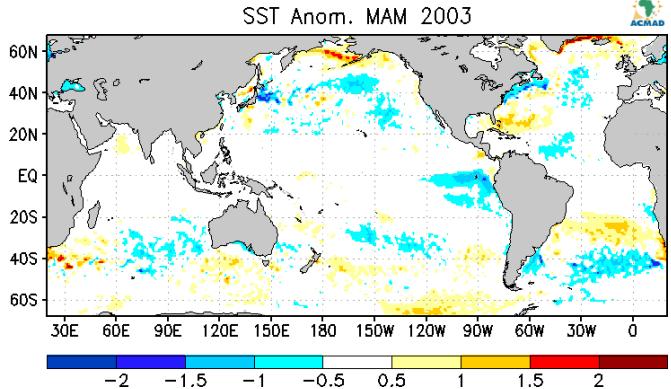
Seasons (2024 – 2024)

Model	JFM	FMA	MAM	AMJ	MJJ	JJA	JAS	ASO	SON
<i>Average, Dynamical models</i>	1.576	1.178	0.720	0.285	-0.194	-0.617	-0.813	-0.762	-0.827
<i>Average, Statistical models</i>	1.432	1.094	0.728	0.392	0.074	-0.223	-0.465	-0.627	-0.750
<i>Average, All models</i>	1.526	1.149	0.722	0.322	-0.085	-0.430	-0.639	-0.686	-0.783

Forecasted evolution of SSTs during the coming target seasons indicate a transition from an ENSO positive (El Nino) phase to an ENSO Neutral phase during the coming target seasons

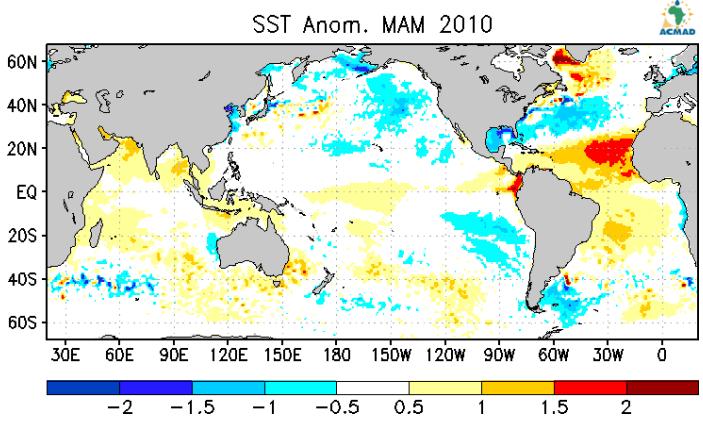


Analogue Analysis (3) - Identical Years- MAM



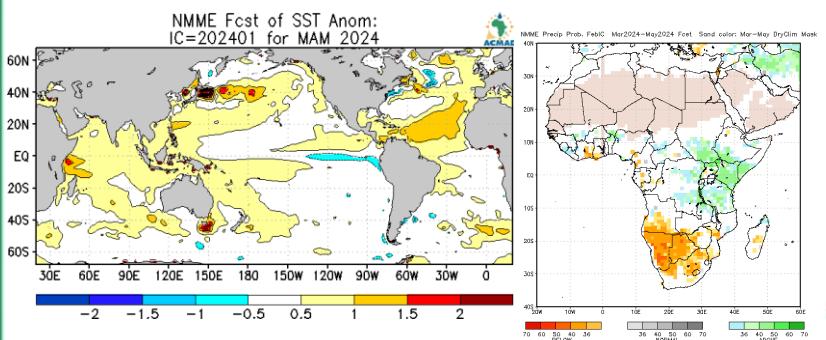
CAMSO-PI Precip Obs. Tercile for MAM 2003

CAMSO-PI Precip Obs. Tercile for MAM 2003



CAMSO-PI Precip Percent of Avg. (%) Season MAM 2010

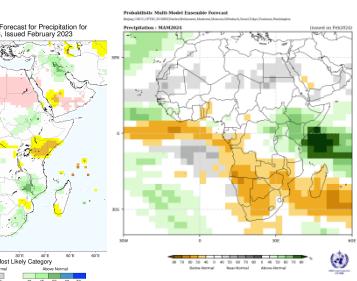
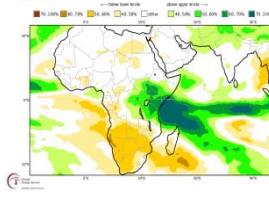
CAMSO-PI Precip Obs. Tercile for MAM 2010



C3S

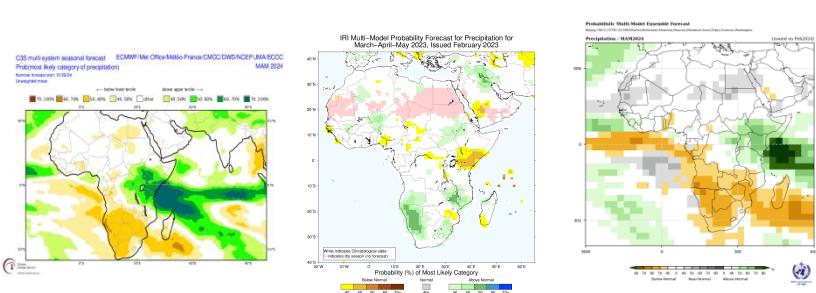
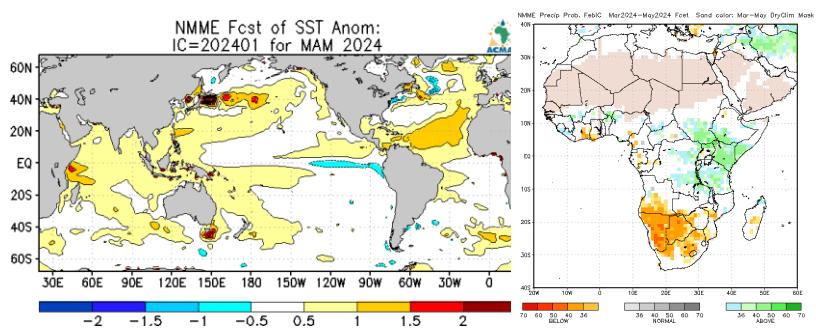
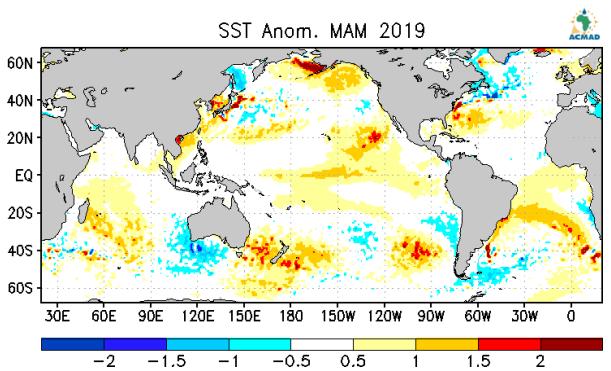
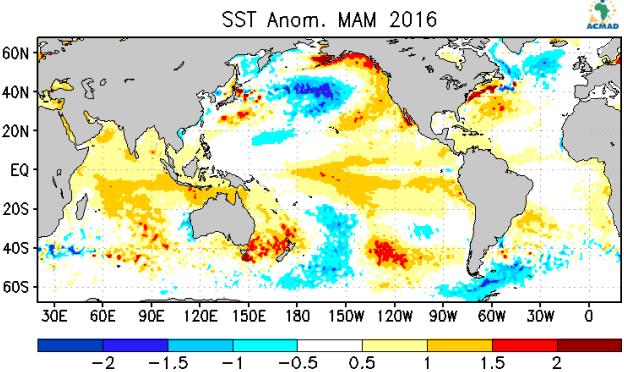
multi-system seasonal forecast
ECMLP/Met Office/Météo-France/CNCC/DWD/NCEP/JMA/ECMWF

Probability likely category of precipitation
Uncertainty range
--> 10% 10-20% 20-30% 30-40% 40-50% 50-60% 60-70% 70-80% 80-90% 90-100%



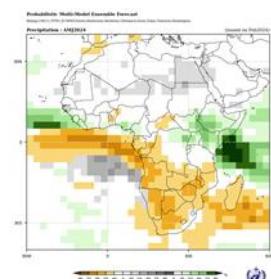
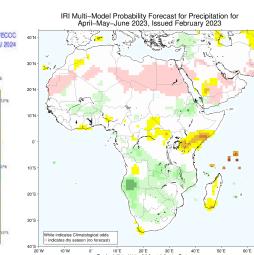
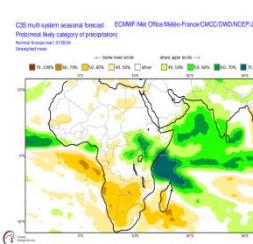
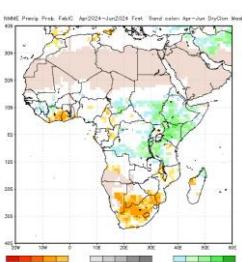
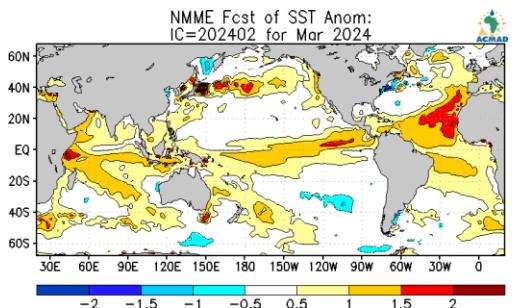
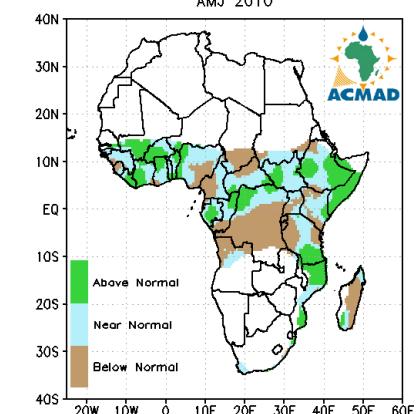
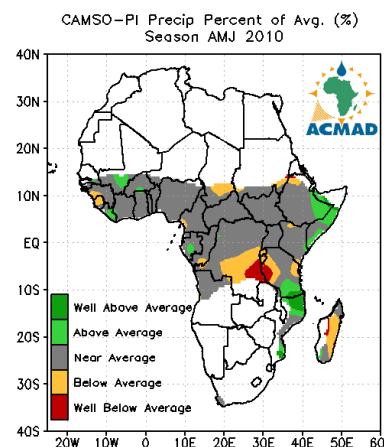
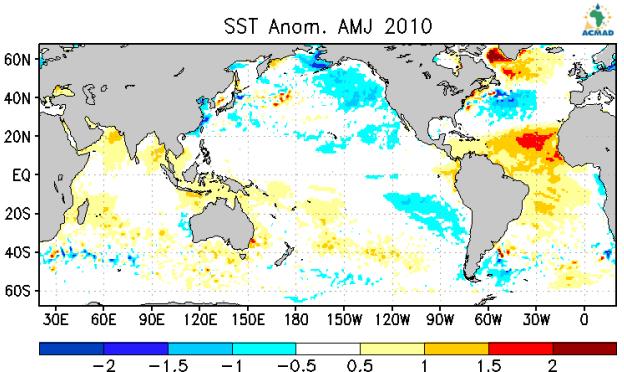
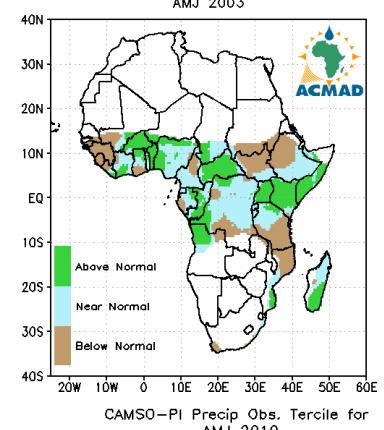
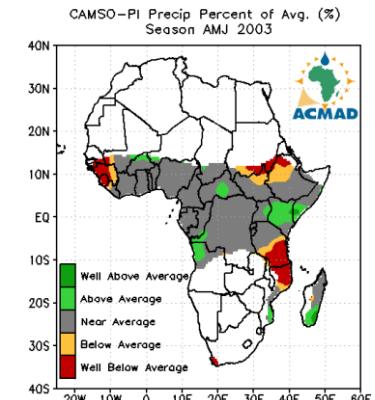
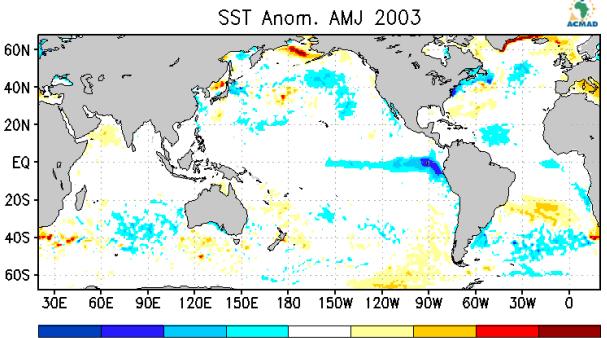


Analogue Analysis (3) – Identical Years- MAM



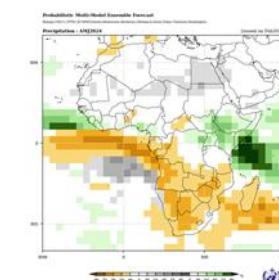
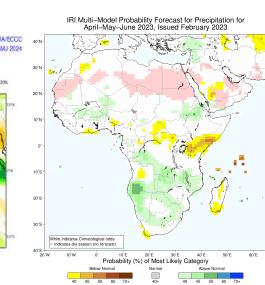
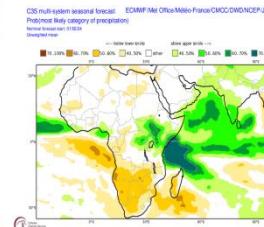
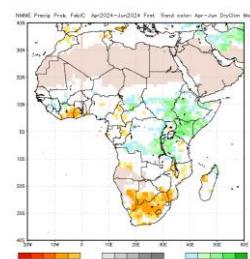
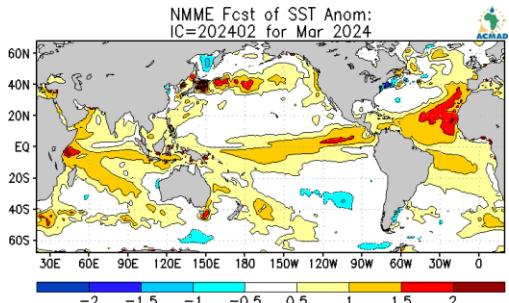
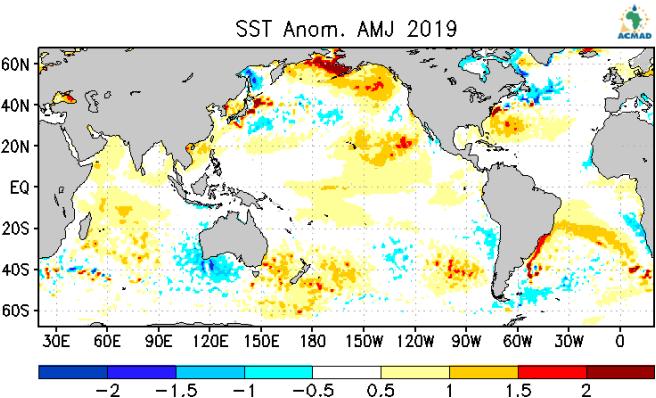
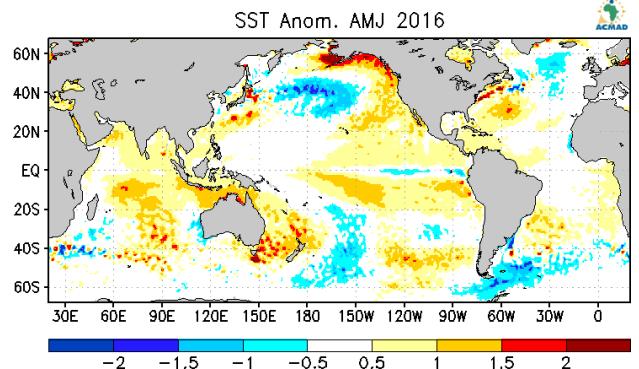


Analogue Analysis (3) – Identical Years- AMJ





Analogue Analysis (3) – Identical Years- AMJ



Step 4:

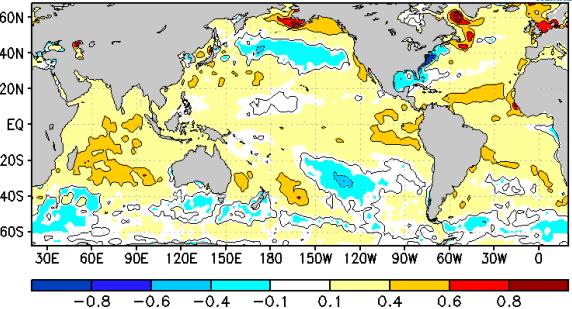
SSTs and Rainfall Composite analysis for Dry and Wet Years



DRY

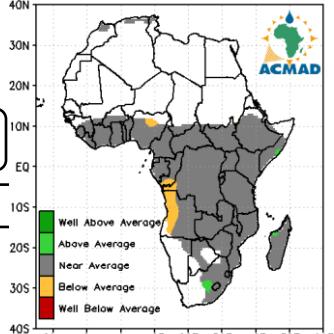
SST Composite

SST Anomaly (degC)
for Dry years over CAF during MAM season

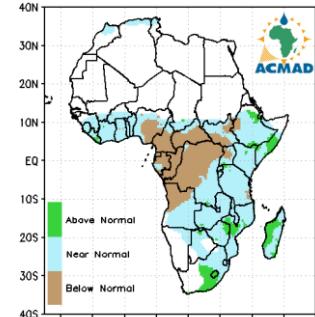


Rainfall Composite

CAMS-OPI Precip Percent of Avg. (%)
for Dry years over CAF during MAM season



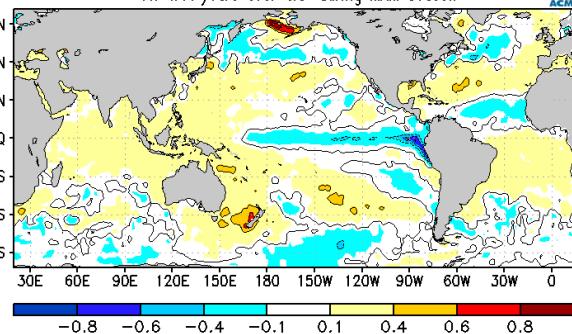
CAMS-OPI Precip Obs. Tercile
for Dry years over CAF during MAM season



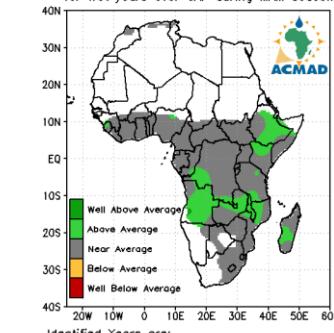
CAF
1981
1988
1993
1998
2004
2005
2011
2019

WET

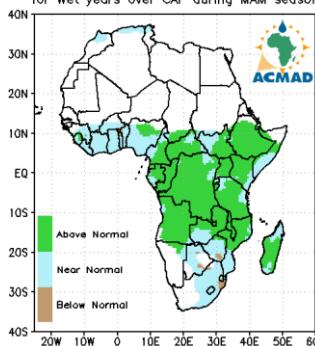
SST Anomaly (degC)
for Wet years over CAF during MAM season



CAMS-OPI Precip Percent of Avg. (%)
for Wet years over CAF during MAM season



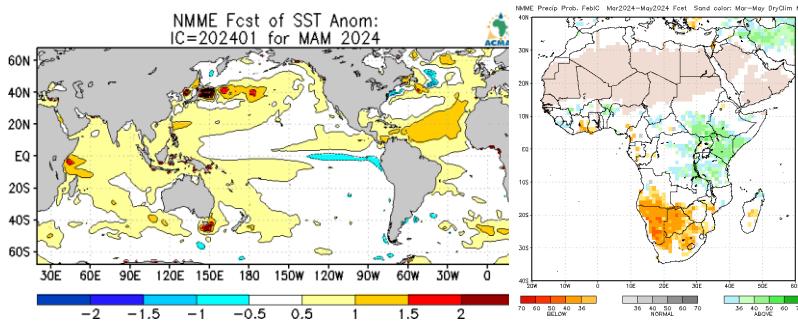
CAMS-OPI Precip Obs. Tercile
for Wet years over CAF during MAM season



CAF
1982
1985
1989
1996
1999
2001
2003
2016
2020

FCST

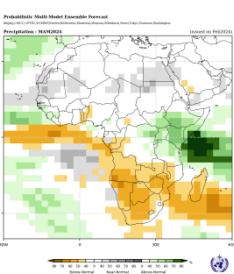
NMME Fcst of SST Anom:
IC=202401 for MAM 2024



C3S multi-system seasonal forecast

ECMWF/NCEP/Met Office/Meteo France/CMCC/DWD/NOAA/RCM

Normal forecast (1982-2020)



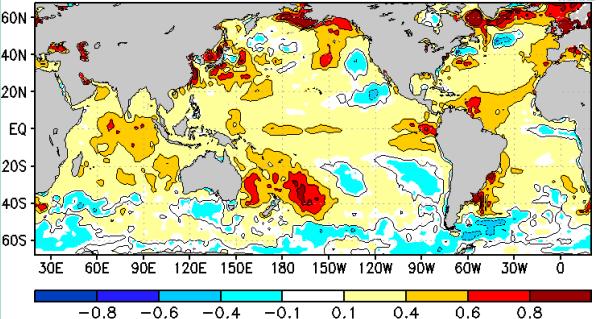


Composite analysis (Dry Years) - SSTs & Rainfall (AMJ)

DRY

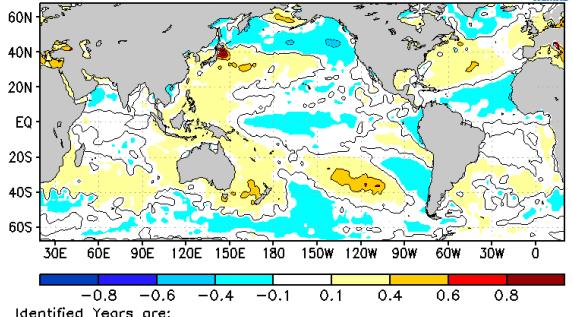
SST Composite

SST Anomaly (degC)
for Dry years over CAF during AMJ season

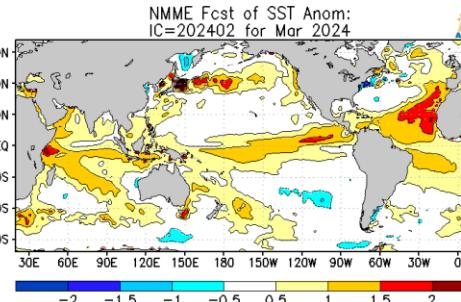


WET

SST Anomaly (degC)
for Wet years over CAF during AMJ season

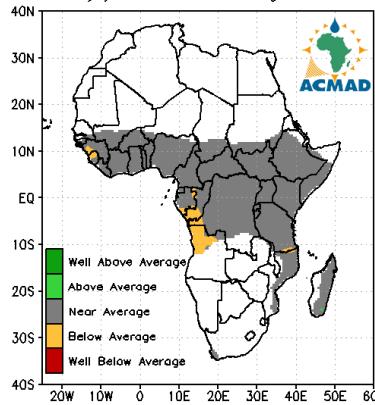


FCST

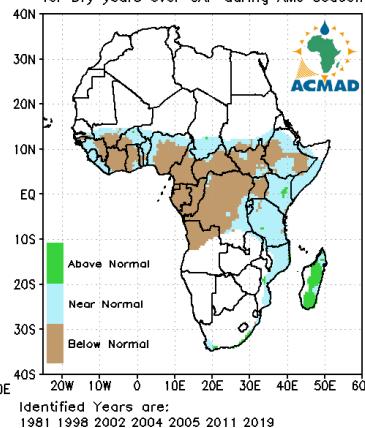


Rainfall Composite

CAMS-OPI Precip Percent of Avg. (%)
for Dry years over CAF during AMJ season

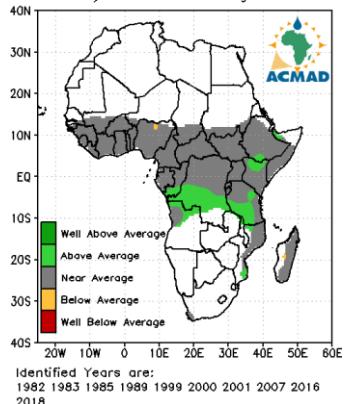


CAMS-OPI Precip Obs. Tercile
for Dry years over CAF during AMJ season

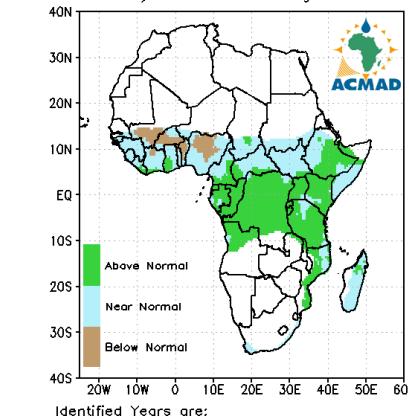


CAF
1981
1998
2002
2004
2005
2011
2019

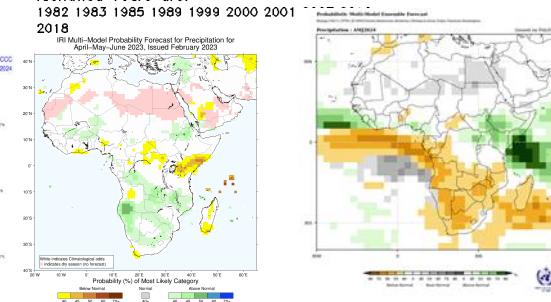
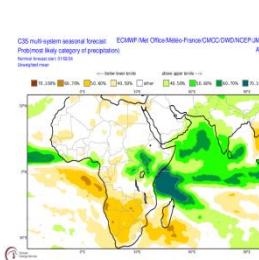
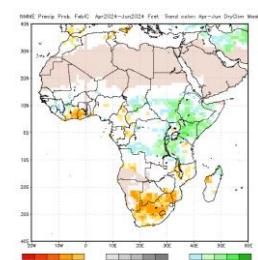
CAMS-OPI Precip Percent of Avg. (%)
for Wet years over CAF during AMJ season



CAMS-OPI Precip Obs. Tercile
for Wet years over CAF during AMJ season



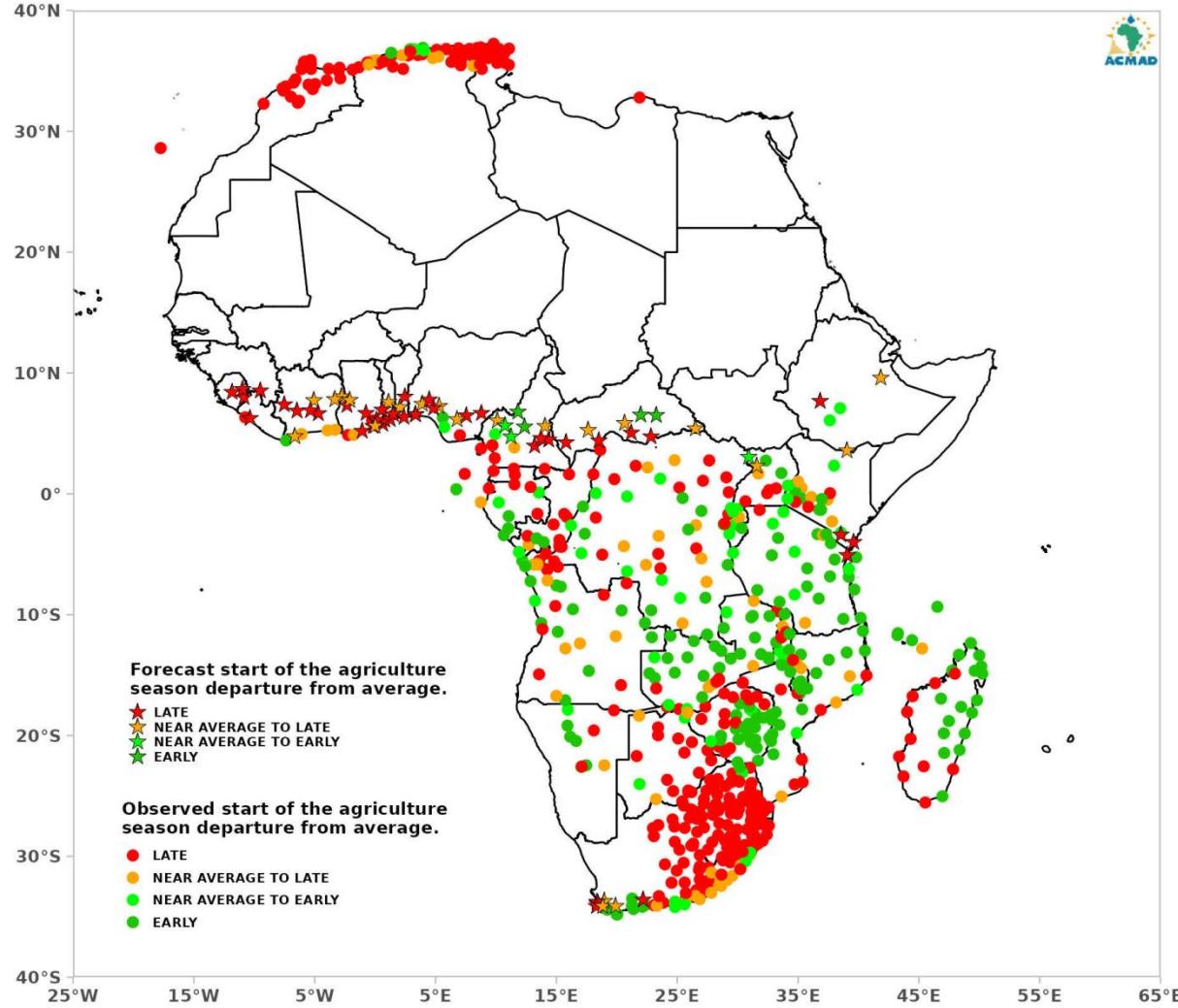
CAF
1982
1983
1985
1989
1999
2000
2001
2007
2016
2018



Daily cummulative

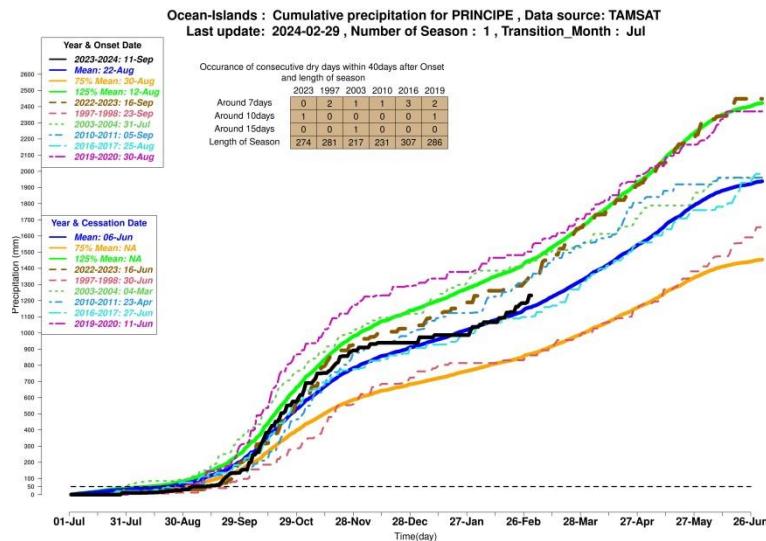
ONSET

MONITORING OF OBSERVED ANOMALIES ON THE START OF THE AGRICULTURE SEASON AND OUTLOOK
MONITORING PERIOD: Jul-2023 to Mar-2024
OUTLOOK VALIDITY PERIOD: From Mar-02-2024 to Mar-16-2024
DATE OF ISSUE: MAR-02-2024.

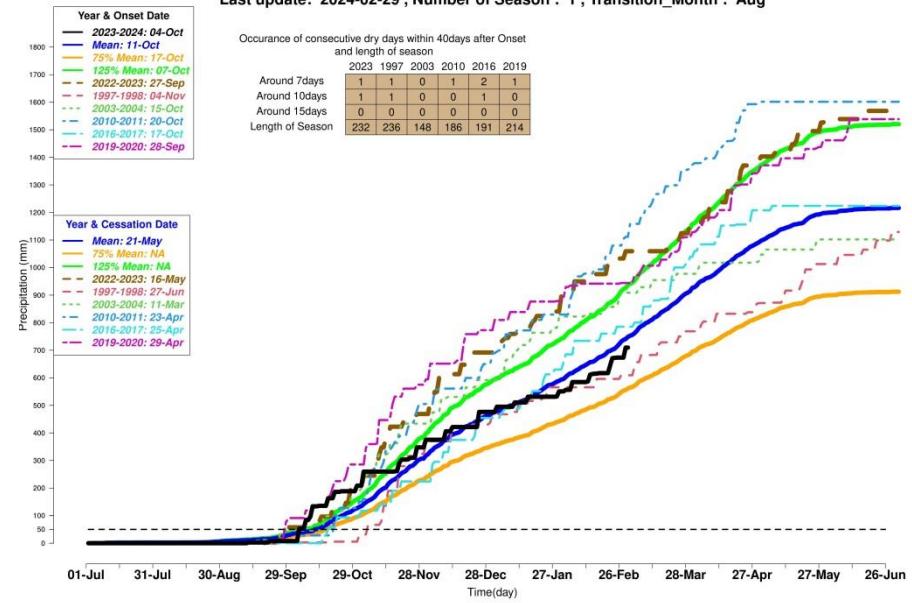




SAO TOME

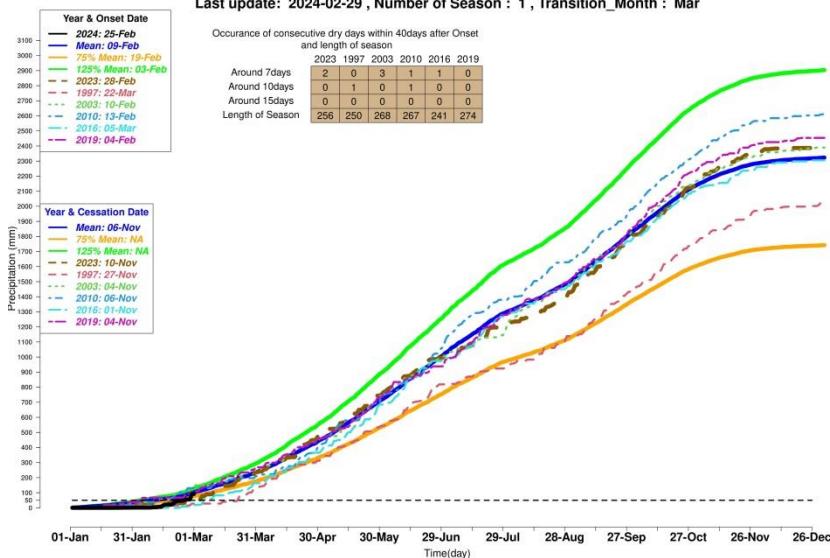


Ocean-Islands : Cumulative precipitation for S-TOME , Data source: TAMSAT
Last update: 2024-02-29 , Number of Season : 1 , Transition_Month : Aug

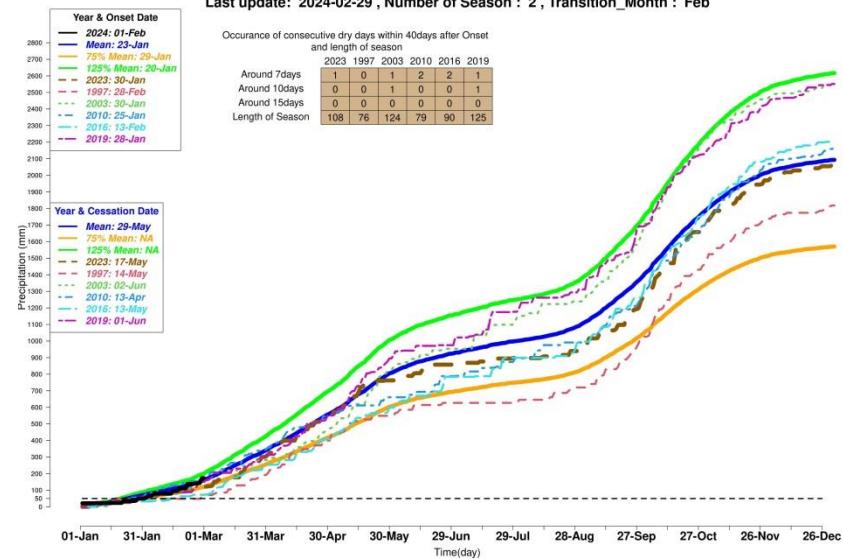


GUINEA

GuineaE : Cumulative precipitation for MALABO , Data source: TAMSAT
Last update: 2024-02-29 , Number of Season : 1 , Transition_Month : Mar

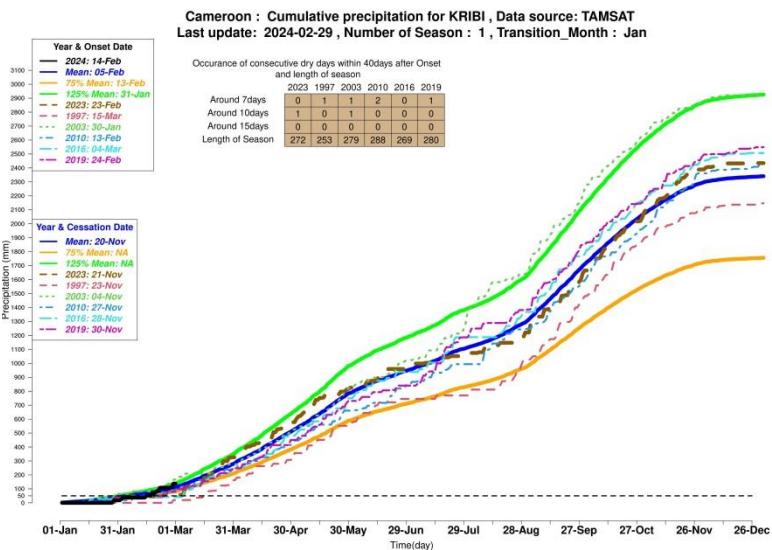
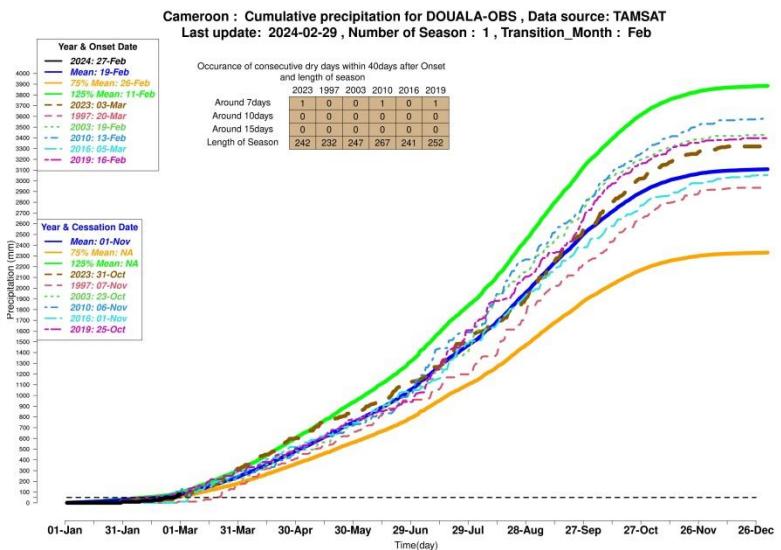
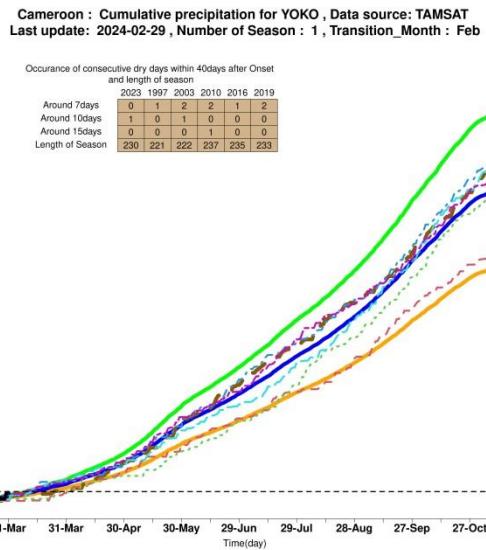
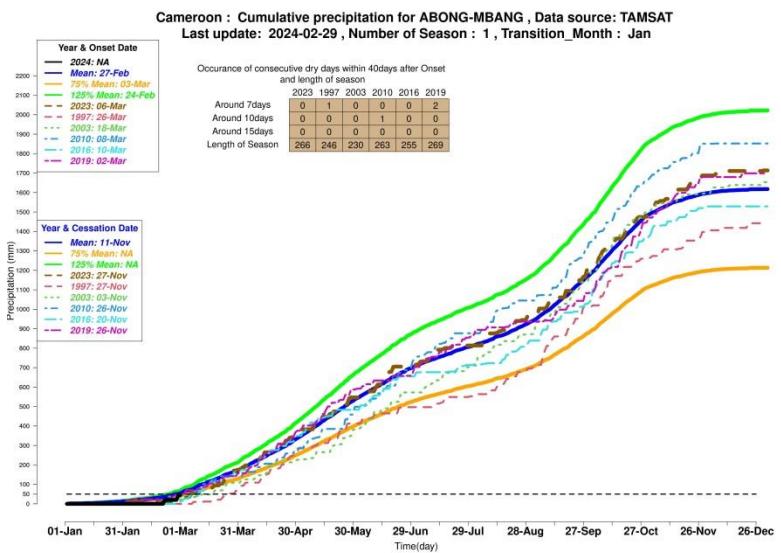


GuineaE : Cumulative precipitation for BATA-RIO-MUNI , Data source: TAMSAT
Last update: 2024-02-29 , Number of Season : 2 , Transition_Month : Feb



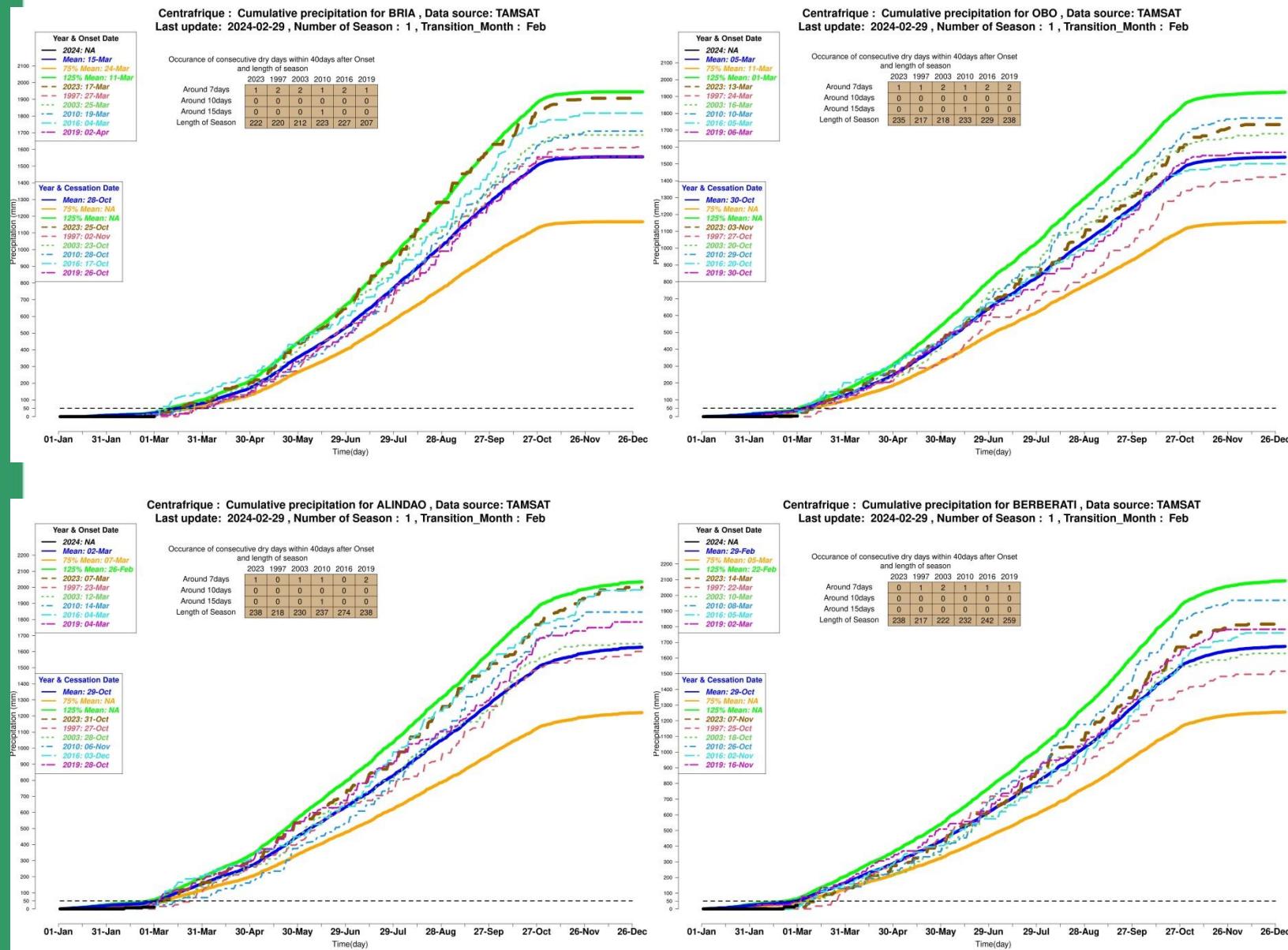


CAMEROON



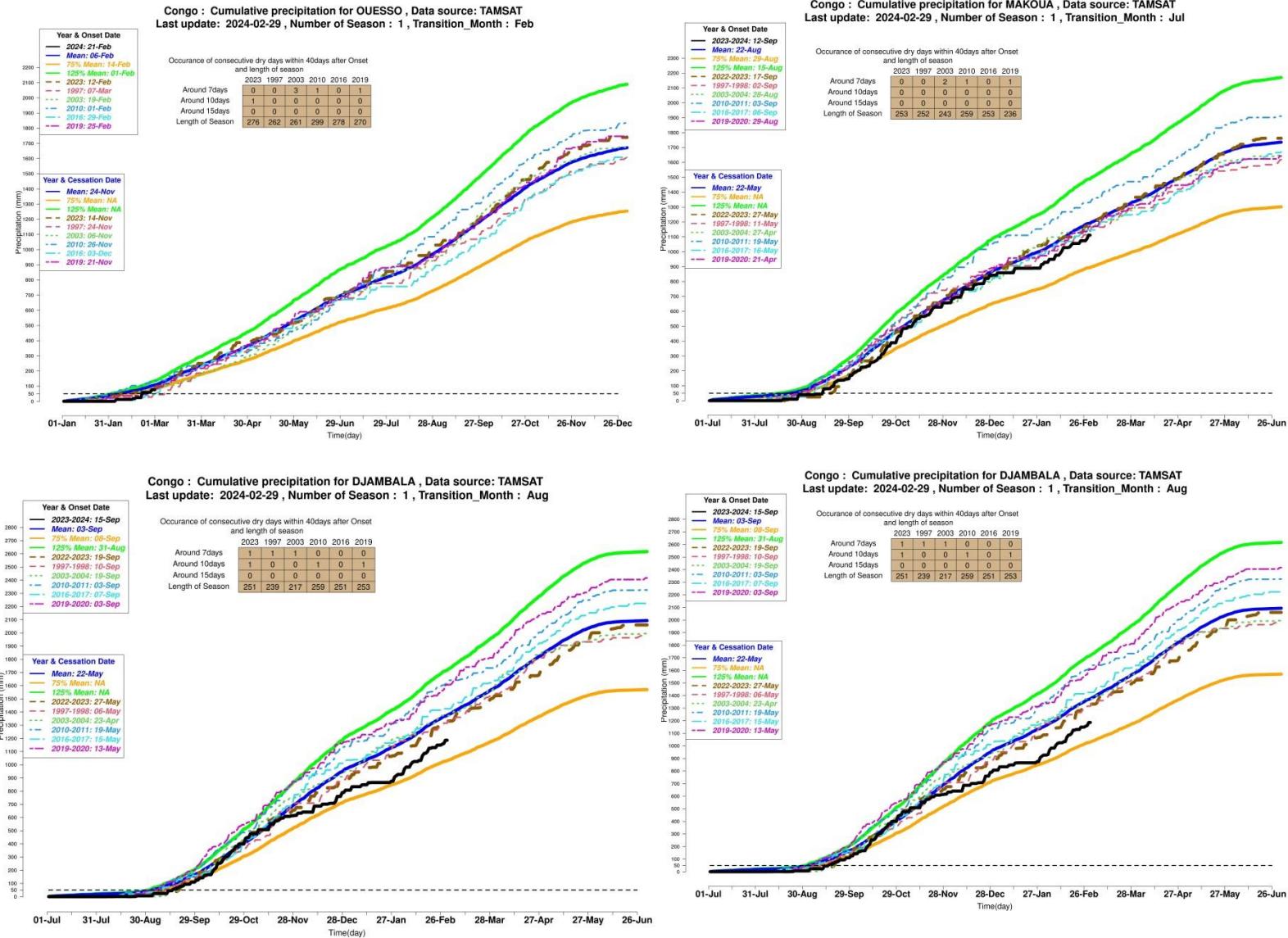


CAR



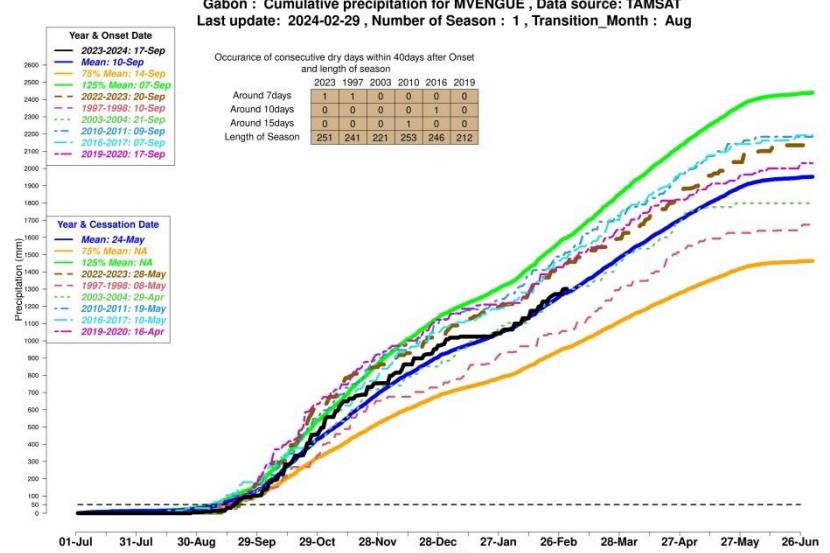
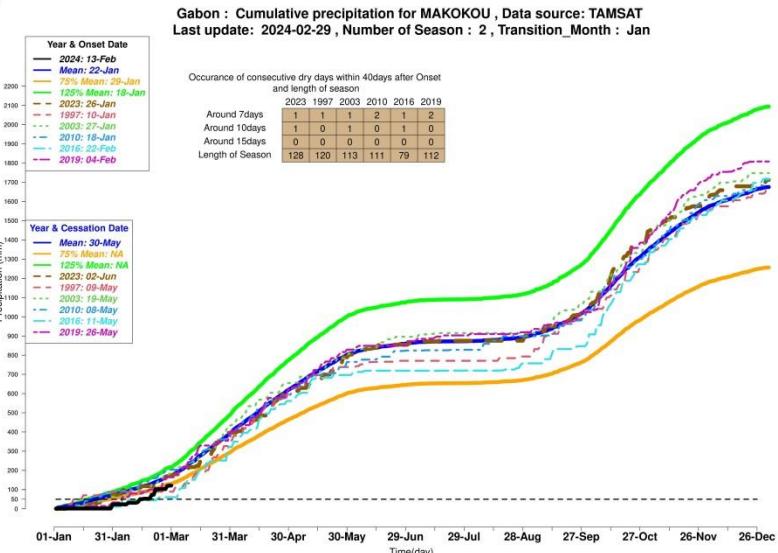
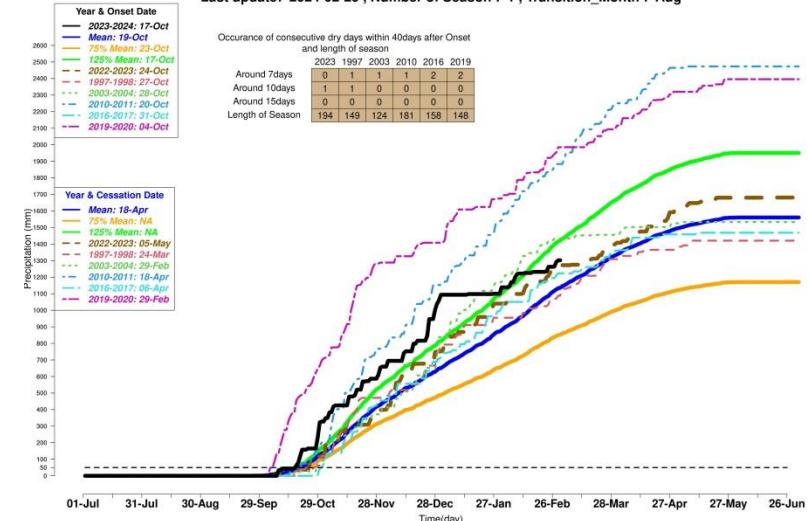
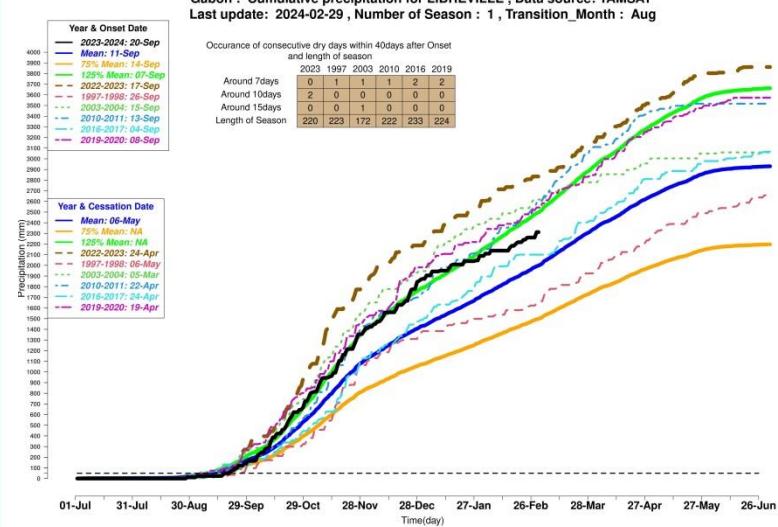


CONGO



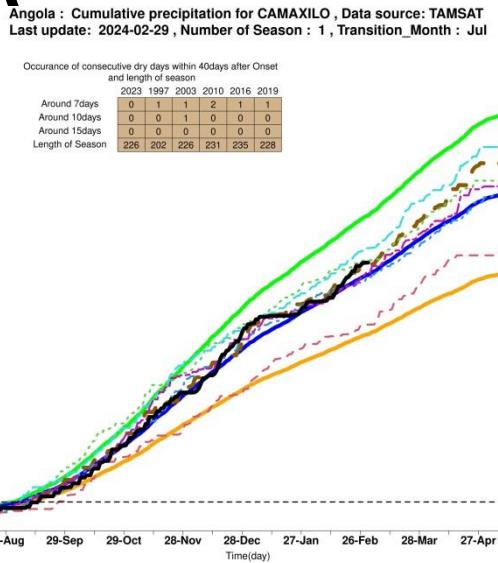
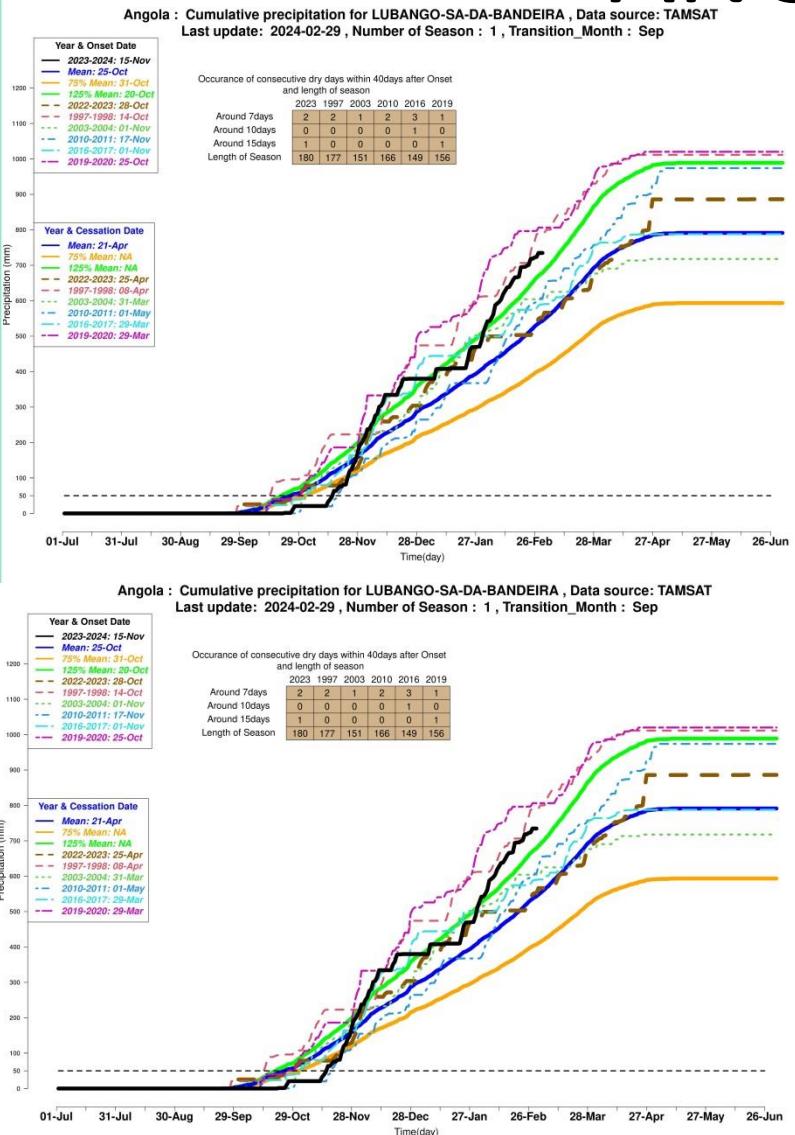


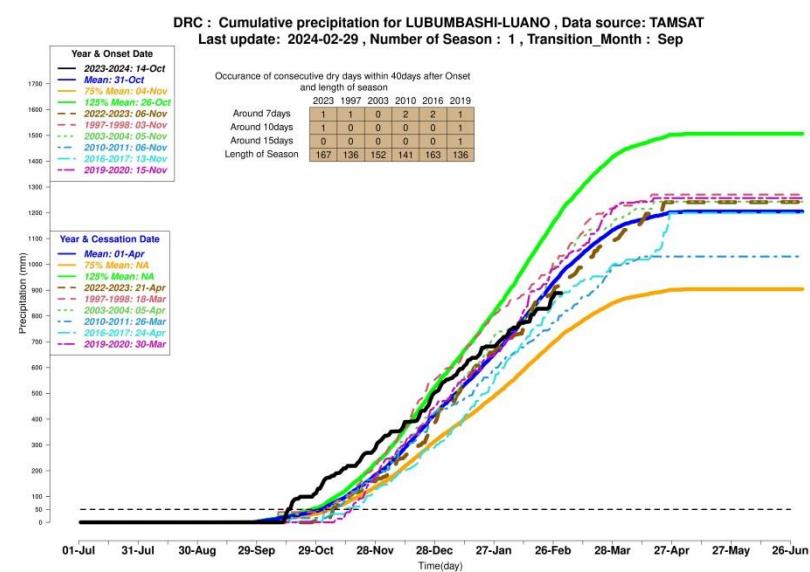
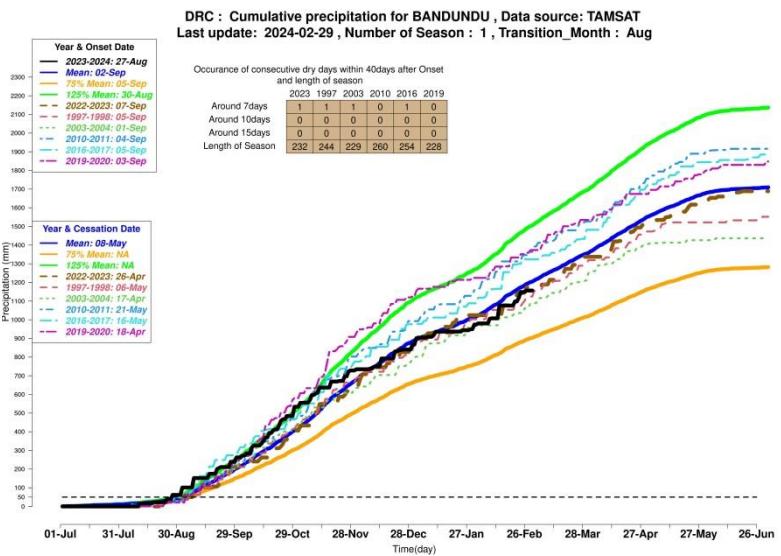
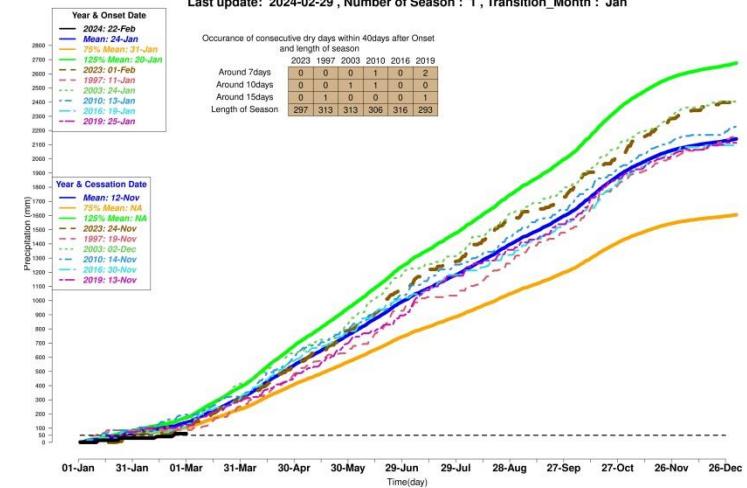
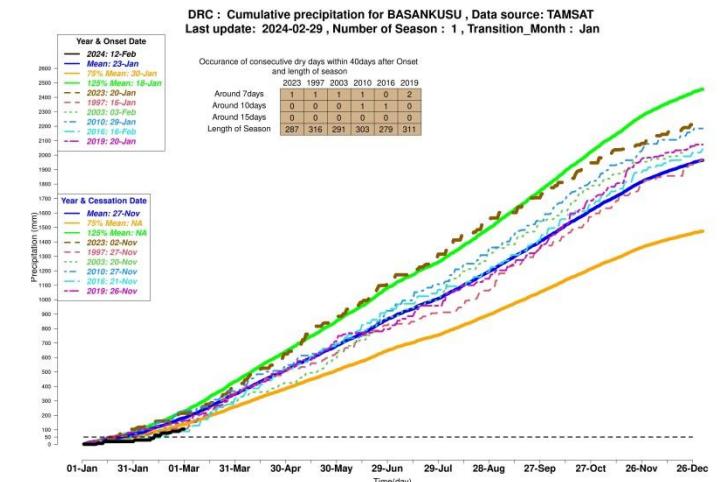
GABON



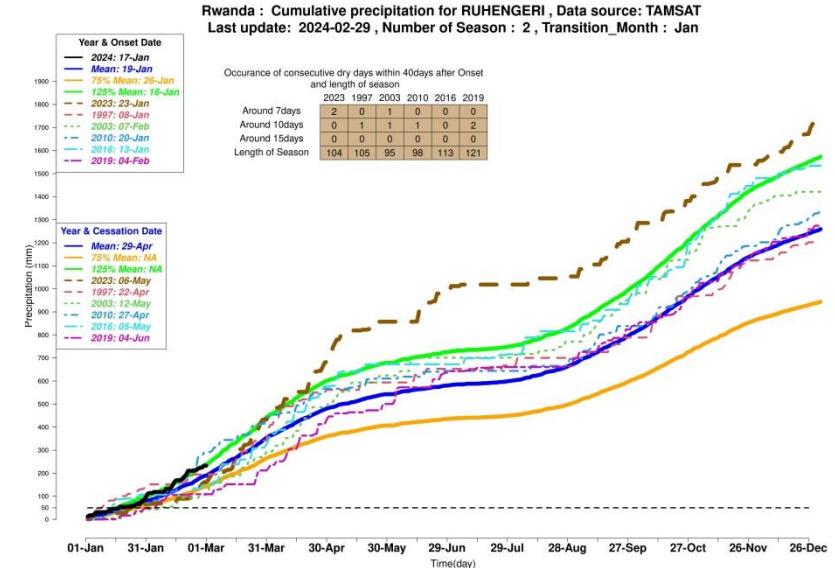
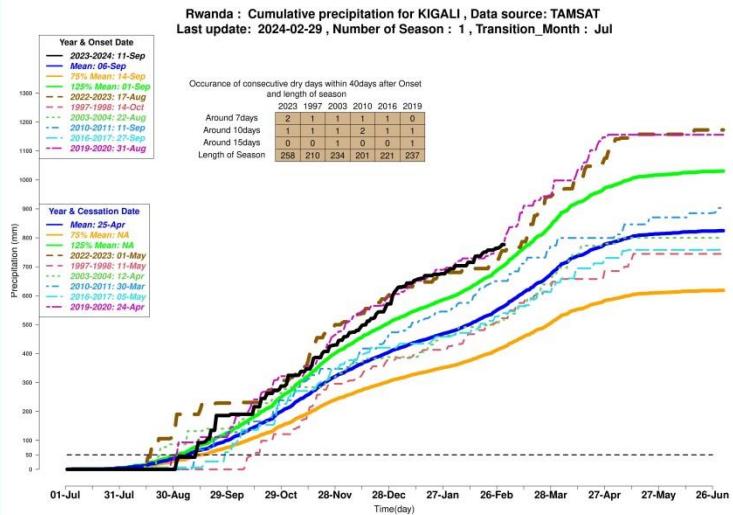


ANGOIA



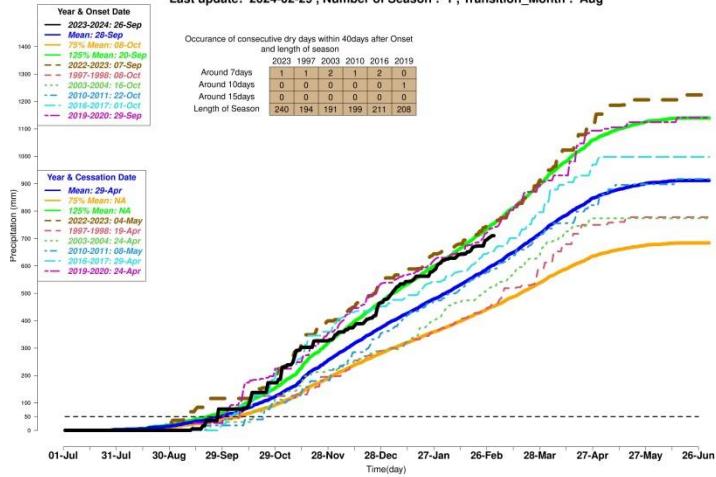


RWANDA

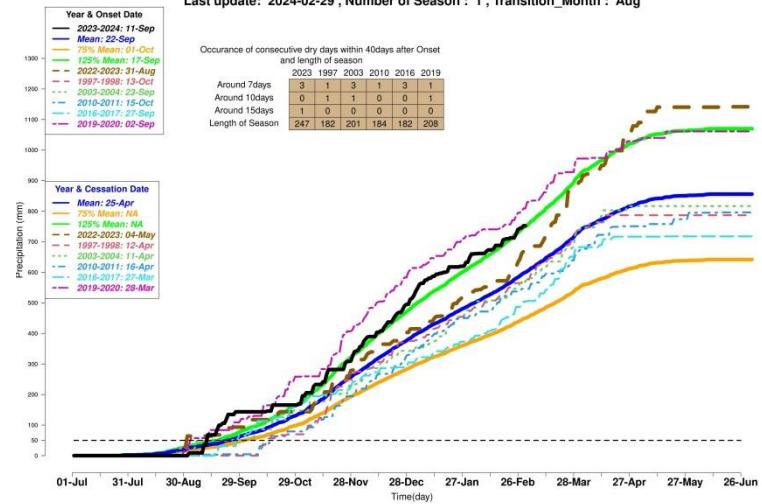


BURUNDI

Burundi : Cumulative precipitation for BUJUMBURA , Data source: TAMSAT
 Last update: 2024-02-29 , Number of Season : 1 , Transition_Month : Aug



Burundi : Cumulative precipitation for MUYINGA , Data source: TAMSAT
 Last update: 2024-02-29 , Number of Season : 1 , Transition_Month : Aug

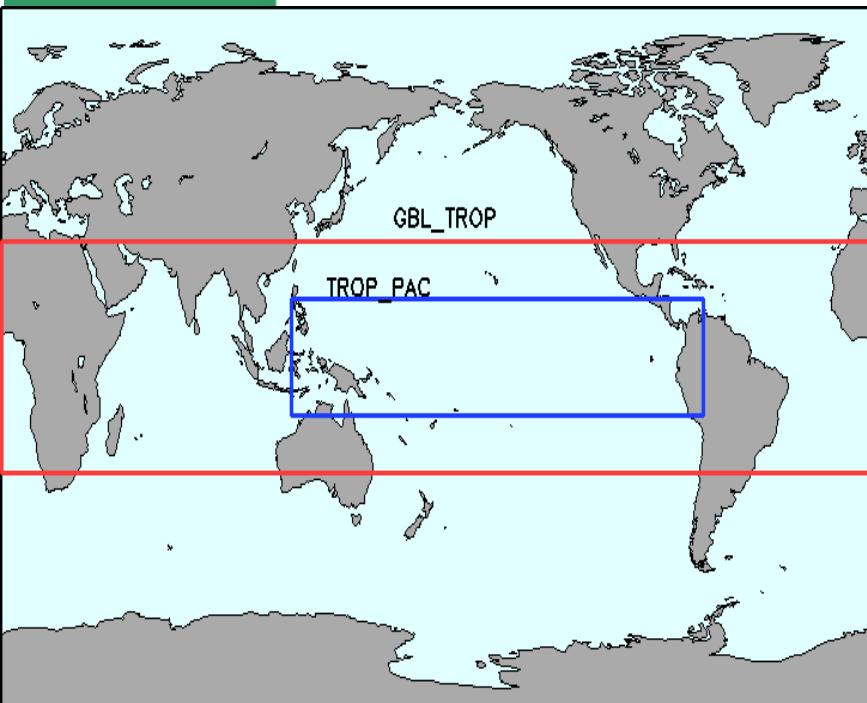


Step 5: Statistical Forecast

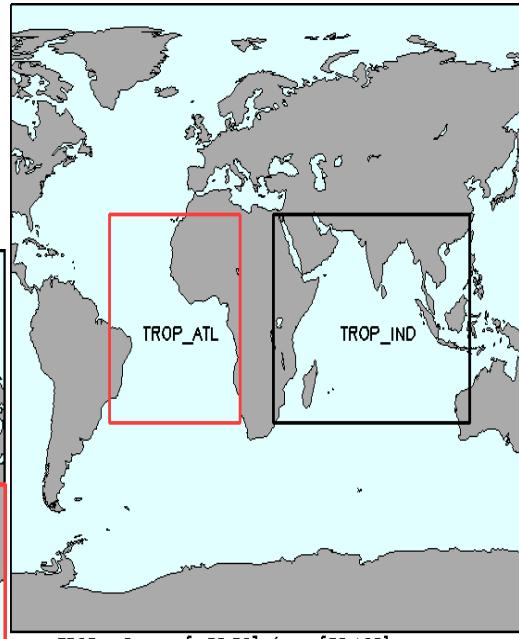
Canonical correlation analysis

DATA SOURCES FOR EXPERIMENTS

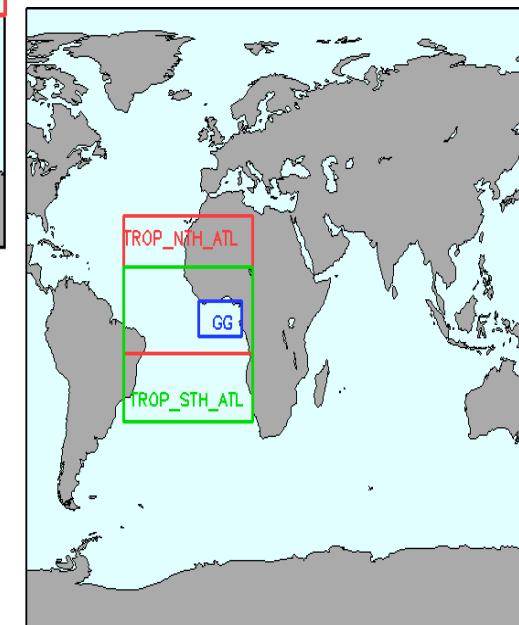
PREDICTAND	Gridded Observed Precipitations from CAMSOPI, TAMSAT
PREDICTOR	Observed Sea Surface Temperature from ERSSTv5
	Predicted Sea Surface Temperature from NMME (cfsv2, cmc1, cmc2, gfdl, ncar_ccsm4, nmme)
	Predicted Rainfall from NMME (cfsv2, cmc1, cmc2, gfdl, nasa, ncar_ccsm4, nmme)



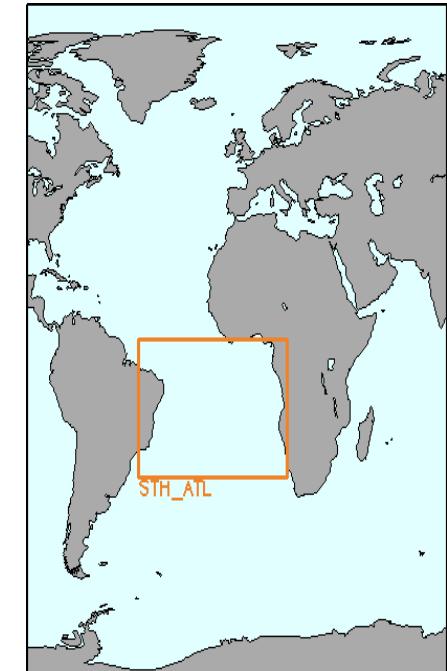
— GBL_TROP : lat [-30;30] / lon [0;360]
 — TROP_PAC : lat [-15;15] / lon [120;-70]



— TROP_IND : lat [-30;30] / lon [30;120]
 — TROP_ATL : lat [-30;30] / lon [-45;15]



— TROP_NTH_ATL : lat [-10;30] / lon [-45;15]
 — TROP_STH_ATL : lat [-30;15] / lon [-45;15]
 — GG : lat [-5;5] / lon [-10;10]



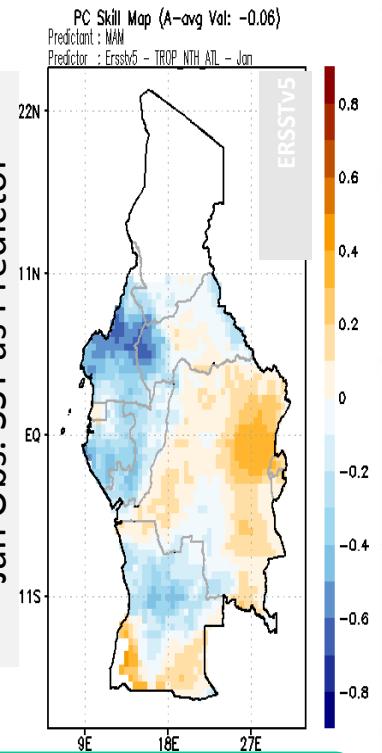
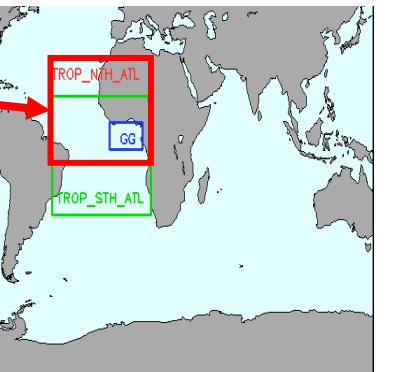
— STH_ATL : lat [-30;5] / lon [-45;15]



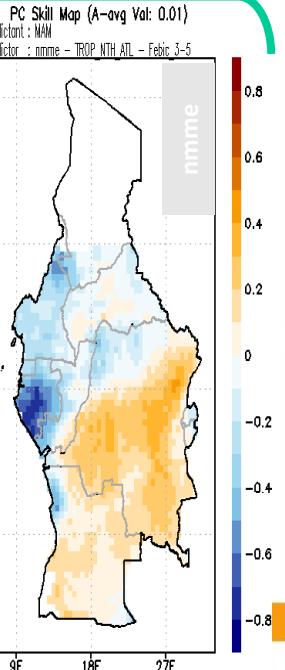
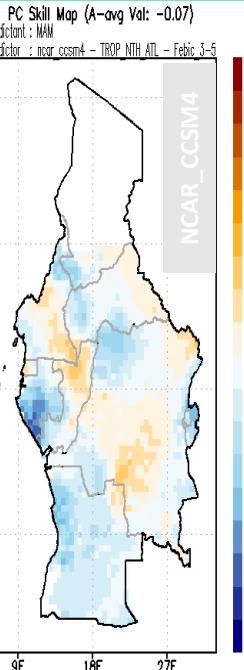
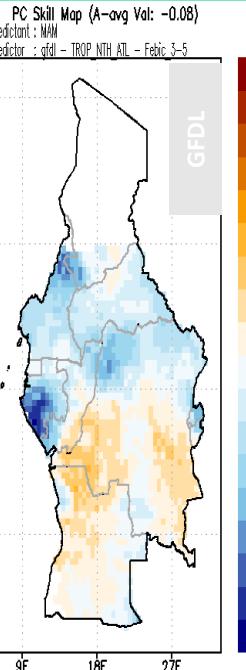
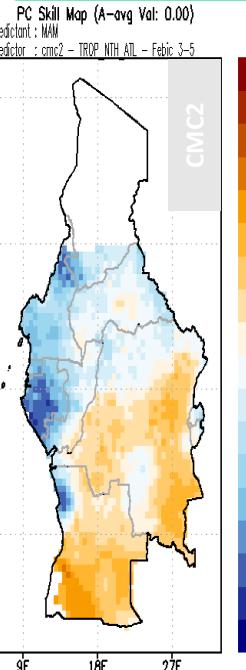
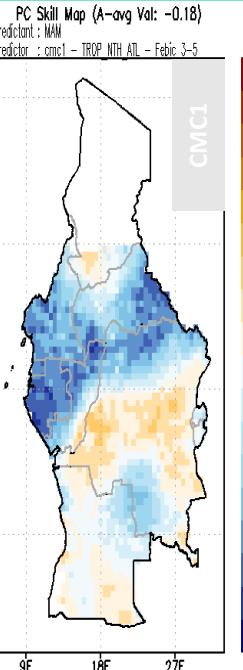
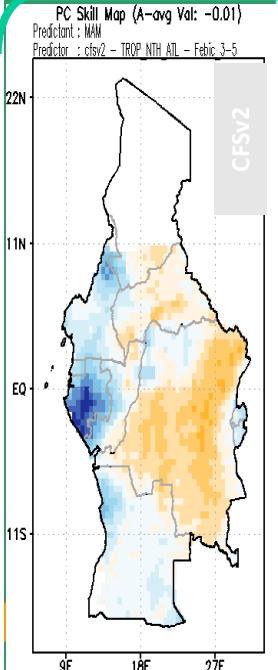
Predictor

SST over Tropical North Atlantic Ocean

Predictand: MAM Rainfall from CAMSOPI



MAM Frcst (FebIC) SST as Predictor

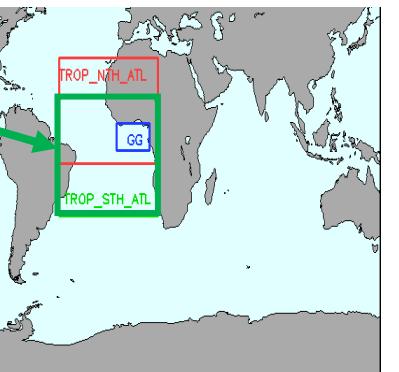




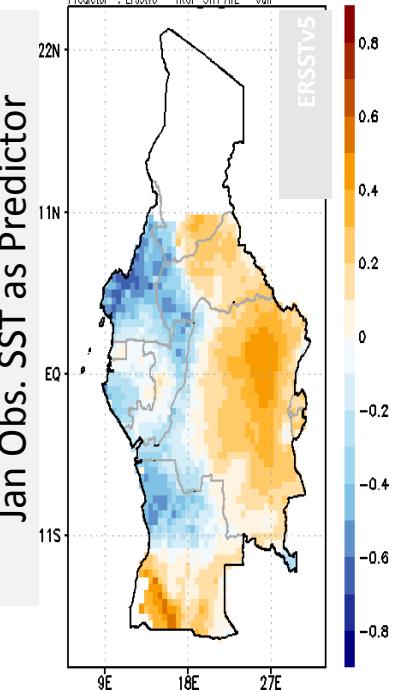
Predictor

SST over Tropical South Atlantic Ocean

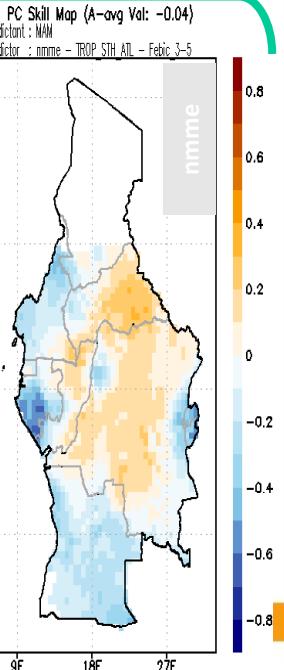
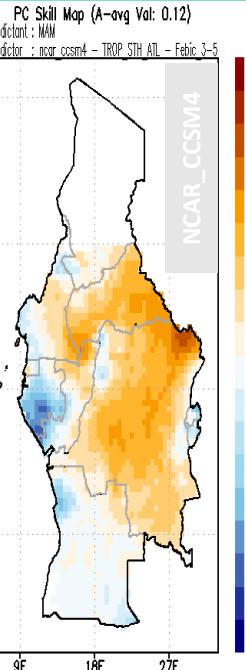
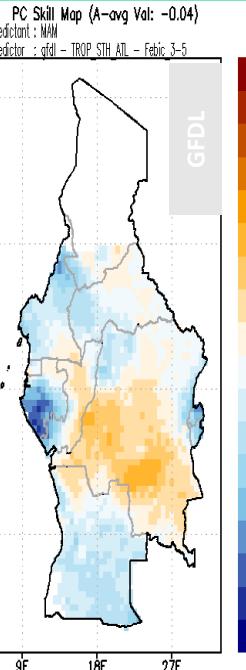
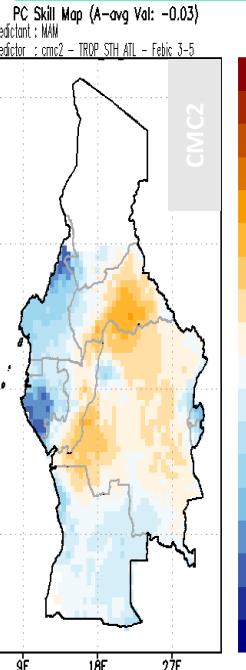
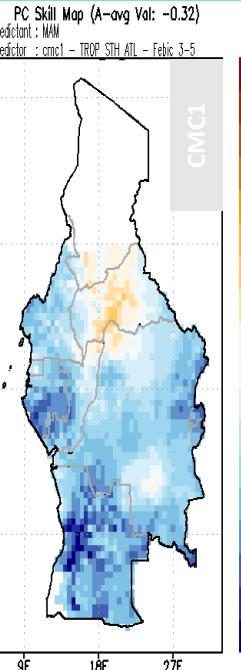
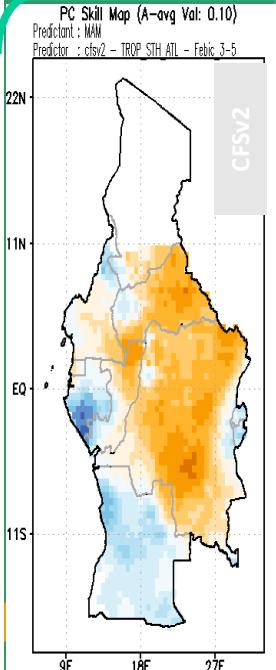
Predictand: MAM Rainfall from CAMSOPI



PC Skill Map (A-avg Val: 0.01)
Predictant : MAM
Predictor : Ershev5 - TROP_STH_ATL - Jan



MAM Frcst (FebIC) SST as Predictor

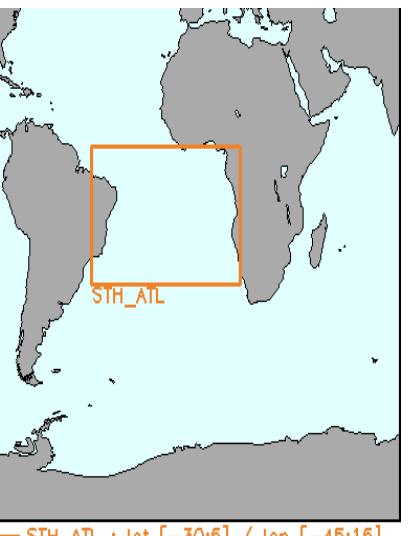




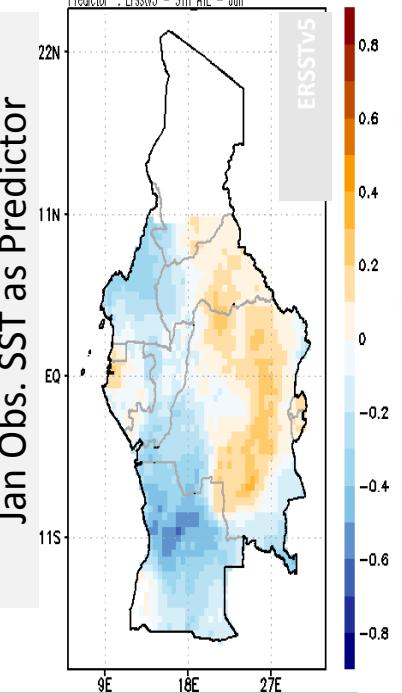
Predictor

SST over South Atlantic Ocean

Predictand: MAM Rainfall from
CAMSOP1

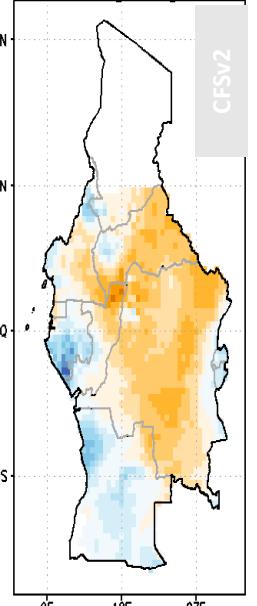


PC Skill Map (A-avg Val: -0.09)
Predictant : MAM
Predictor : Ersstv5 - STH ATL - Jan

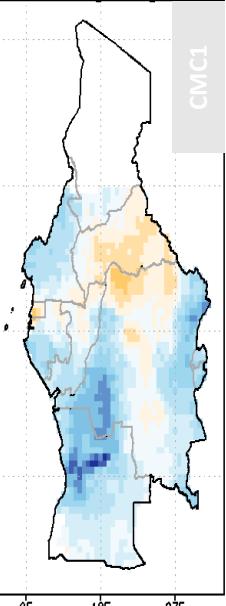


MAM Frcst (FebIC) SST as Predictor

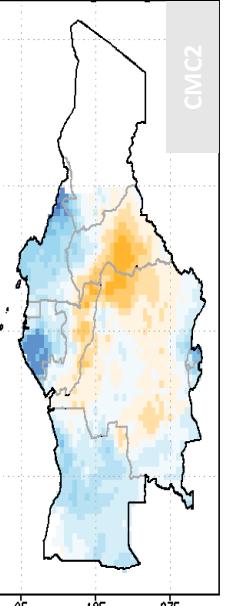
PC Skill Map (A-avg Val: 0.08)
Predictant : MAM
Predictor : cfsv2 - STH ATL - Febic_3-5



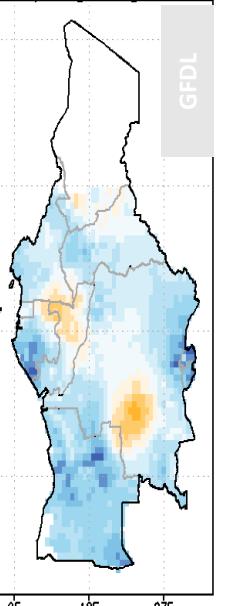
PC Skill Map (A-avg Val: -0.15)
Predictant : MAM
Predictor : cmc1 - STH ATL - Febic_3-5



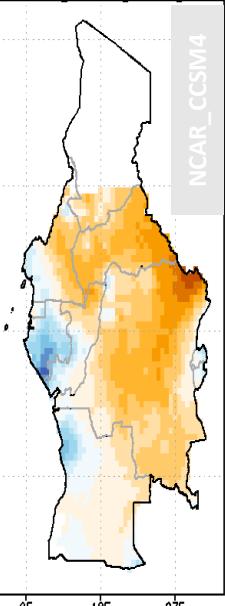
PC Skill Map (A-avg Val: -0.06)
Predictant : MAM
Predictor : cmc2 - STH ATL - Febic_3-5



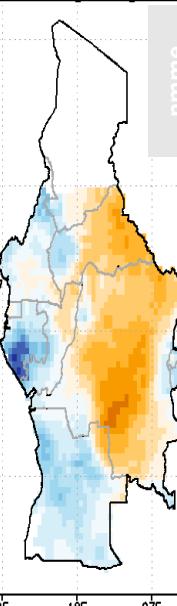
PC Skill Map (A-avg Val: -0.19)
Predictant : MAM
Predictor : gfdl - STH ATL - Febic_3-5



PC Skill Map (A-avg Val: 0.14)
Predictant : MAM
Predictor : ncarrccm4 - STH ATL - Febic_3-5



PC Skill Map (A-avg Val: 0.04)
Predictant : MAM
Predictor : nmme - STH ATL - Febic_3-5

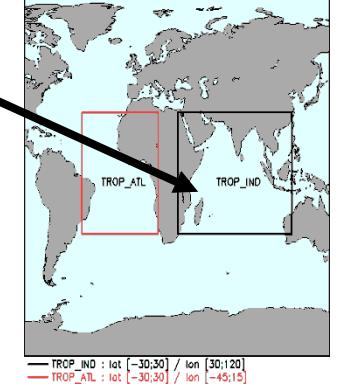




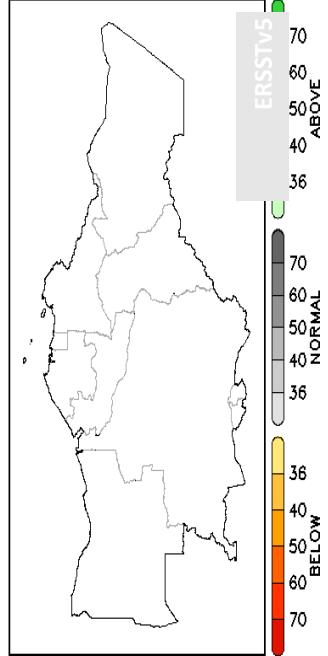
Predictor

SST over Tropical Indian Ocean

Predictand: MAM Rainfall from CAMSOPI

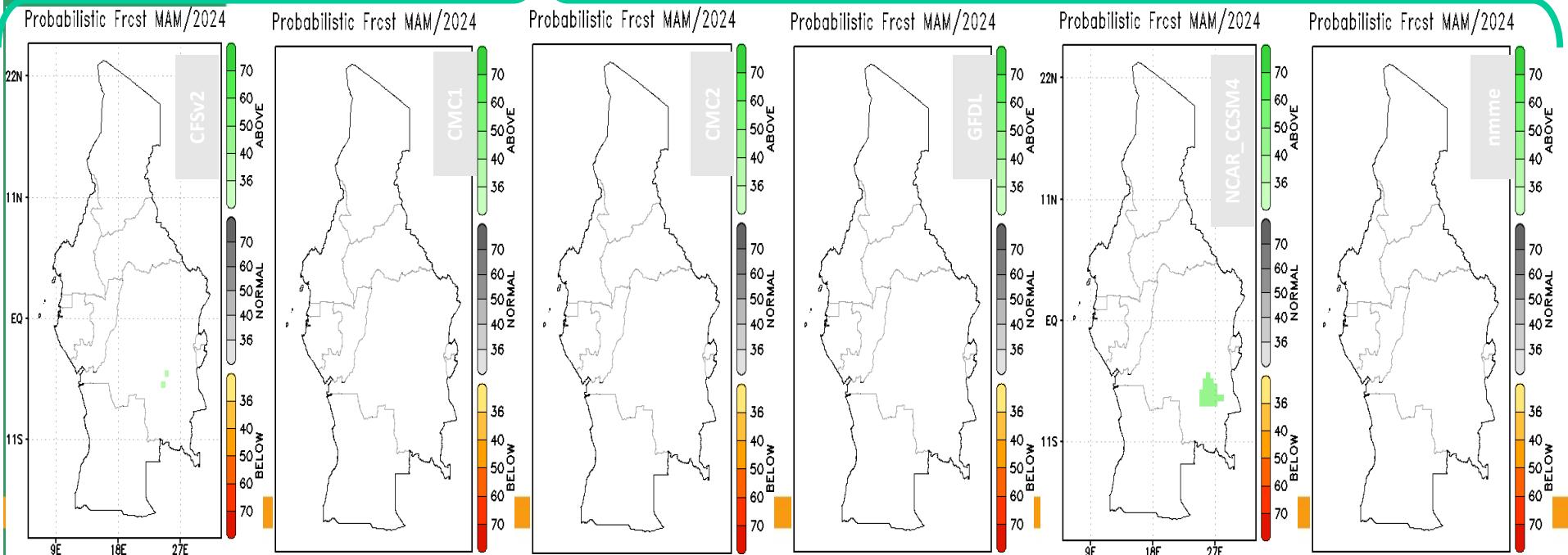


Probabilistic Frcst MAM/2024



Using a Skill Mask of
0.3

MAM Frcst (FebIC) SST as Predictor

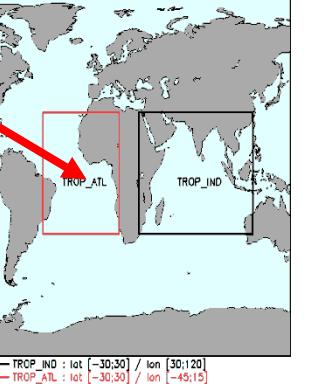




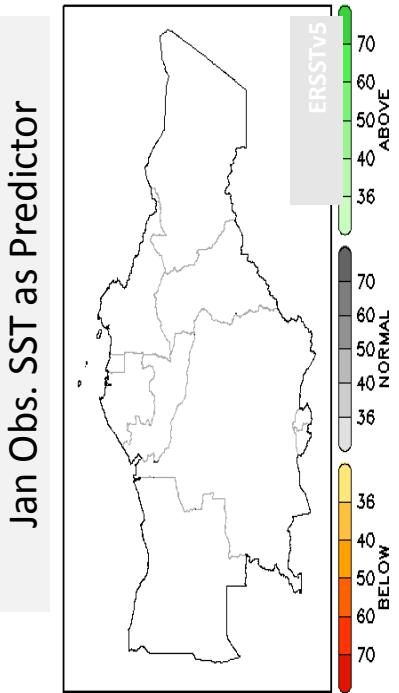
Predictor

SST over Tropical Atlantic Ocean

Predictand: MAM Rainfall from CAMSOPI

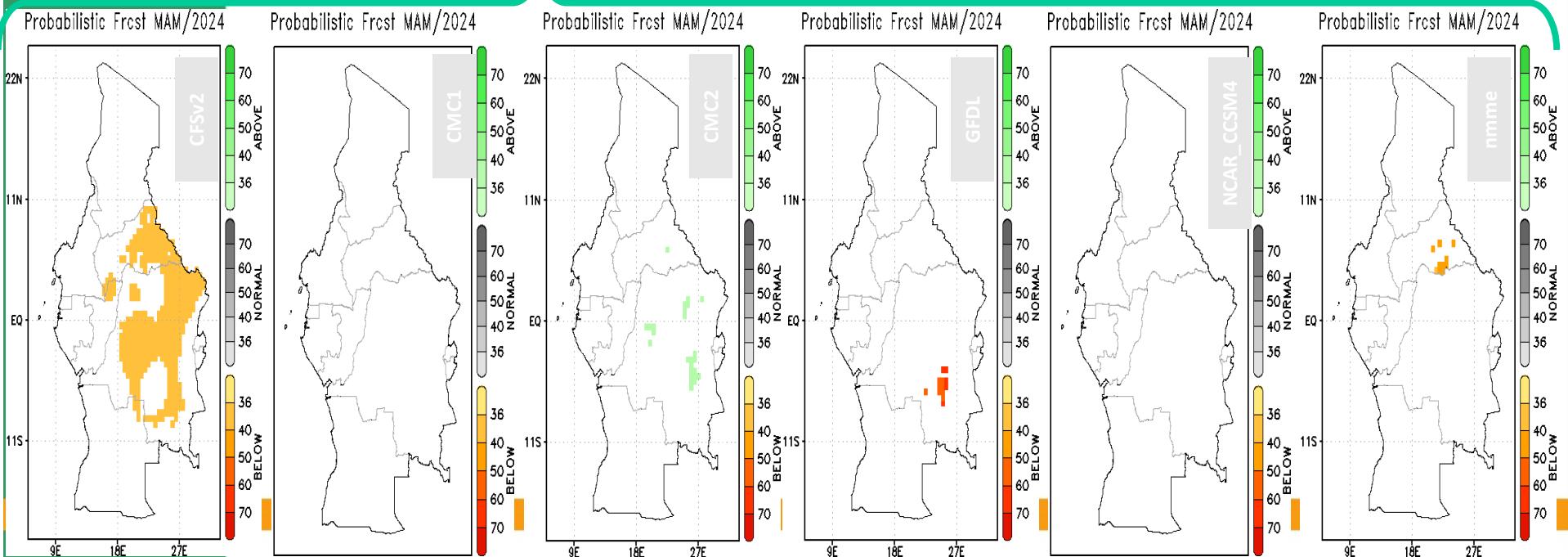


Probabilistic Frcst MAM/2024



Using a Skill Mask of
0.3

MAM Frcst (FebIC) SST as Predictor

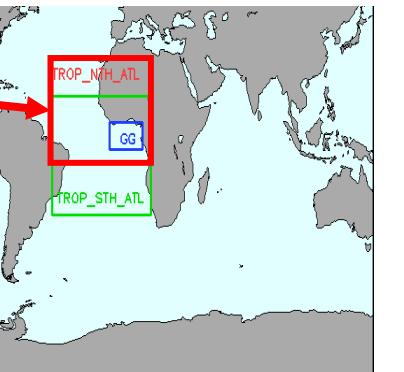




Predictor

SST over Tropical North Atlantic Ocean

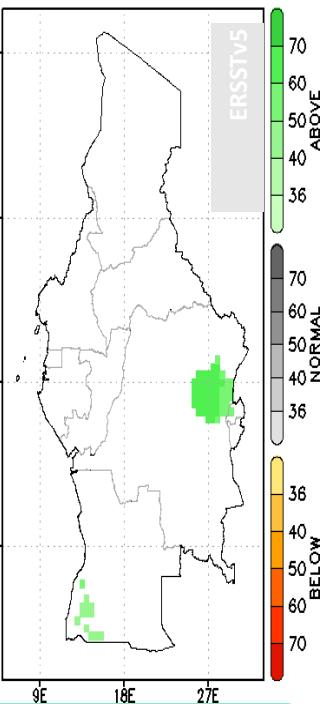
Predictand: MAM Rainfall from CAMSOPI



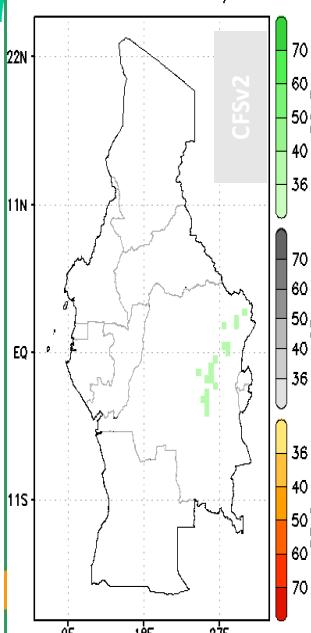
Using a Skill Mask of
0.3

MAM Frcst (FebIC) SST as Predictor

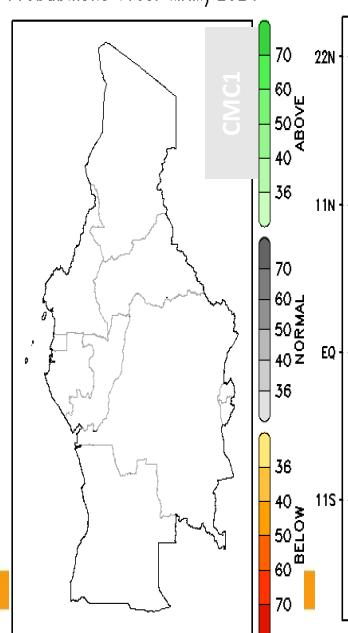
Probabilistic Frost MAM/2024



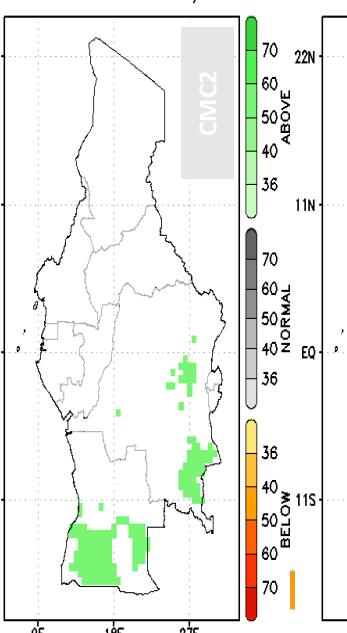
Probabilistic Frcst MAM/2024



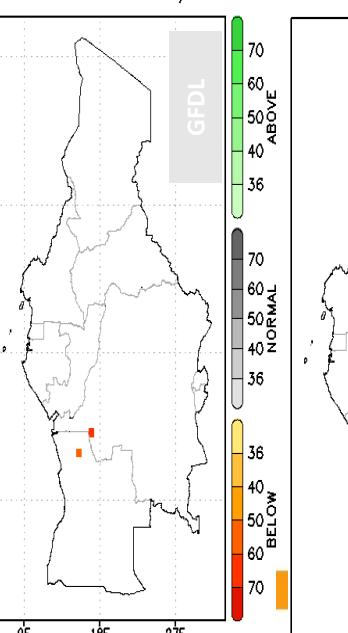
Probabilistic Frcst MAM/2024



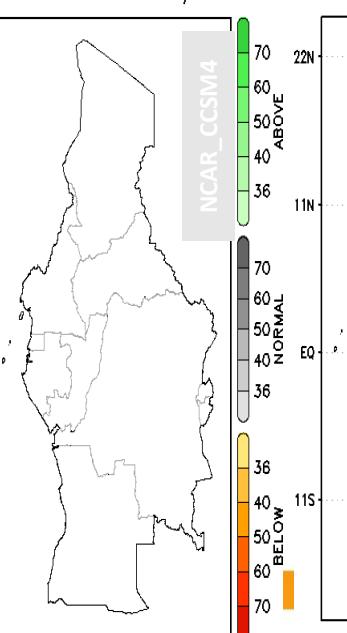
Probabilistic Frcst MAM/2024



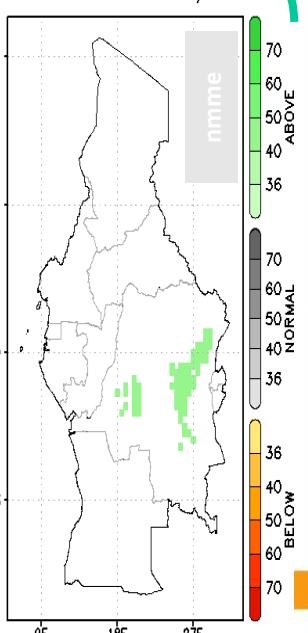
Probabilistic Frcst MAM/2024



Probabilistic Frcst MAM/2024



Probabilistic Frcst MAM/2024

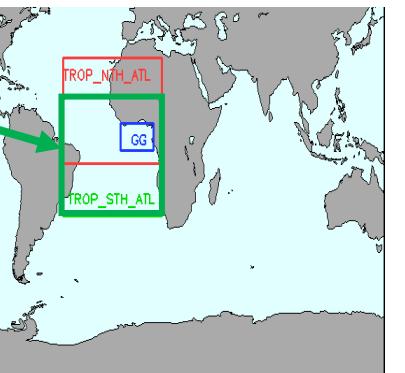




Predictor

SST over Tropical South Atlantic Ocean

Predictand: MAM Rainfall from CAMSOPI

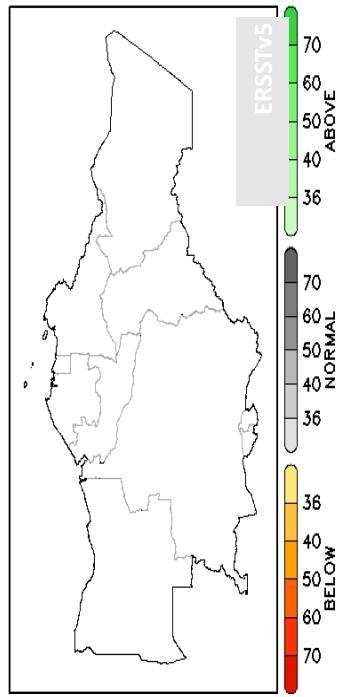


TROP_NTH_ATL : lat [-10;30] / lon [-45;15]
TROP_STH_ATL : lat [-30;15] / lon [-45;15]
GG : lat [-5;5] / lon [-10;10]

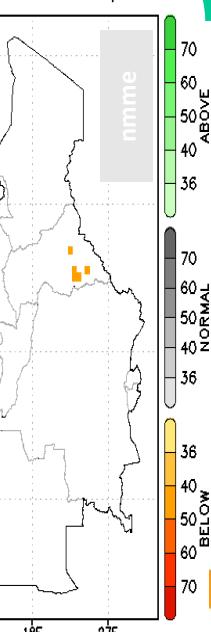
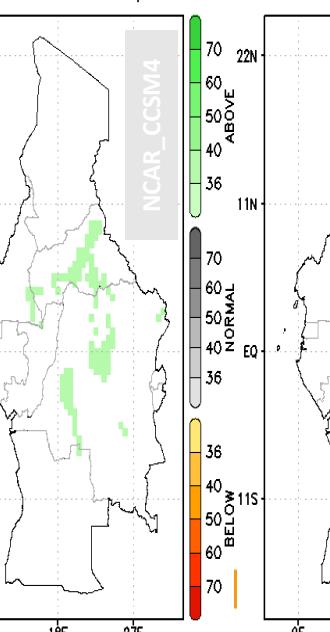
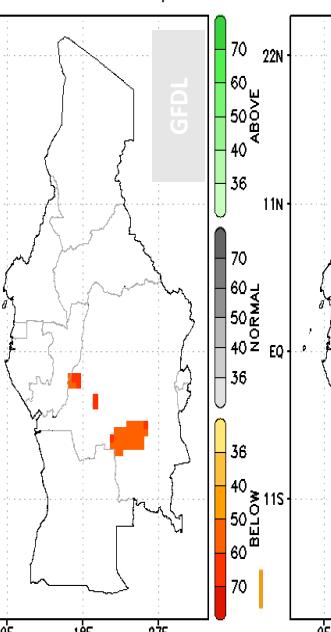
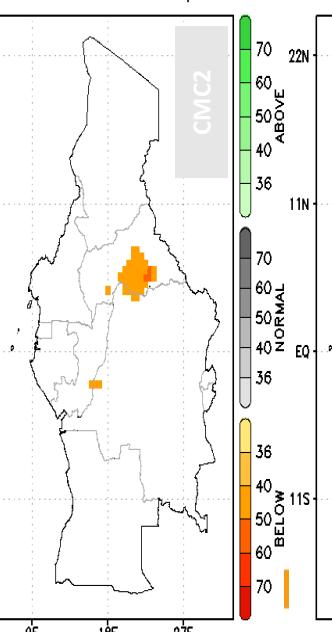
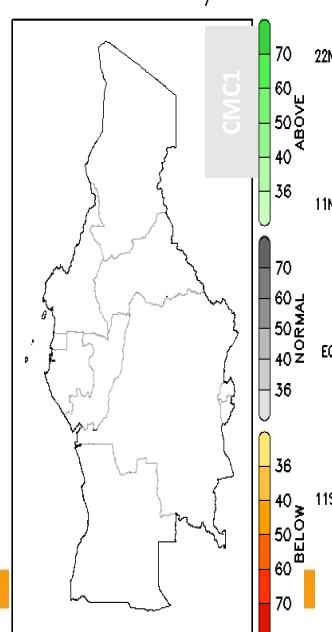
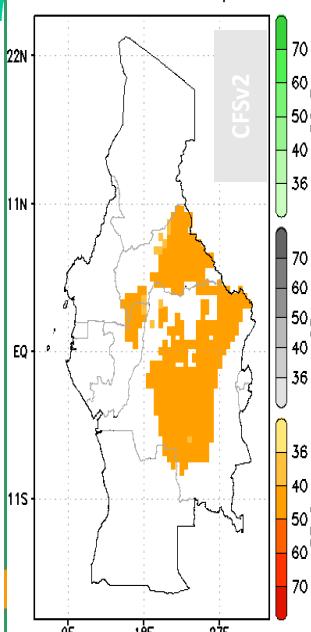
Using a Skill Mask of
0.3

MAM Frcst (FebIC) SST as Predictor

Probabilistic Frcst MAM/2024



Probabilistic Frcst MAM/2024

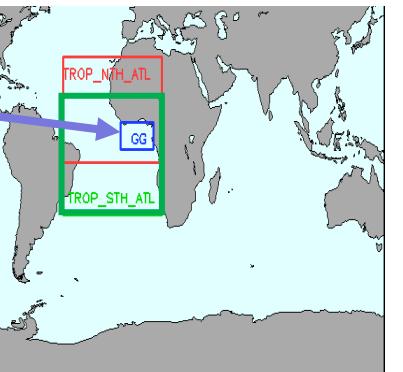




Predictor

SST over Gulf of Guinea Ocean

Predictand: MAM Rainfall from CAMSOPI

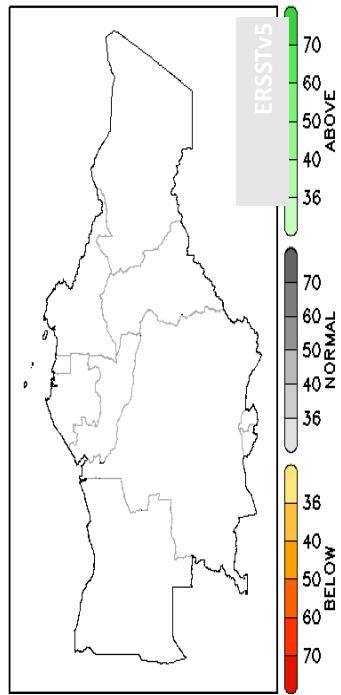


— TROP_NTH_ATL : lat [-10;30] / lon [-45;15]
— TROP_STH_ATL : lat [-30;15] / lon [-45;15]
— GG : lat [-5;5] / lon [-10;10]

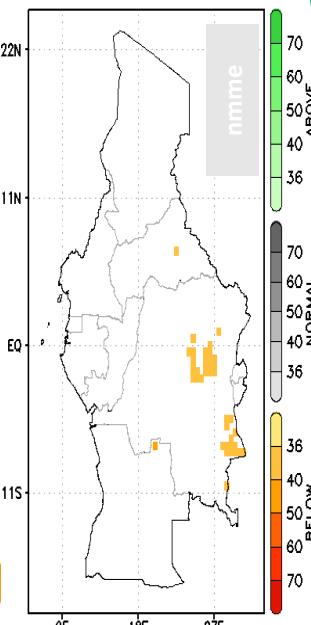
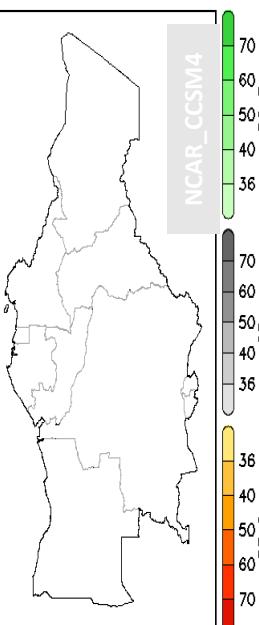
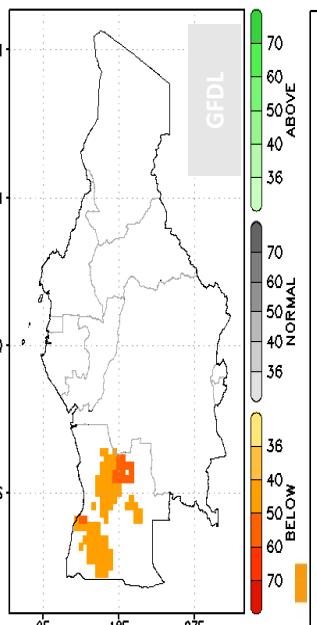
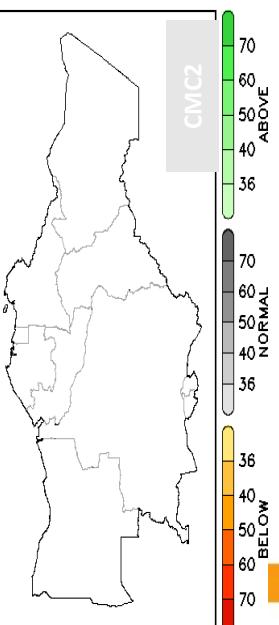
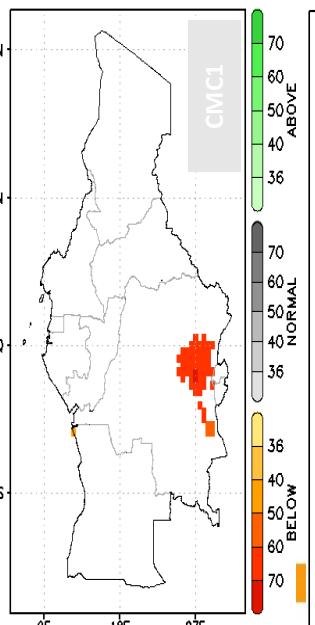
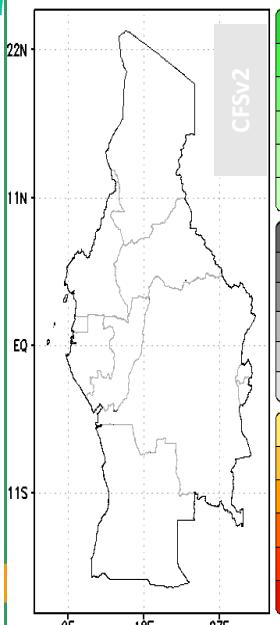
Using a Skill Mask of
0.3

MAM Frcst (FebIC) SST as Predictor

Probabilistic Frcst MAM/2024



Probabilistic Frcst MAM/2024

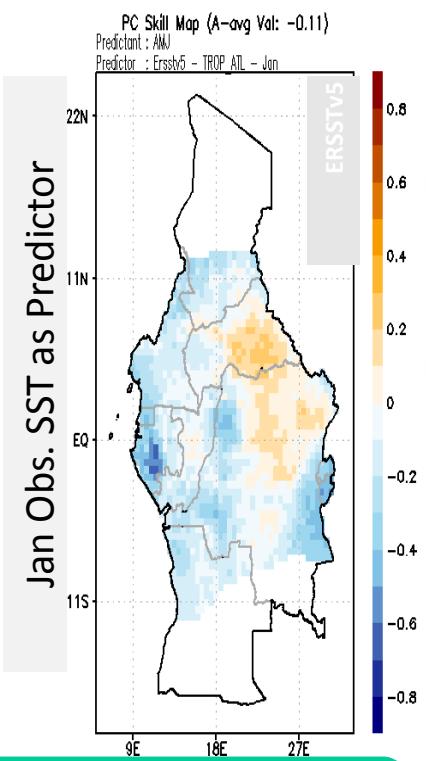
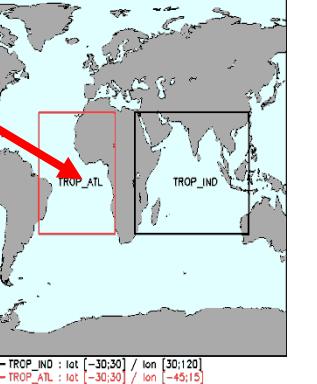




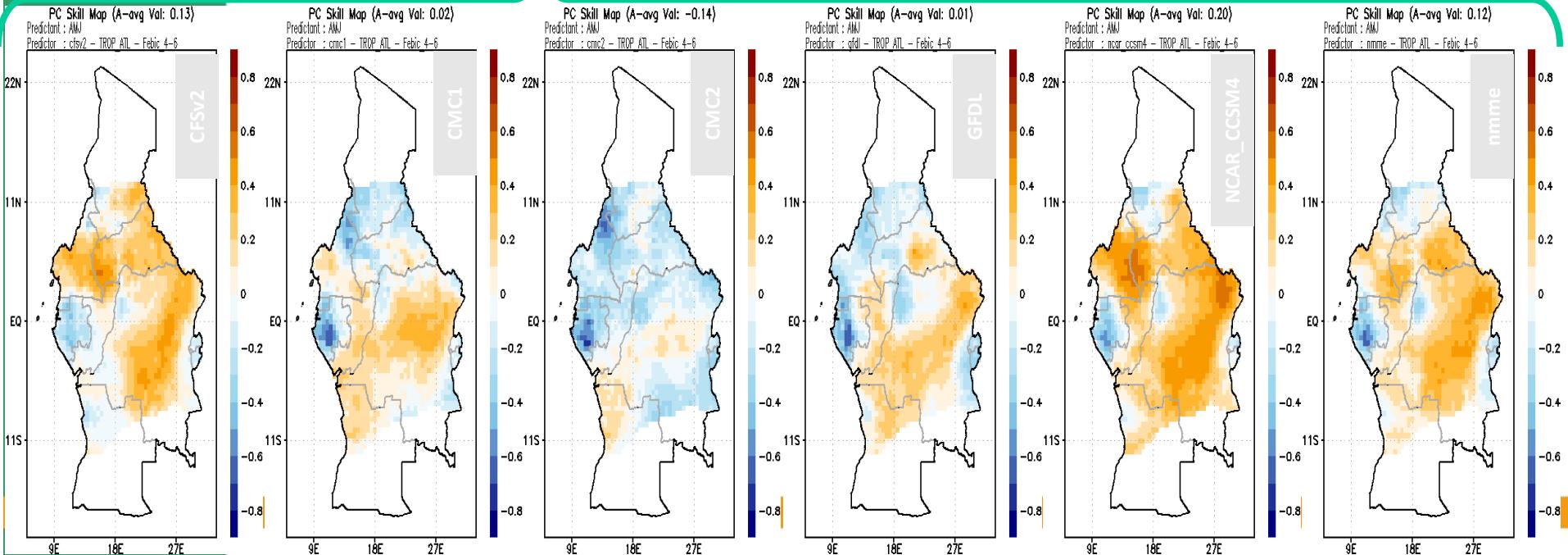
Predictor

SST over Tropical Atlantic Ocean

Predictand: AMJ Rainfall from CAMSOPI



AMJ Frcst (FebIC) SST as Predictor

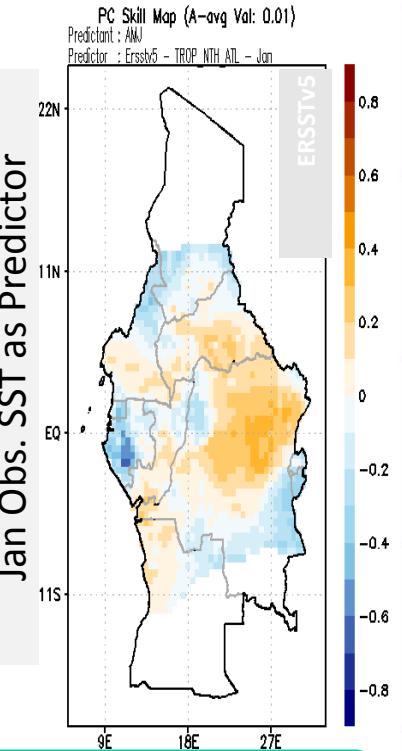
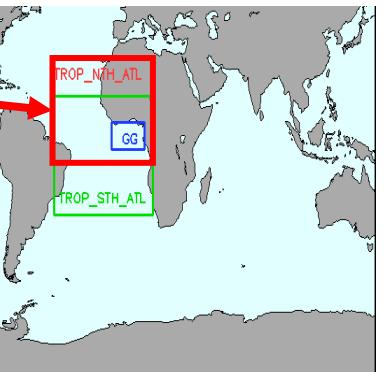




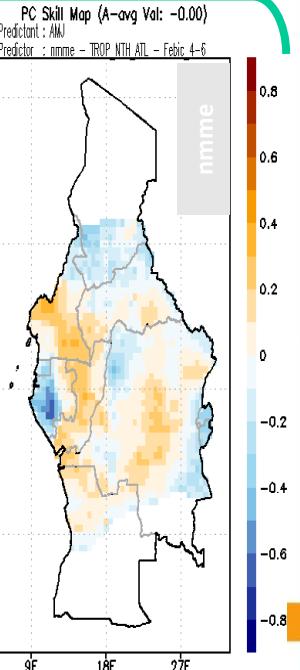
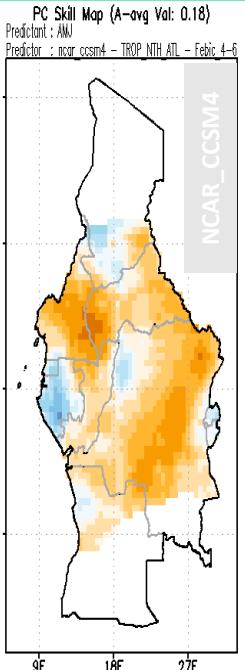
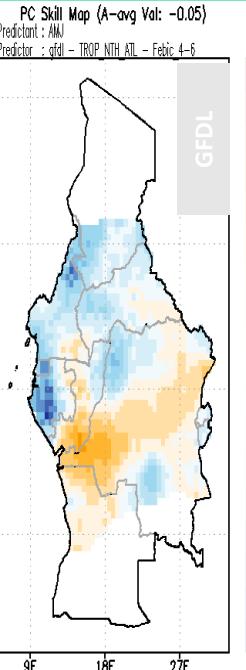
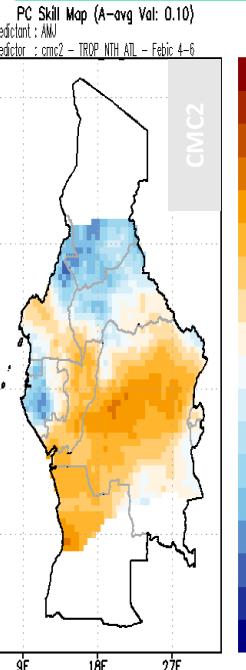
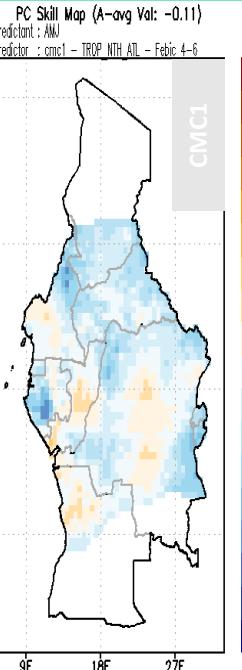
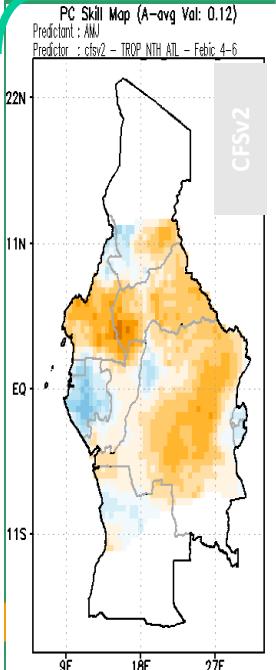
Predictor

SST over Tropical North Atlantic Ocean

Predictand: AMJ Rainfall from CAMSOPI



AMJ Frcst (FebIC) SST as Predictor

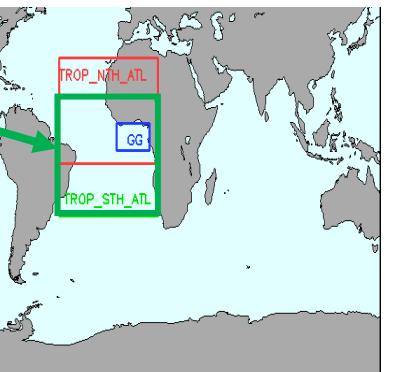




Predictor

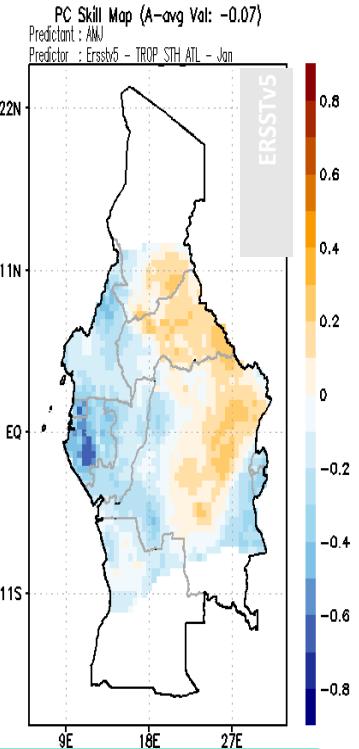
SST over Tropical South Atlantic Ocean

Predictand: AMJ Rainfall from CAMSOPI



TROP_NTH_ATL : lat [-10;30] / lon [-45;15]
TROP_STH_ATL : lat [-30;15] / lon [-45;15]
GG : lat [-5;5] / lon [-10;10]

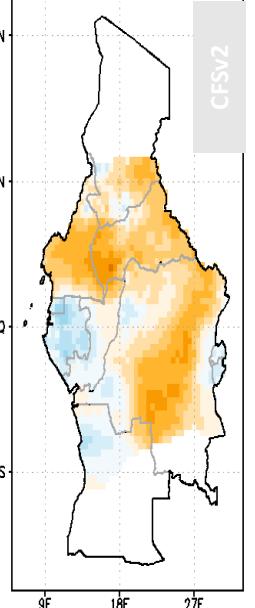
Jan Obs. SST as Predictor



AMJ Frcst (FebIC) SST as Predictor

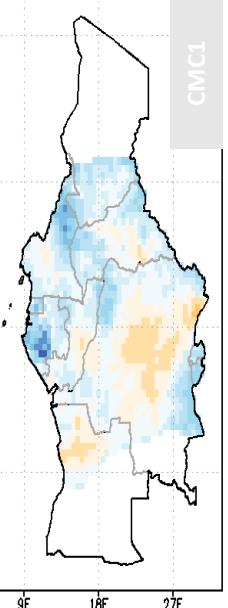
PC Skill Map (A-avg Val: 0.13)

Predictant : AMJ
Predictor : cfsv2 - TROP_STH_ATL - Febic 4-6



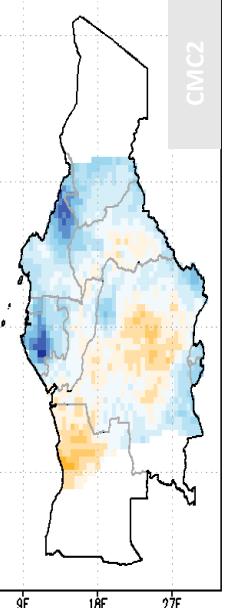
PC Skill Map (A-avg Val: -0.09)

Predictant : AMJ
Predictor : cmc1 - TROP_STH_ATL - Febic 4-6



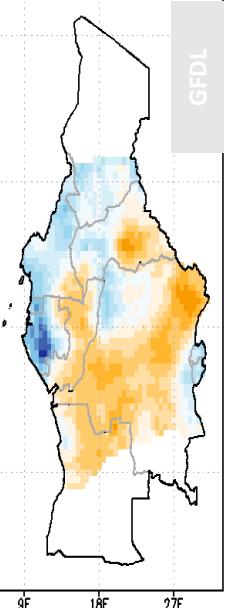
PC Skill Map (A-avg Val: -0.10)

Predictant : AMJ
Predictor : cmc2 - TROP_STH_ATL - Febic 4-6



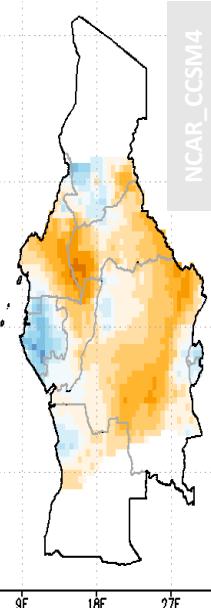
PC Skill Map (A-avg Val: 0.05)

Predictant : AMJ
Predictor : gfdl - TROP_STH_ATL - Febic 4-6



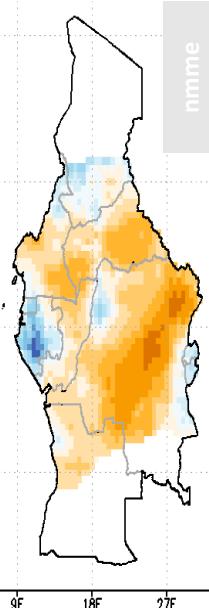
PC Skill Map (A-avg Val: 0.12)

Predictant : AMJ
Predictor : ncar_ccsm4 - TROP_STH_ATL - Febic 4-6



PC Skill Map (A-avg Val: 0.16)

Predictant : AMJ
Predictor : nmme - TROP_STH_ATL - Febic 4-6

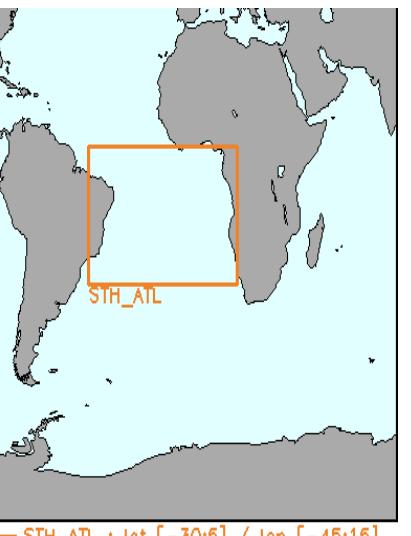




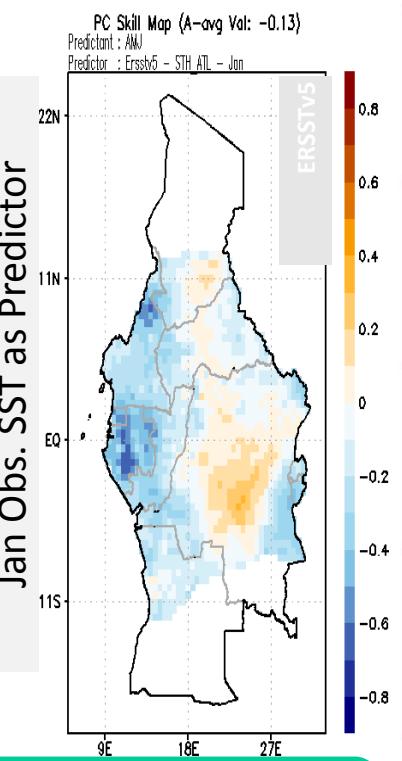
Predictor

SST over South Atlantic Ocean

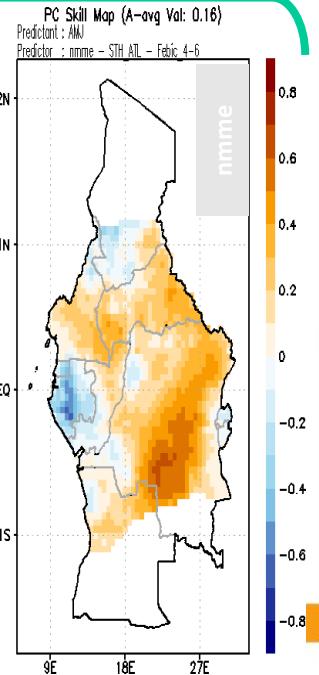
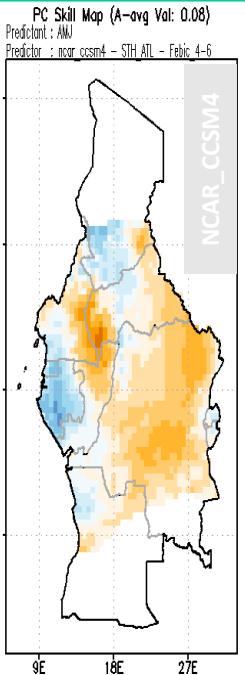
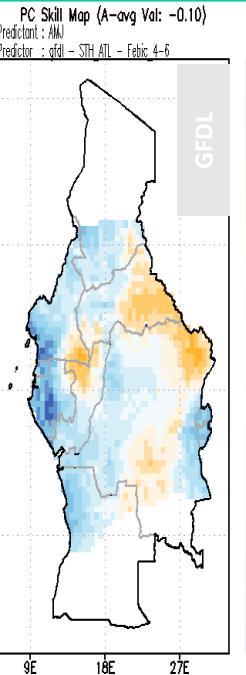
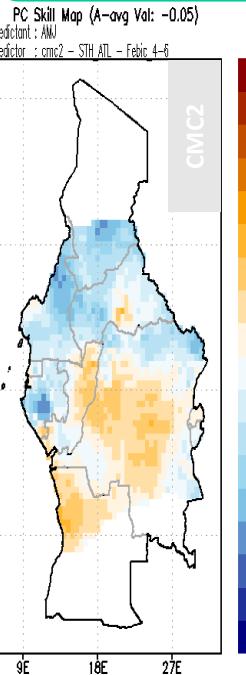
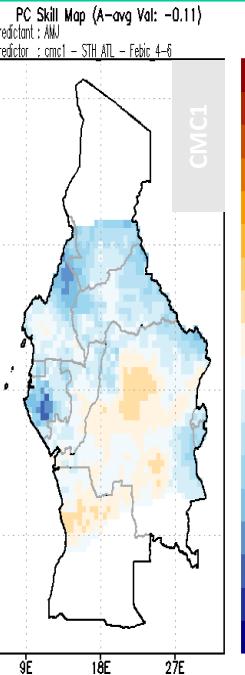
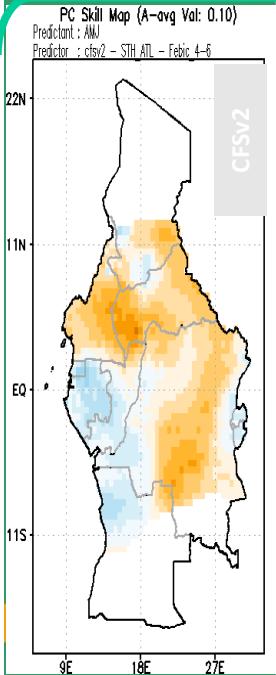
Predictand: AMJ Rainfall from
CAMSOP1



STH_ATL : lat [-30;5] / lon [-45;15]



AMJ Frcst (FebIC) SST as Predictor

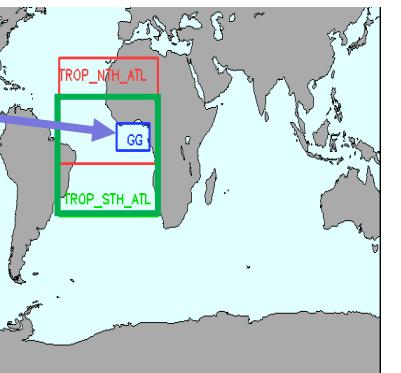




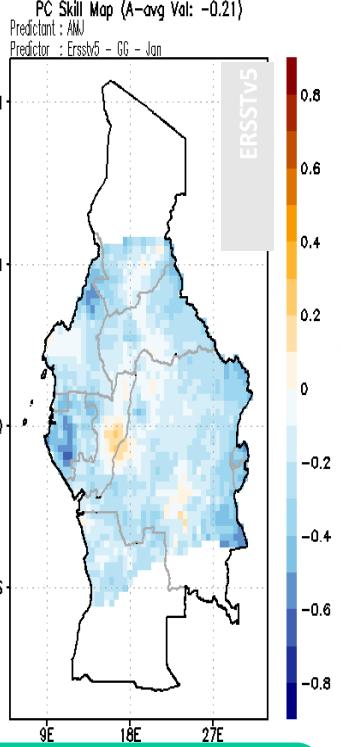
Predictor

SST over Gulf of Guinea Ocean

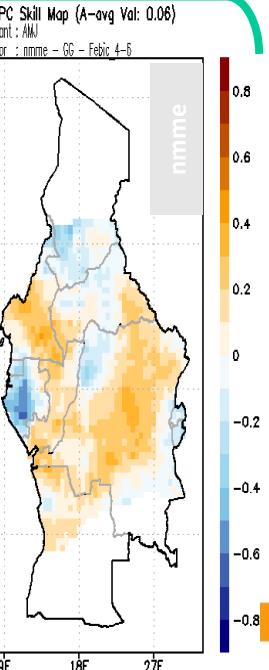
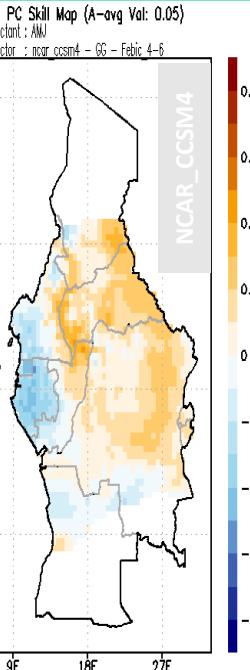
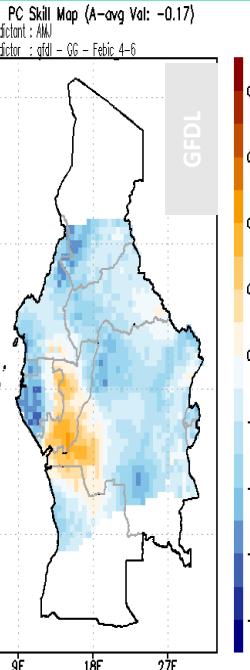
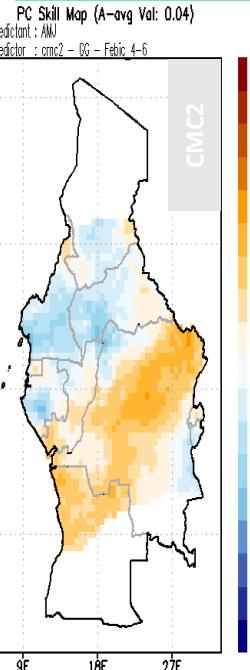
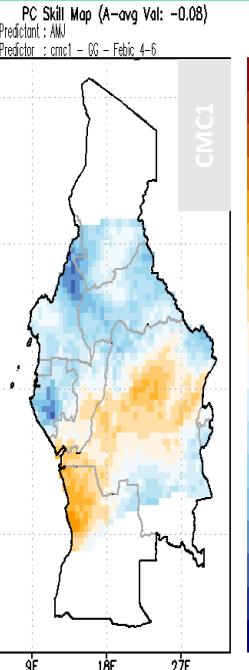
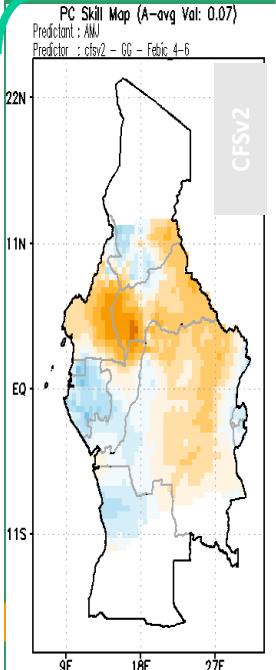
Predictand: AMJ Rainfall from CAMSOPI



Jan Obs. SST as Predictor



AMJ Frcst (FebIC) SST as Predictor

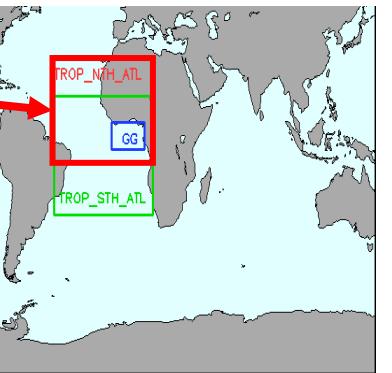




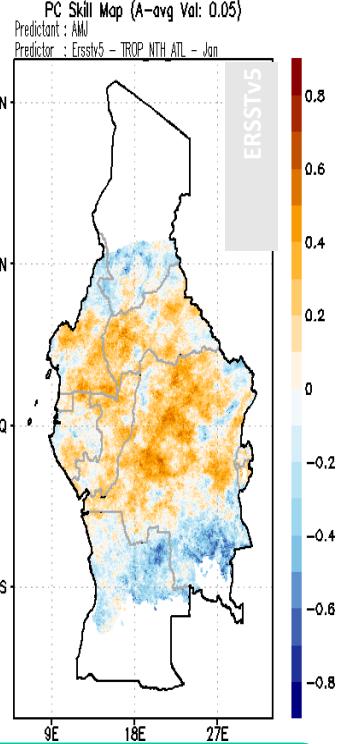
Predictor

SST over Tropical North Atlantic Ocean

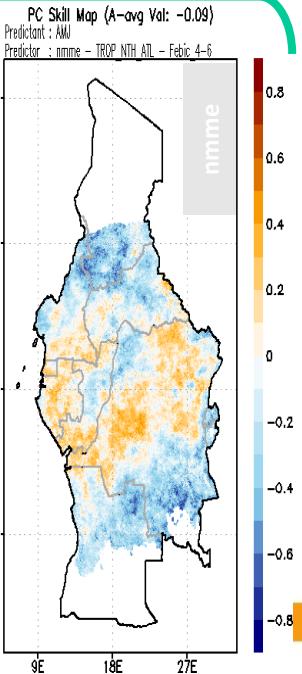
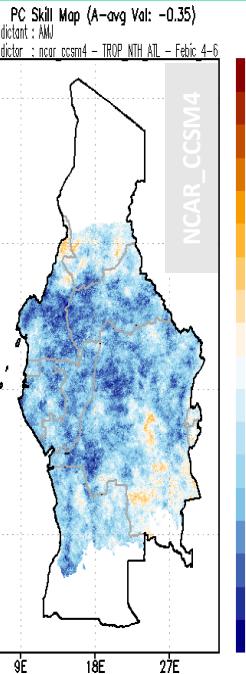
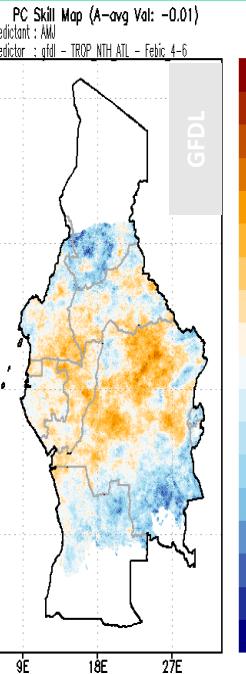
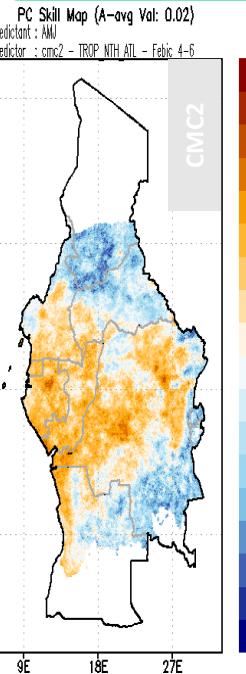
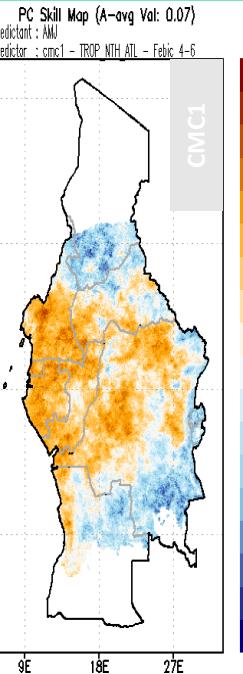
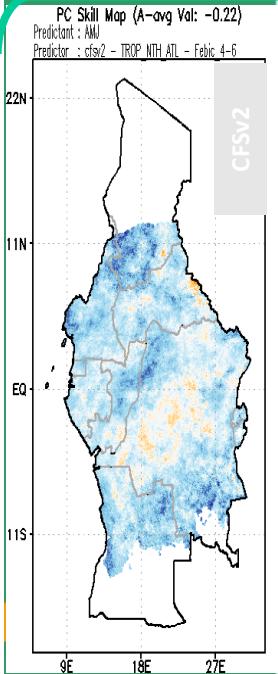
Predictand: AMJ Rainfall from TAMSAT



Jan Obs. SST as Predictor



AMJ Frcst (FebIC) SST as Predictor

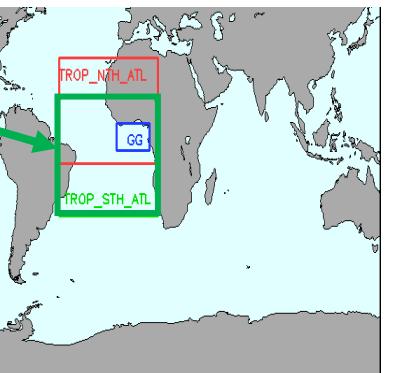




Predictor

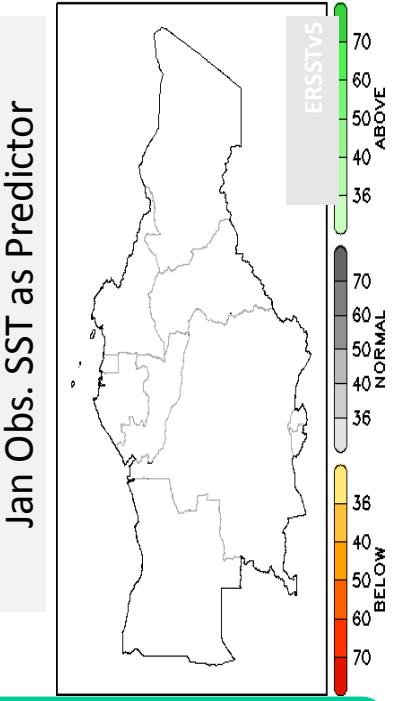
SST over Tropical South Atlantic Ocean

Predictand: AMJ Rainfall from CAMSOPI



TROP_NTH_ATL : lat [-10;30] / lon [-45;15]
TROP_STH_ATL : lat [-30;15] / lon [-45;15]
GG : lat [-5;5] / lon [-10;10]

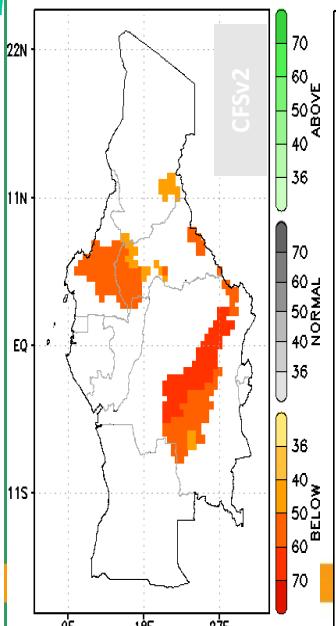
Probabilistic Frcst AMJ/2024



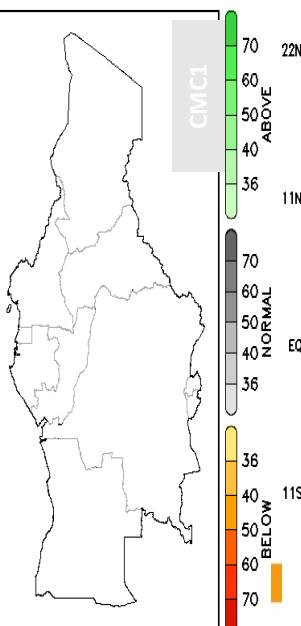
Using a Skill Mask of
0.3

AMJ Frcst (FebIC) SST as Predictor

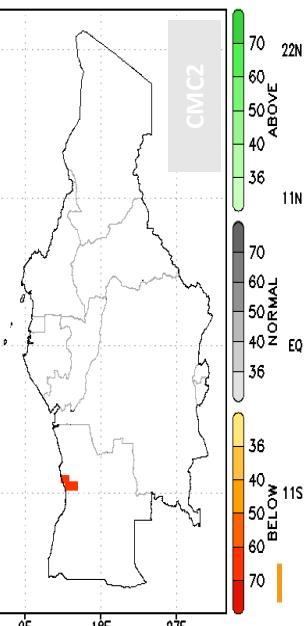
Probabilistic Frcst AMJ/2024



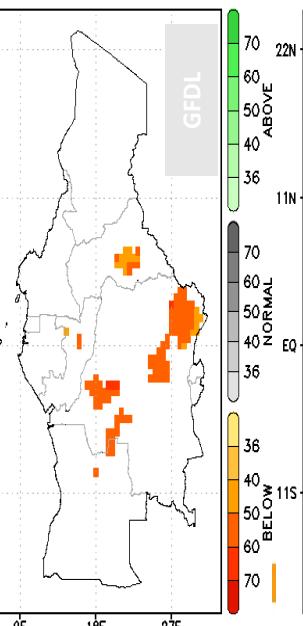
Probabilistic Frcst AMJ/2024



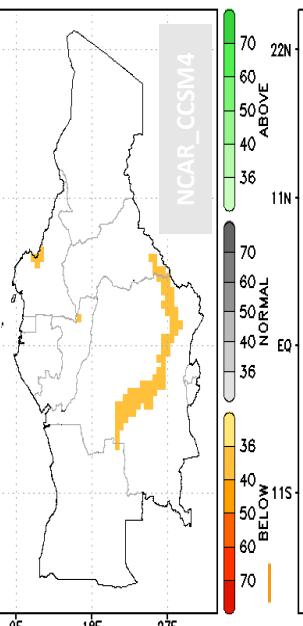
Probabilistic Frcst AMJ/2024



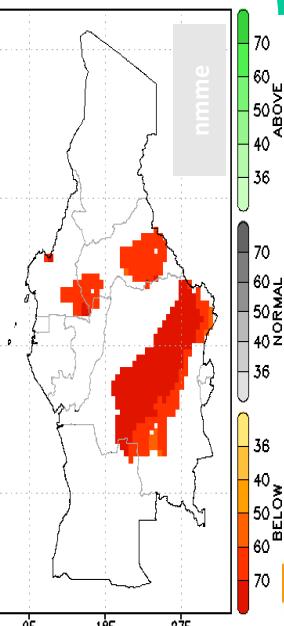
Probabilistic Frcst AMJ/2024



Probabilistic Frcst AMJ/2024



Probabilistic Frcst AMJ/2024

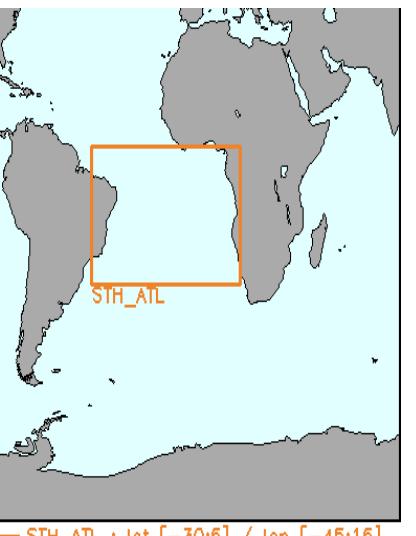




Predictor

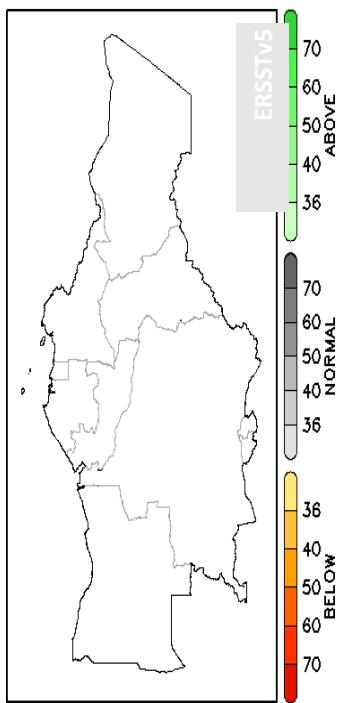
SST over South Atlantic Ocean

Predictand: AMJ Rainfall from
CAMSOP1



STH_ATL : lat [-30;5] / lon [-45;15]

Probabilistic Frcst AMJ/2024

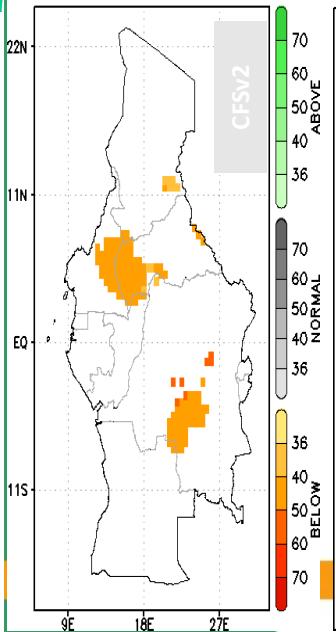


Jan Obs. SST as Predictor

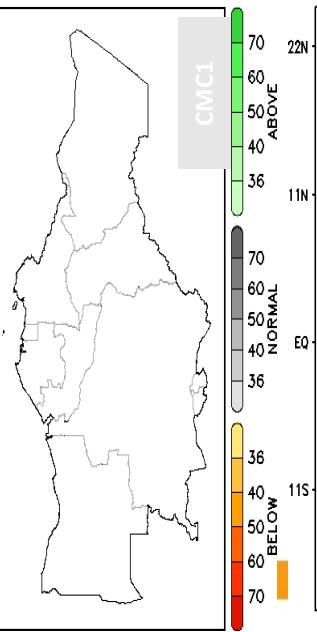
AMJ Frcst (FebIC) SST as Predictor

Using a Skill Mask of
0.3

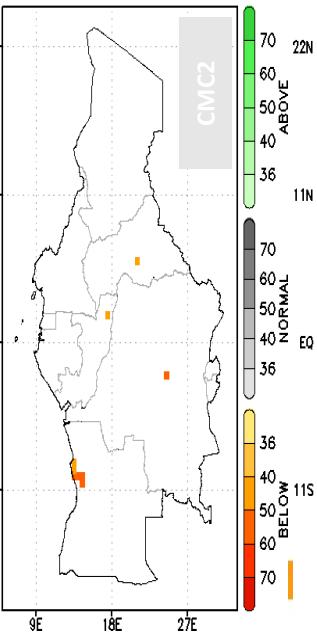
Probabilistic Frcst AMJ/2024



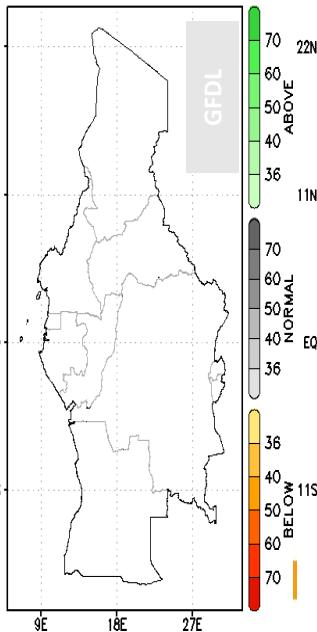
Probabilistic Frcst AMJ/2024



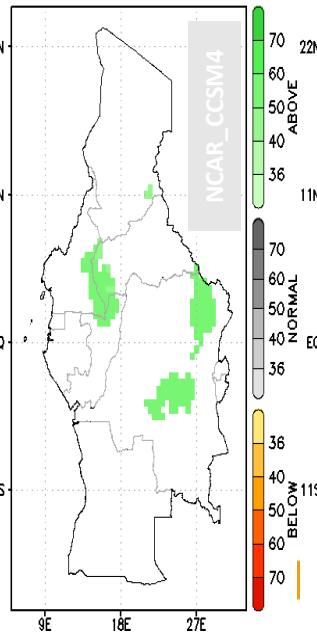
Probabilistic Frcst AMJ/2024



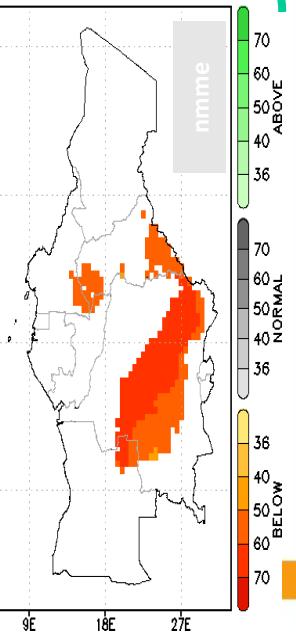
Probabilistic Frcst AMJ/2024



Probabilistic Frcst AMJ/2024



Probabilistic Frcst AMJ/2024

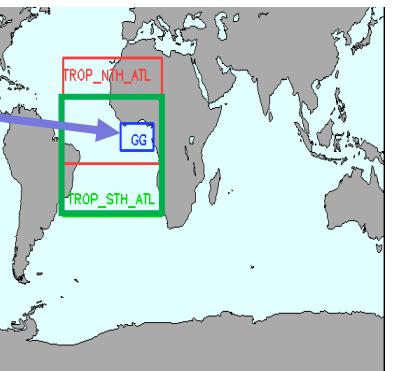




Predictor

SST over Gulf of Guinea Ocean

Predictand: AMJ Rainfall from CAMSOPI

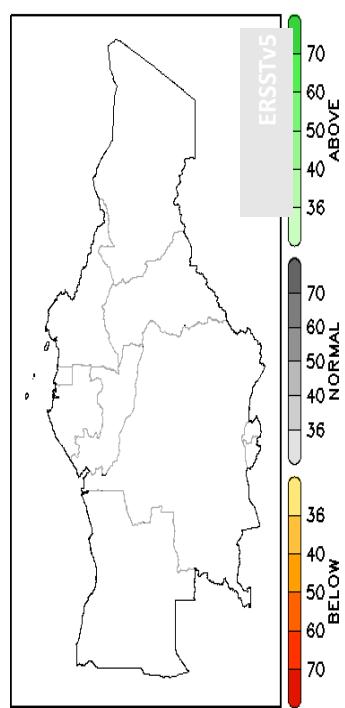


— TROP_NTH_ATL : lat [-10;30] / lon [-45;15]
— TROP_STH_ATL : lat [-30;15] / lon [-45;15]
— GG : lat [-5;5] / lon [-10;10]

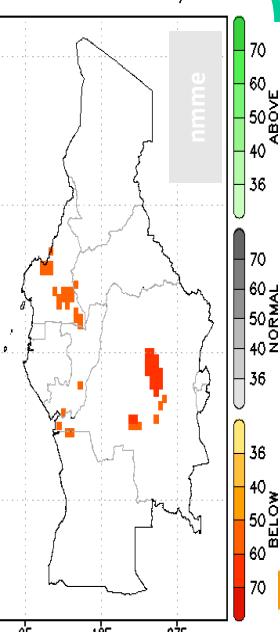
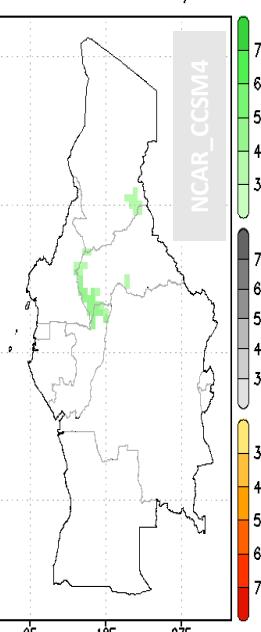
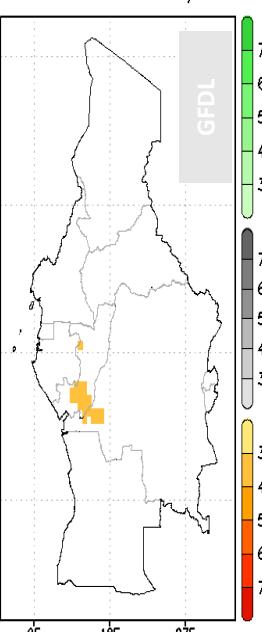
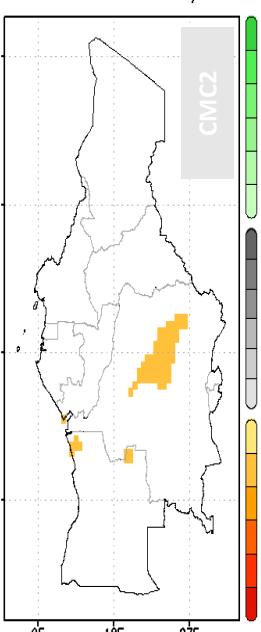
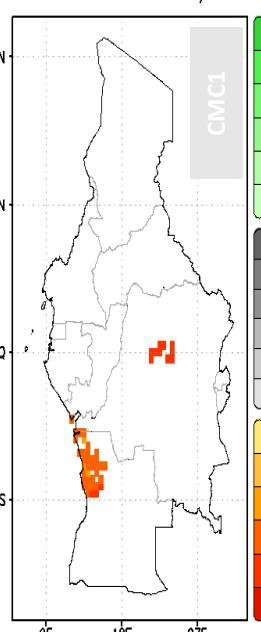
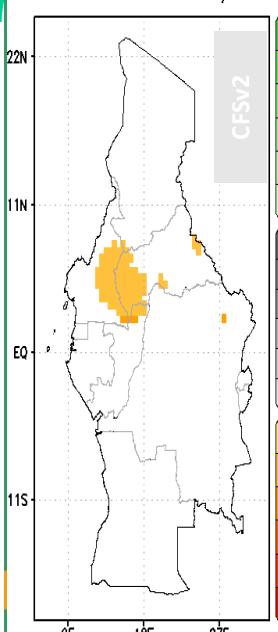
Using a Skill Mask of
0.3

AMJ Frcst (FebIC) SST as Predictor

Probabilistic Frcst AMJ/2024



Probabilistic Frcst AMJ/2024



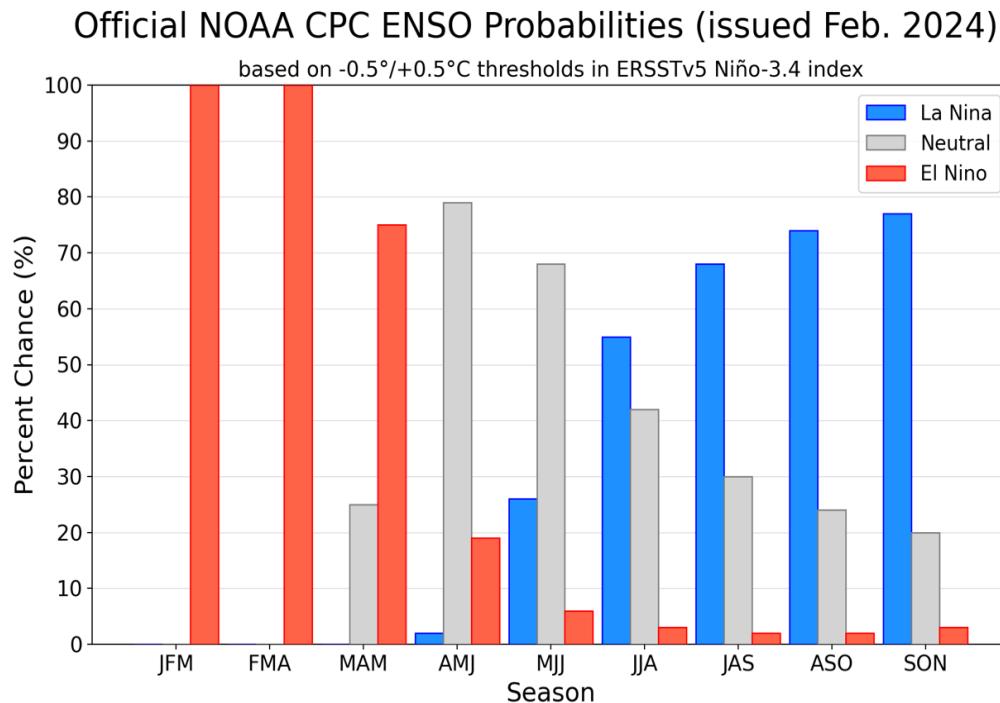
Step 6:

Teleconnections analysis (i.e ENSO, AMO, IOD, SIOD, Atlantic Dipole, NAO, AO, SAM, Benguela Nino, Mediterranean SSTAs)

CPC Probabilistic ENSO Outlook

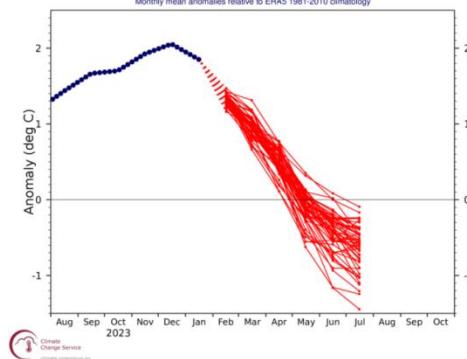
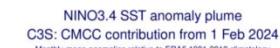
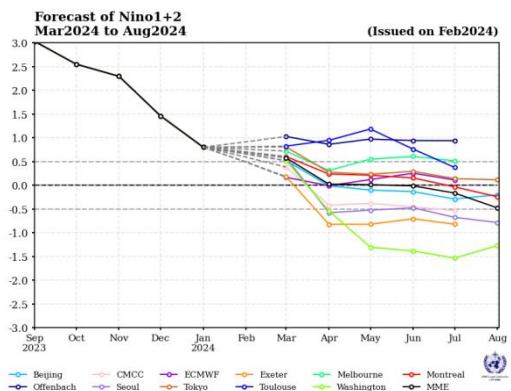
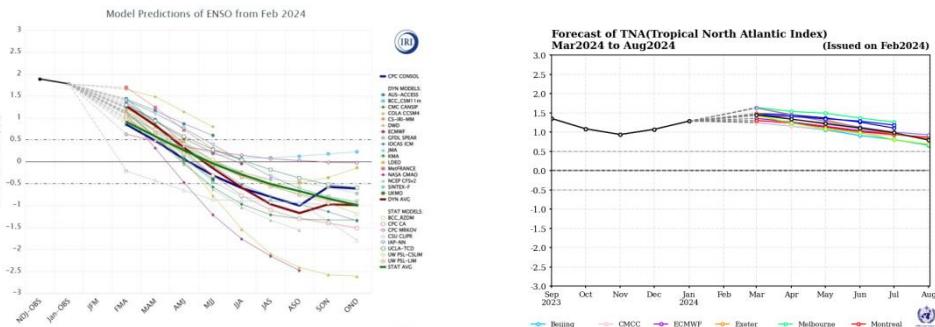
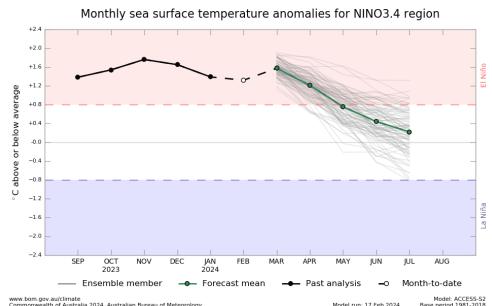
Updated: 8 February 2024

A transition from El Niño to ENSO-neutral is expected by April-June season 2024, with ENSO-neutral persisting through May-July 2024. Thereafter, La Niña is favored in June-August, and chances increase through the September-November season.





Teleconnections analysis (i.e ENSO and TAN TSA) - Index plumes



Moderate to neutral El Nino

Positive TNA-TSA

https://www.wmolc.org/seasonIndicesUI/plot_Indices#

https://climate.copernicus.eu/charts/c3s_seasonal/c3s_seasonal_plume_mm?fa=cats=undefined&time=2022070100_0_20220701008&type=plume&area=pnc24

https://iri.columbia.edu/our-expertise/climate/forecasts/enso/current/?enso_tab=enso-quicklook

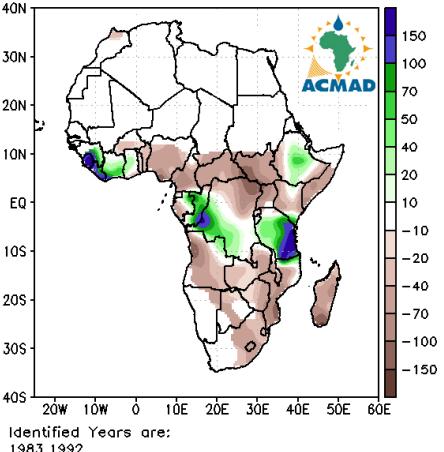


MAM

Teleconnections analysis – Rainfall Composites

Mod El Nino

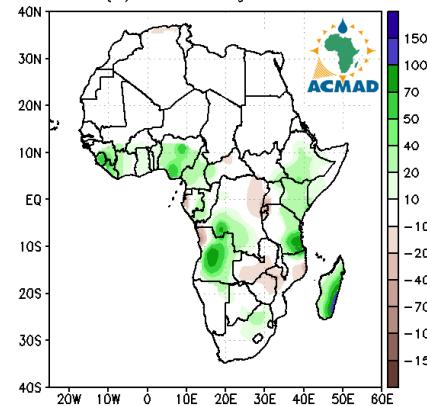
CAMS-OPI Precipitation Anomaly Associated with Moderate El Nino Events during the Season MAM



Identified Years are:
1983 1992

Weak El Nino to Neutral pos

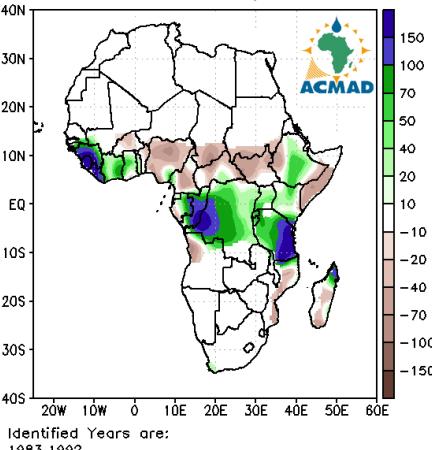
CAMS-OPI Precipitation Anomaly Associated with Neutral (+) Events during the Season MAM



Identified Years are:
1982 1990 1991 1994 1995 1997 2002 2004 2005
2010 2014 2017 2020

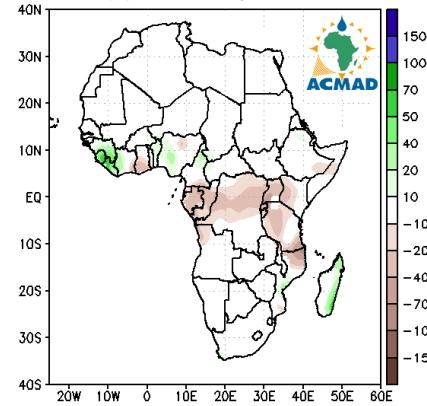
AMJ

CAMS-OPI Precipitation Anomaly Associated with Moderate El Nino Events during the Season AMJ



Identified Years are:
1983 1992

CAMS-OPI Precipitation Anomaly Associated with Neutral (+) Events during the Season AMJ

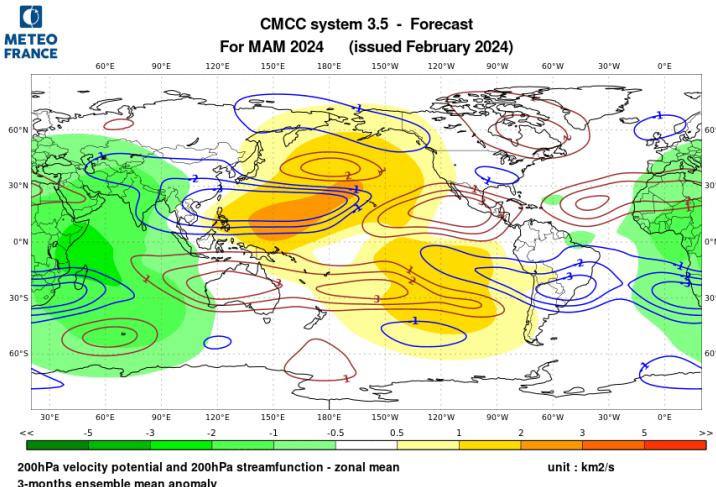
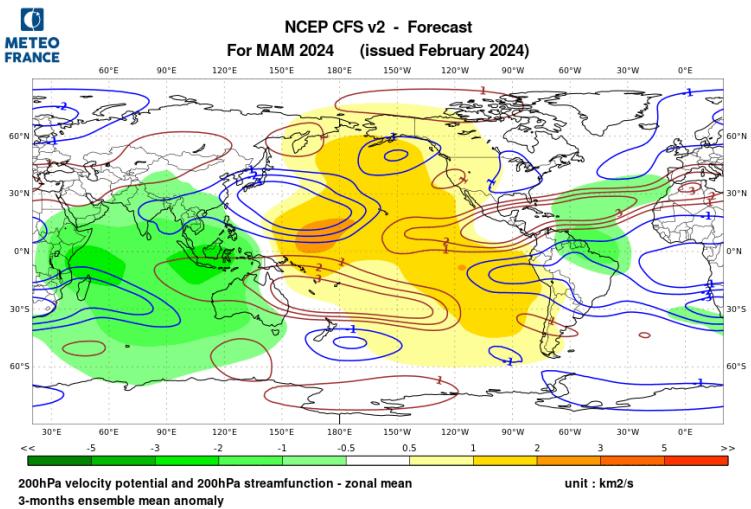
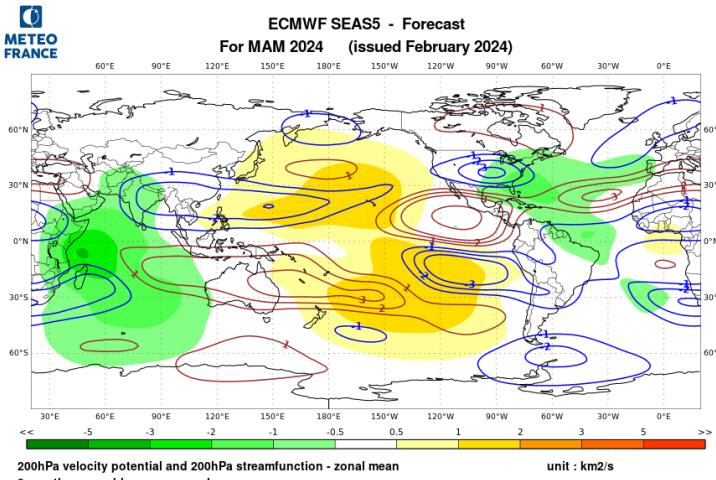
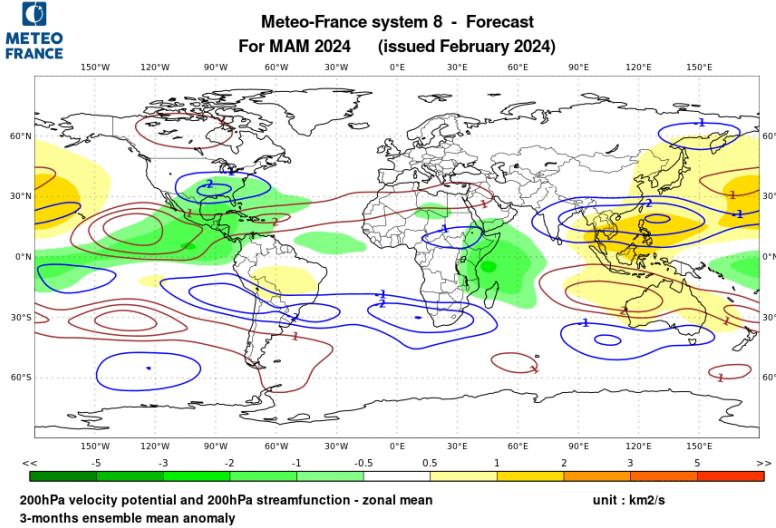


Identified Years are:
1990 1991 1994 1995 1998 2002 2004 2005 2009
2014 2016 2017

Step 7:

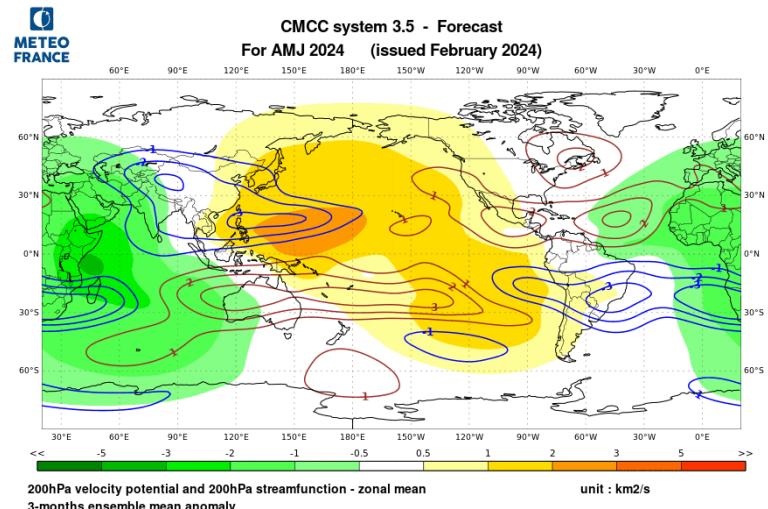
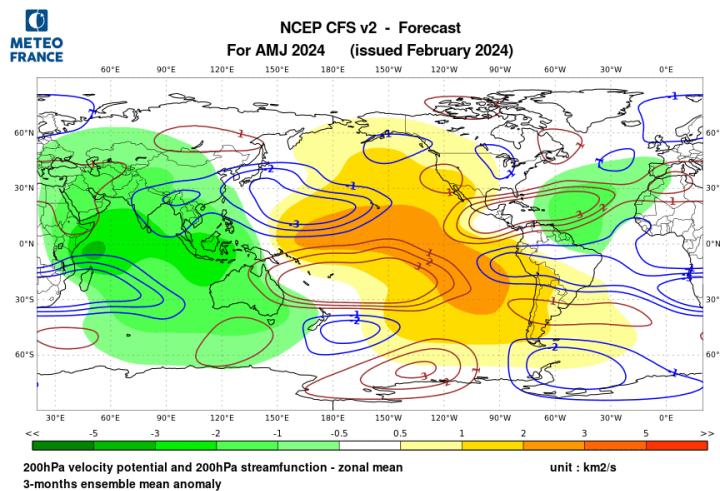
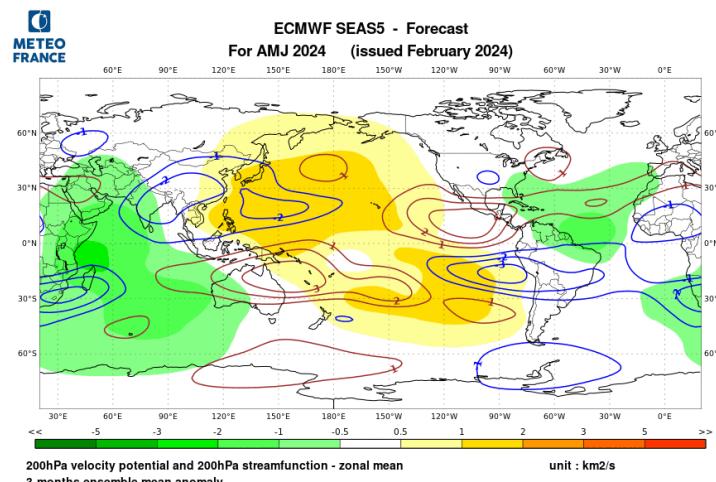
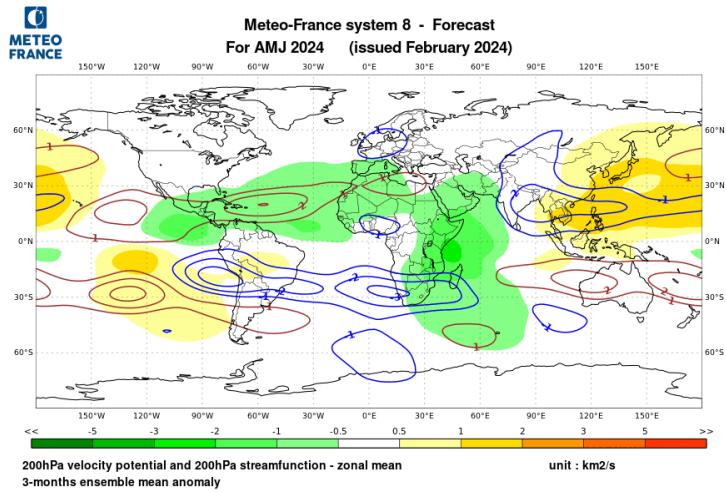
DRIVERS

Interaction with Tropical Activity - Season 1





Interaction with Tropical Activity - Season 2



Step 7b:

Single Model Ensemble Analysis (i.e ECMWF, MF, NCEP, UKMET)

SSTs Forecasts



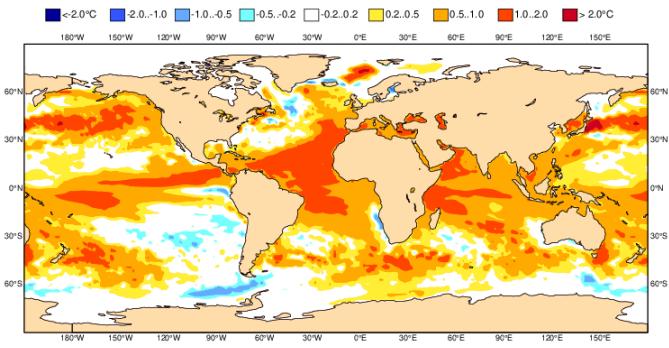
Single Model Ensemble Analysis (SSTs)

Season 1

Season 2

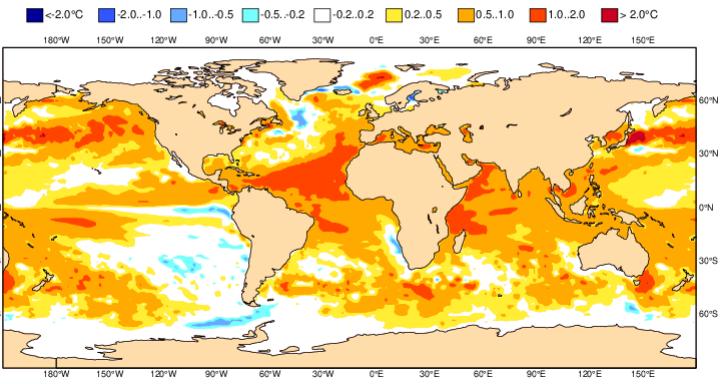
ECMWF Seasonal Forecast
Mean forecast SST anomaly
Forecast start is 01/02/24, climate period is 1993-2016
Ensemble size = 51, climate size = 600

System 5
MAM 2024

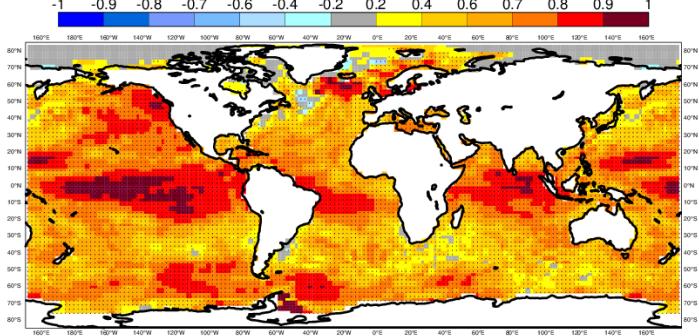


ECMWF Seasonal Forecast
Mean forecast SST anomaly
Forecast start is 01/02/24, climate period is 1993-2016
Ensemble size = 51, climate size = 600

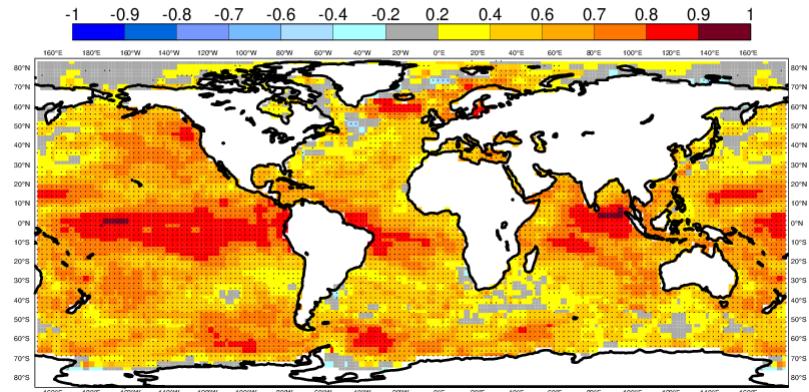
System 5
AMJ 2024



Anomaly Correlation Coefficient for 0001 with 25 ensemble members
Sea Surface temperature
Hindcast period 1981-2016 with start in February average over months 2 to 4
Black dots for values significantly different from zero with 95% confidence (1000 samples)



Anomaly Correlation Coefficient for 0001 with 25 ensemble members
Sea Surface temperature
Hindcast period 1981-2016 with start in February average over months 3 to 5
Black dots for values significantly different from zero with 95% confidence (1000 samples)



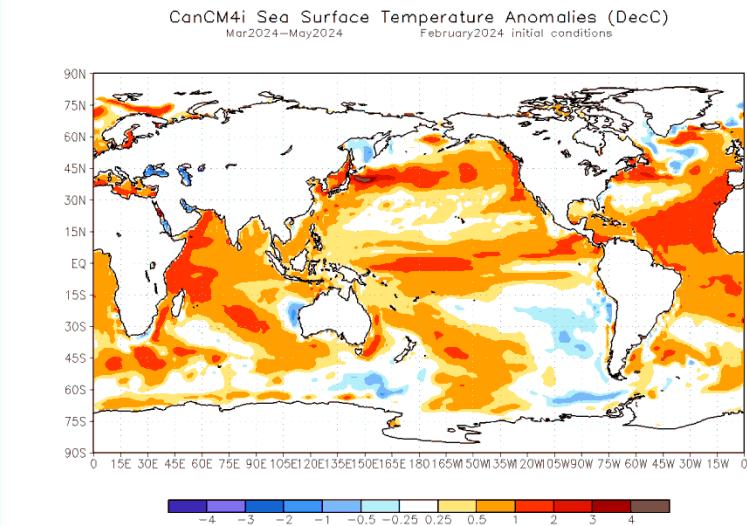
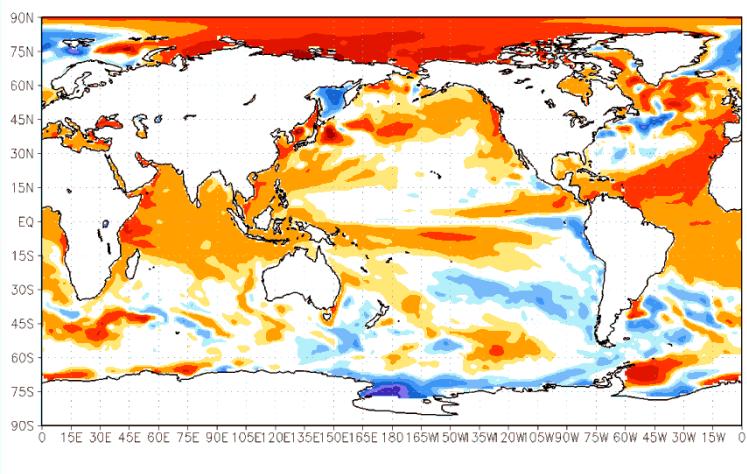
FCST

SKILL

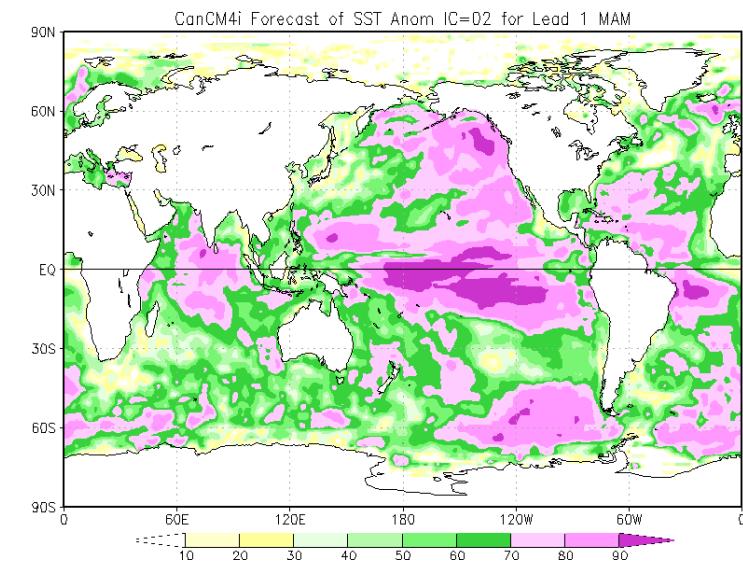
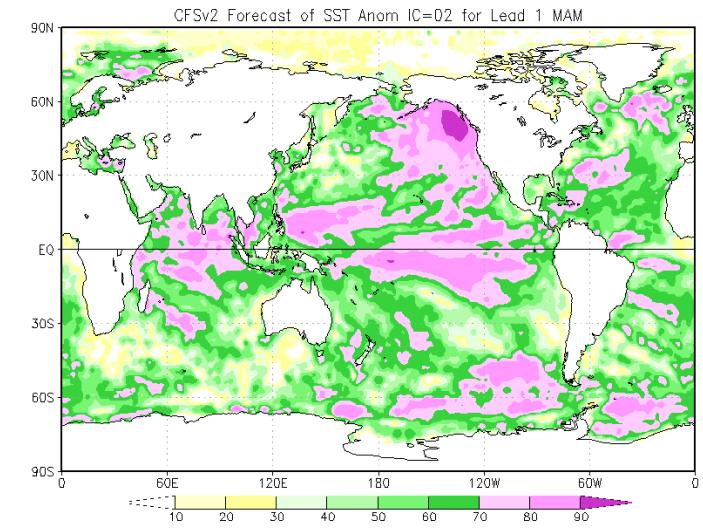


Season 1

CFSv2



CanCM4i





Season 2

CFSv2

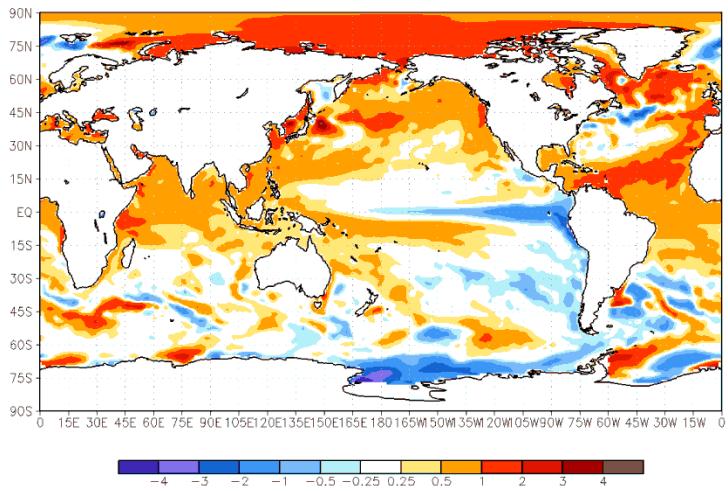
CanCM4i

Single Model Ensemble Analysis (SSTs)

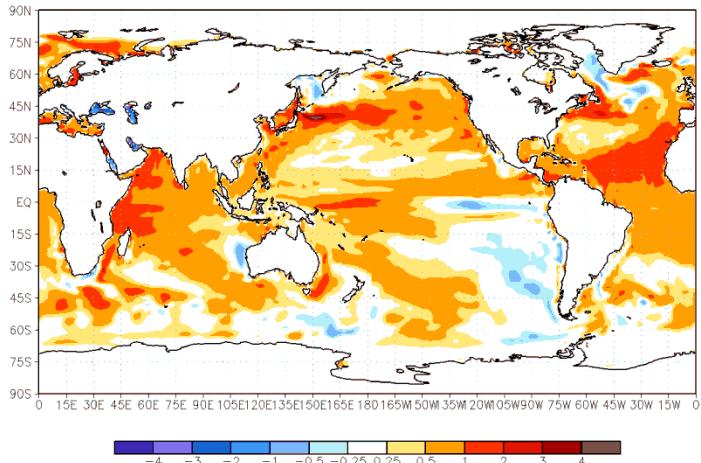
FCST

SKILL

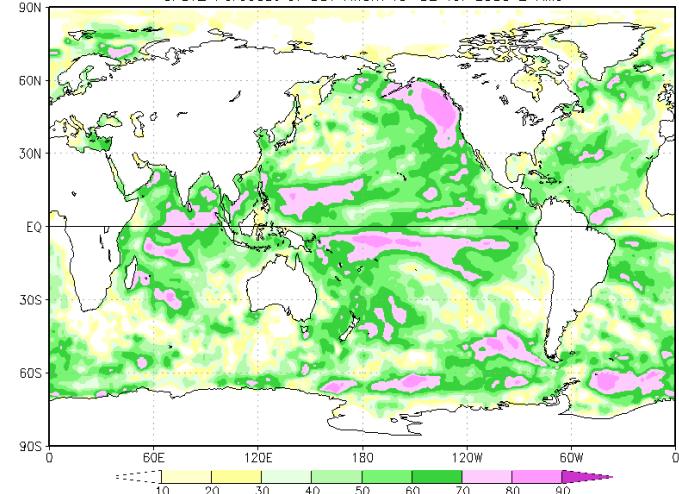
CFSv2 Sea Surface Temperature Anomalies (DecC)
Apr2024–Jun2024 February2024 initial conditions



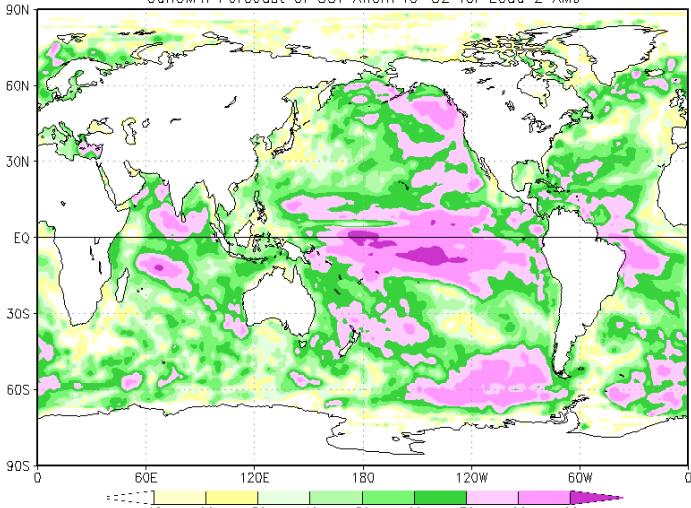
CanCM4i Sea Surface Temperature Anomalies (DecC)
Apr2024–Jun2024 February2024 initial conditions



CFSv2 Forecast of SST Anom IC=02 for Lead 2 AMJ



CanCM4i Forecast of SST Anom IC=02 for Lead 2 AMJ





Season 1

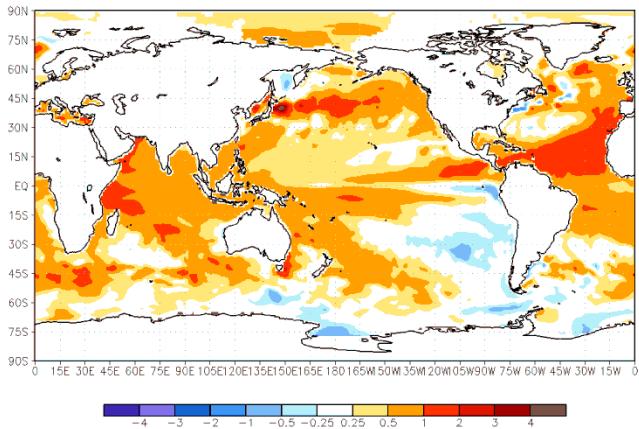
NMME

C3S

Multimodel Ensemble Analysis (SSTs)

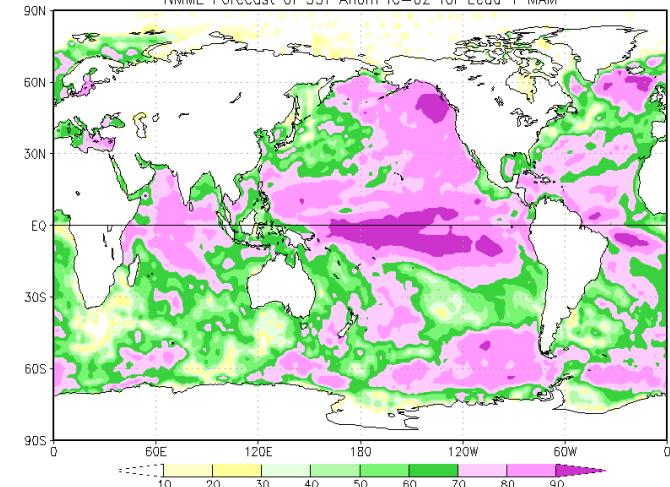
FCST

NMME Sea Surface Temperature Anomalies (DecC)
Mar2024–May2024
February2024 initial conditions



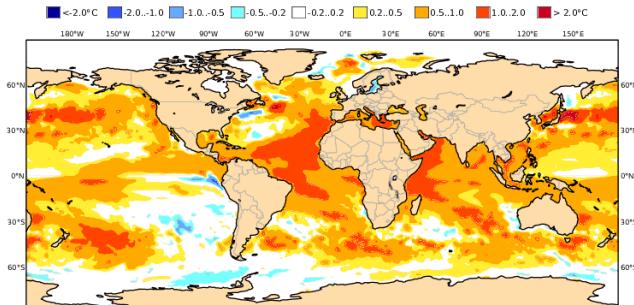
SKILL

NMME Forecast of SST Anom IC=02 for Lead 1 MAM



C3S: CMCC contribution
Mean forecast SST anomaly
Nominal forecast start: 01/02/24
Ensemble size = 50, climate size = 960

MAM 2024





Season 2

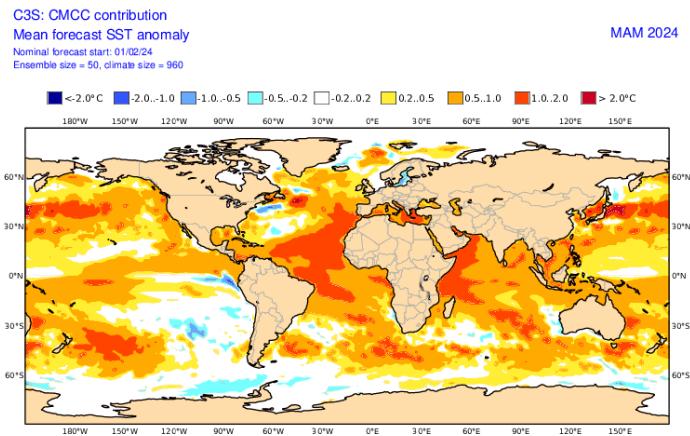
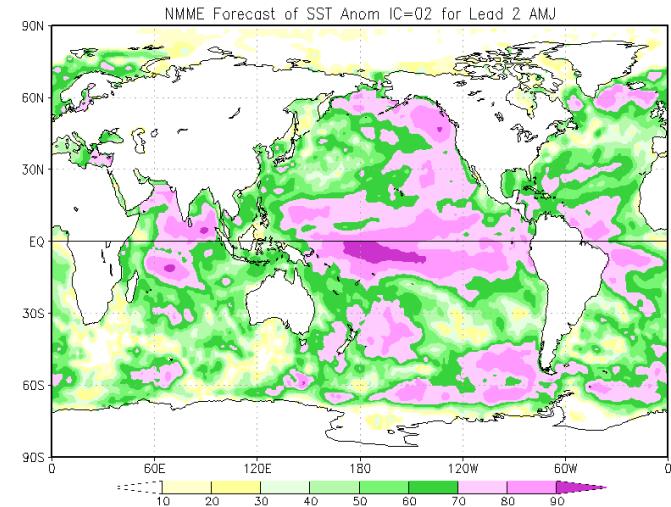
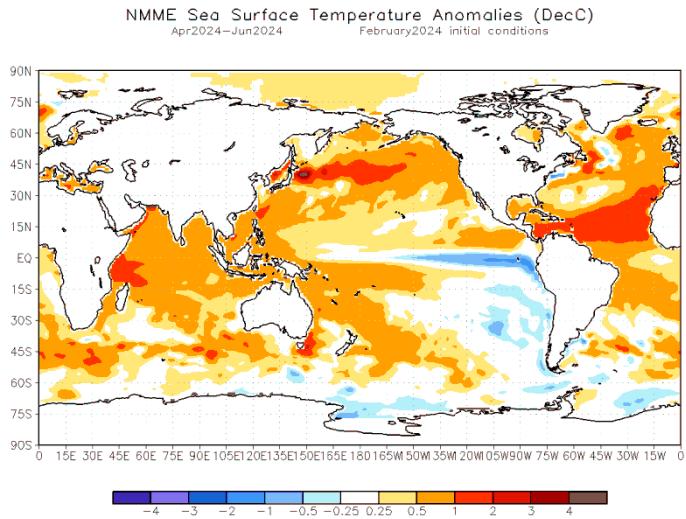
NMME

C3S

Multimodel Ensemble Analysis (SSTs)

FCST

SKILL



Step 7c:

Single Model Ensemble Analysis (i.e ECMWF, MF, NCEP, UKMET)

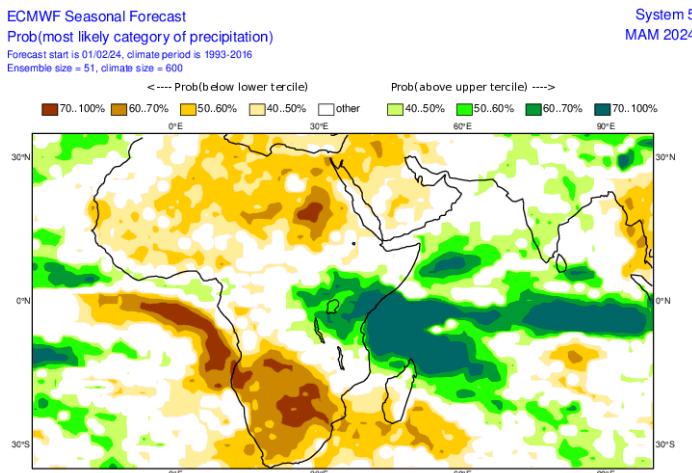
Rainfall Forecasts

Single model Ensemble Analysis (Rainfall)



ECMWF

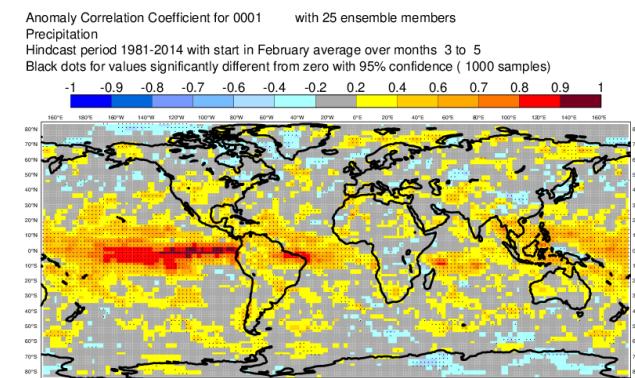
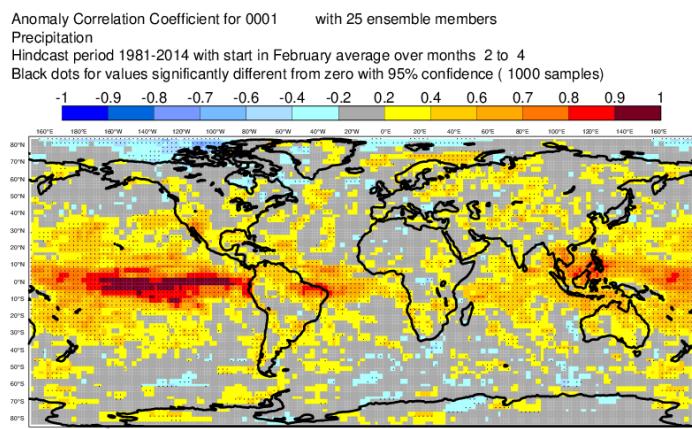
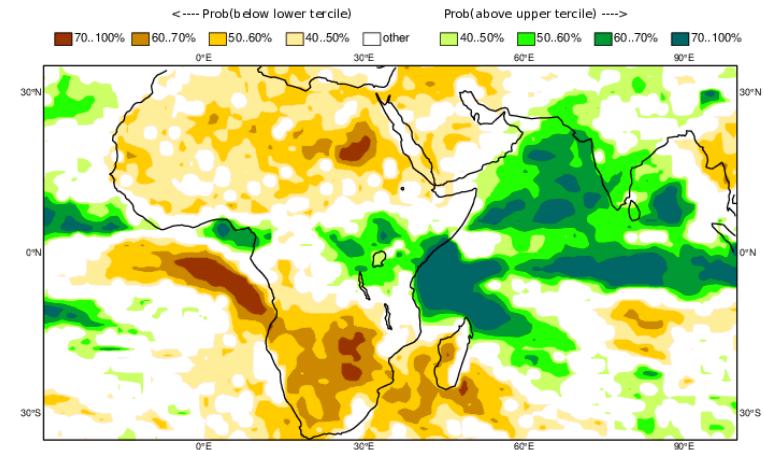
Season 1



Season 2

ECMWF Seasonal Forecast
Prob(most likely category of precipitation)
Forecast start is 01/02/24, climate period is 1993-2016
Ensemble size = 51, climate size = 600

System 5
AMJ 2024



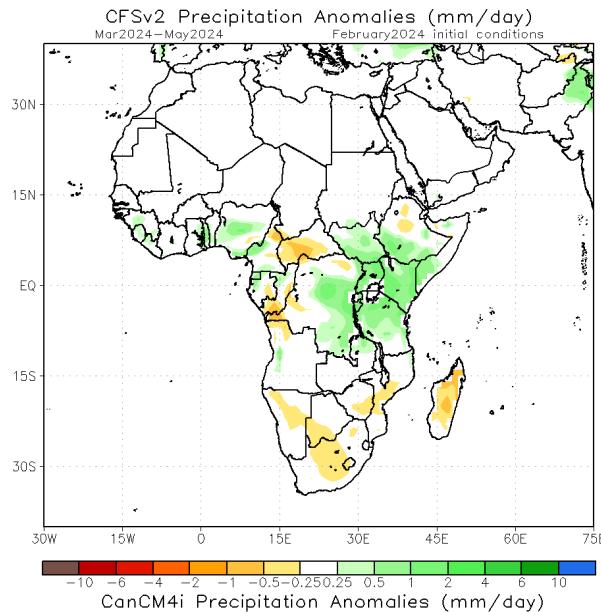
Single model Ensemble Analysis (Rainfall)



Season 1

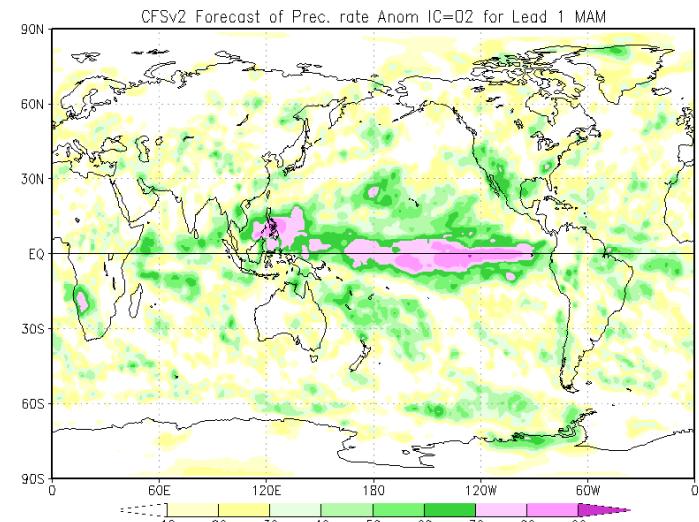
CFSv2

FCST



CanCM4i

SKILL



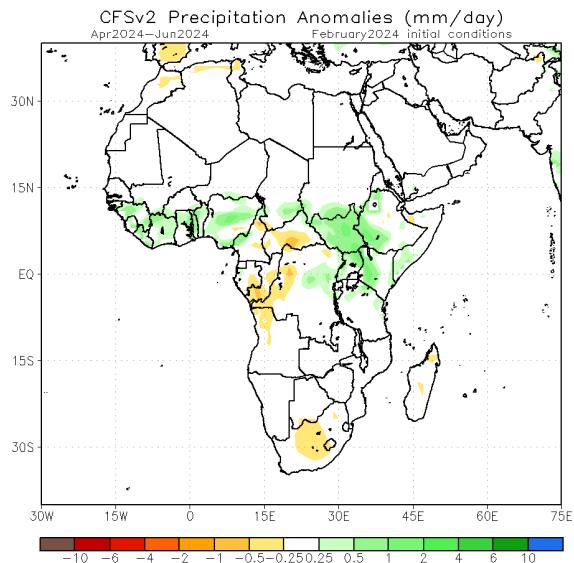
Single model Ensemble Analysis (Rainfall)



Season 1

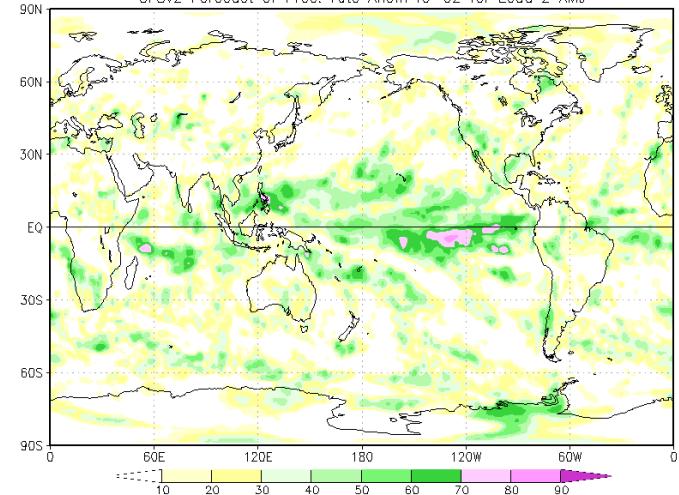
CFSv2

FCST

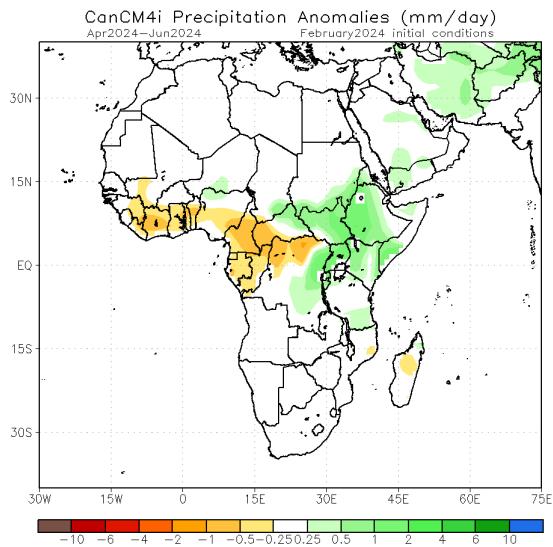


SKILL

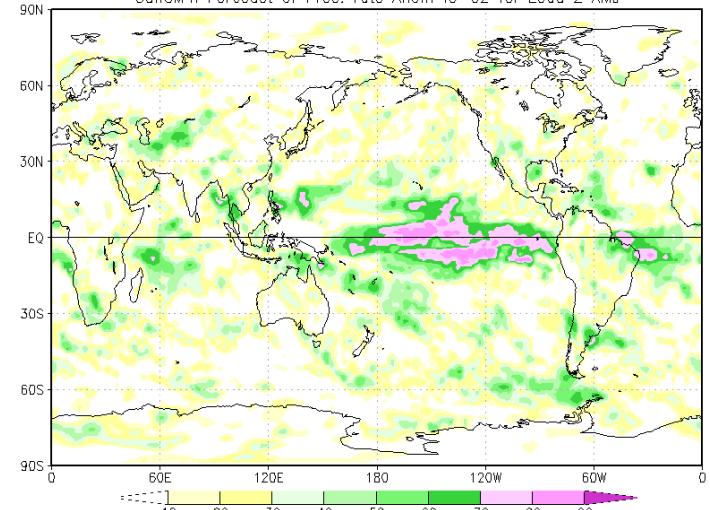
CFSv2 Forecast of Prec. rate Anom IC=02 for Lead 2 AMJ



CanCM4i



CanCM4i Forecast of Prec. rate Anom IC=02 for Lead 2 AMJ





Season 1

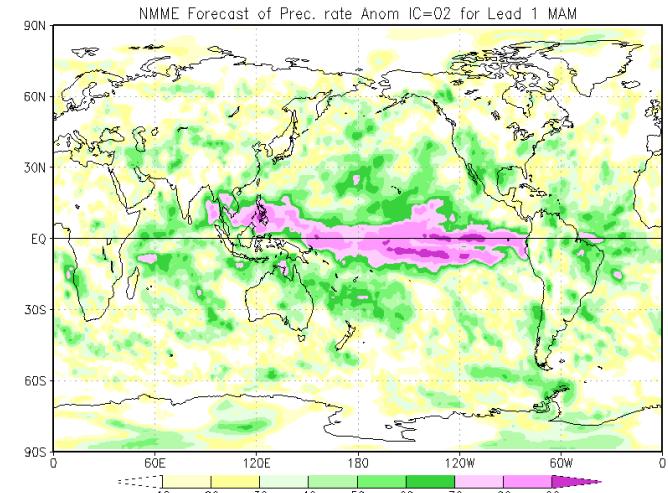
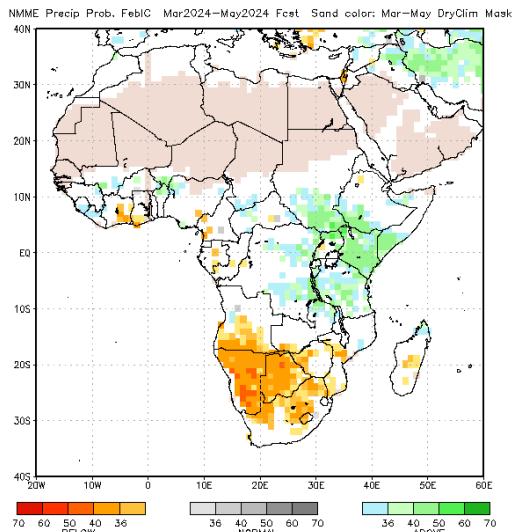
NMME

C3S

Multimodel Ensemble Analysis (Rainfall)

FCST

SKILL



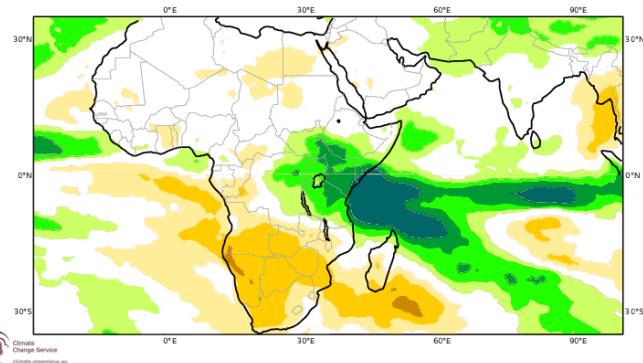
C3S multi-system seasonal forecast ECMWF/Met Office/Météo-France/CMCC/DWD/NCEP/JMA/ECCC
Prob(most likely category of precipitation) MAM 2024

Nominal forecast start: 01/02/24

Unweighted mean

<---- below lower tercile above upper tercile ---->

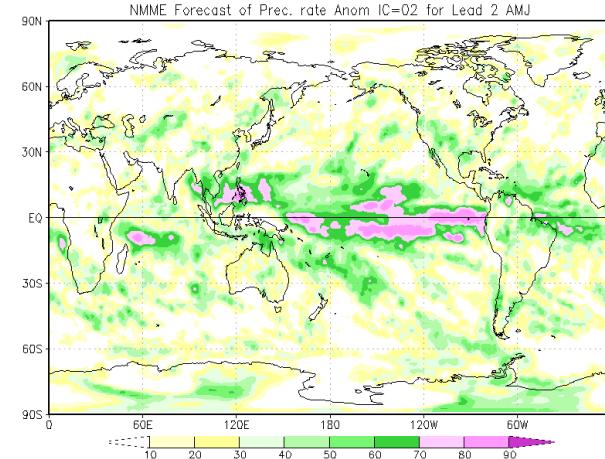
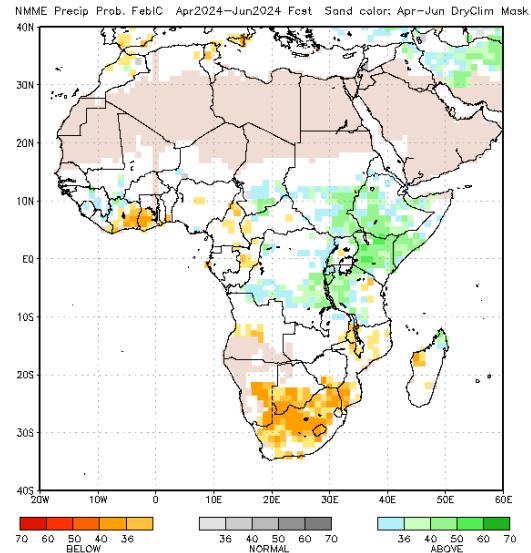
70..100% 60..70% 50..60% 40..50% other 40..50% 50..60% 60..70% 70..100%



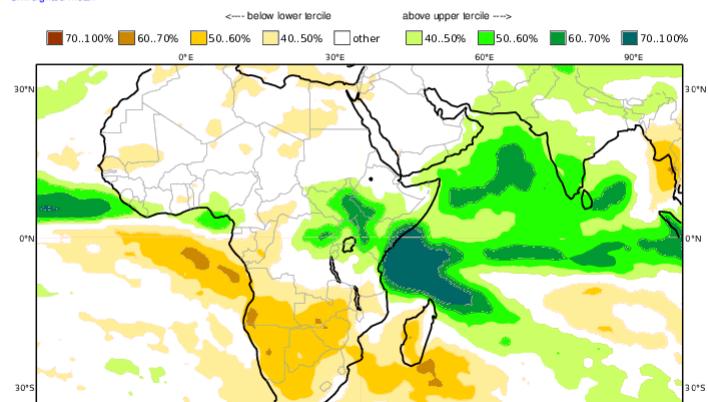


Season 2

NMME



C3S multi-system seasonal forecast ECMWF/Met Office/Météo-France/CMCC/DWD/NCEP/JMA/ECCC
Prob(most likely category of precipitation)
Nominal forecast start: 01/02/24
Unweighted mean

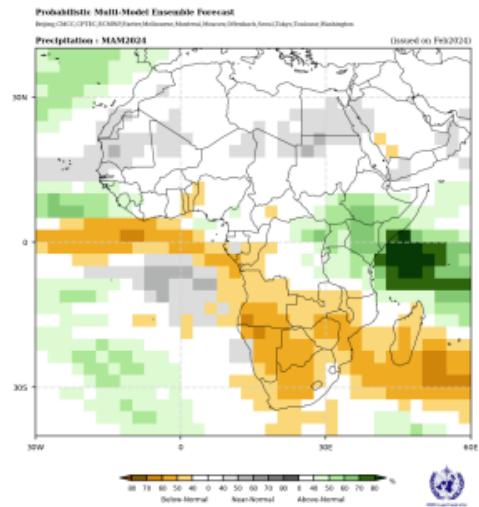


Climate Change Service
climate.copernicus.eu

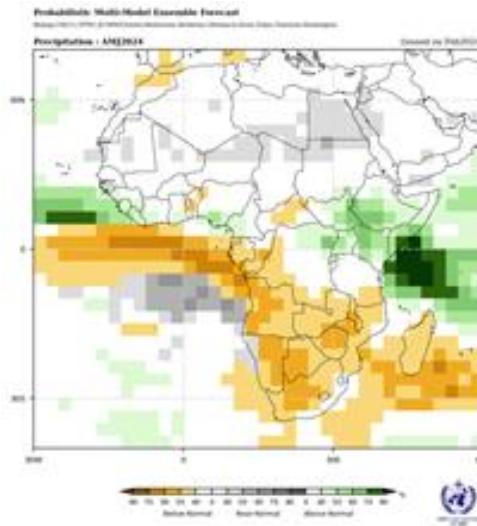


Multimodel Ensemble Analysis

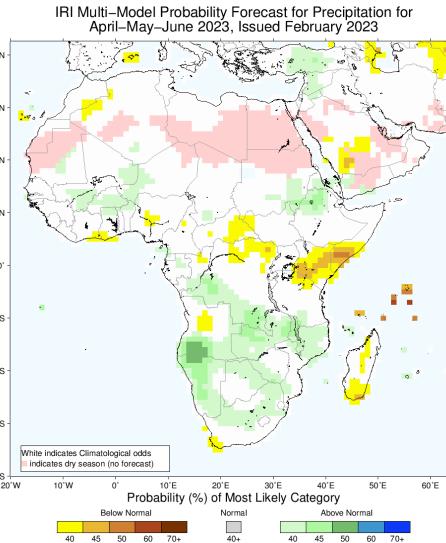
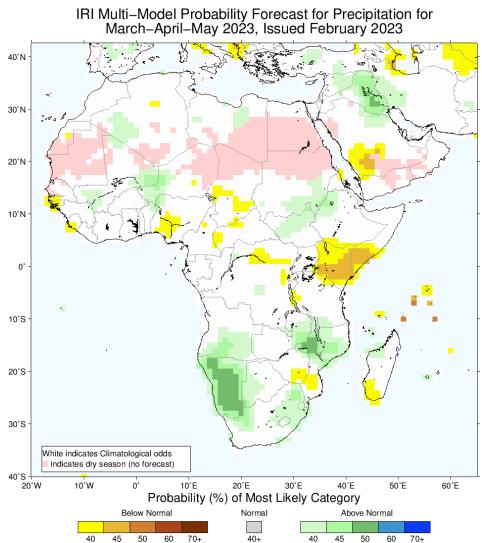
Season 1



Season 2



IRI



Step 9:

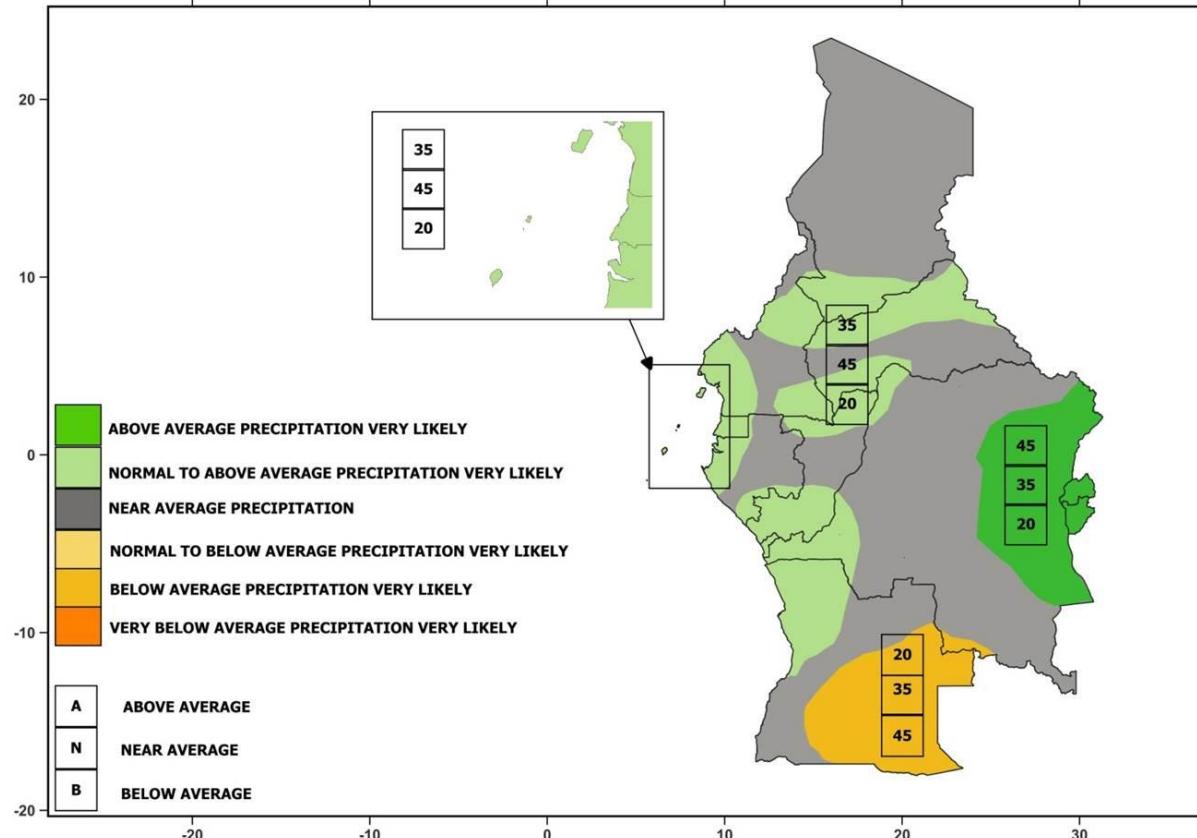
Consolidation Analysis of institutional outlook



SEASONAL PRECIPITATION OUTLOOK FOR MAM 2024



PREVISION SAISONNIERE DES PRECIPITATIONS
POUR LA REGION DE LA AFRIQUE CENTRALE
VALABLE POUR MARS-AVRIL-MAI 2024
ELABOREE LE 07 MARS 2024

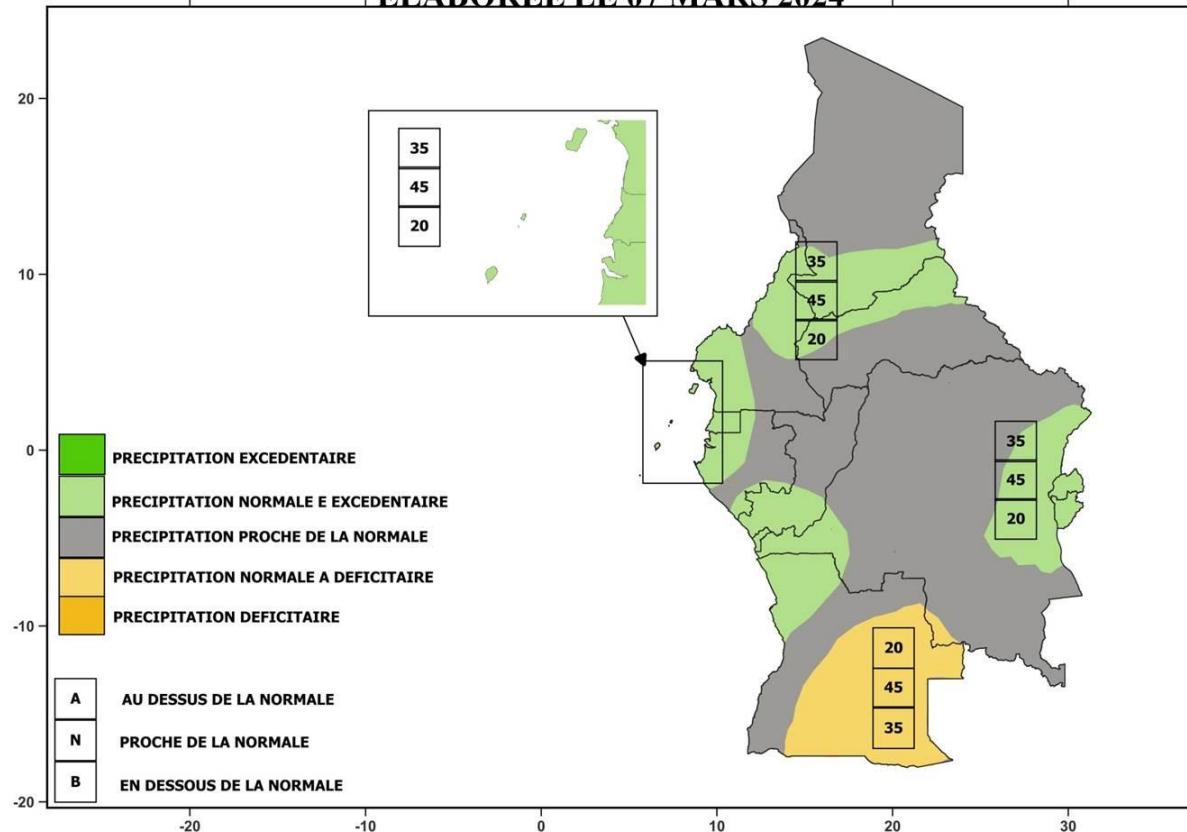




SEASONAL PRECIPITATION OUTLOOK FOR AMJ 2024



PREVISION SAISONNIERE DES PRECIPITATIONS
POUR LA REGION DE LA AFRIQUE CENTRALE
VALIDABLE POUR AVRIL-MAI-JUIN 2024
ELABOREE LE 07 MARS 2024



THANK YOU



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