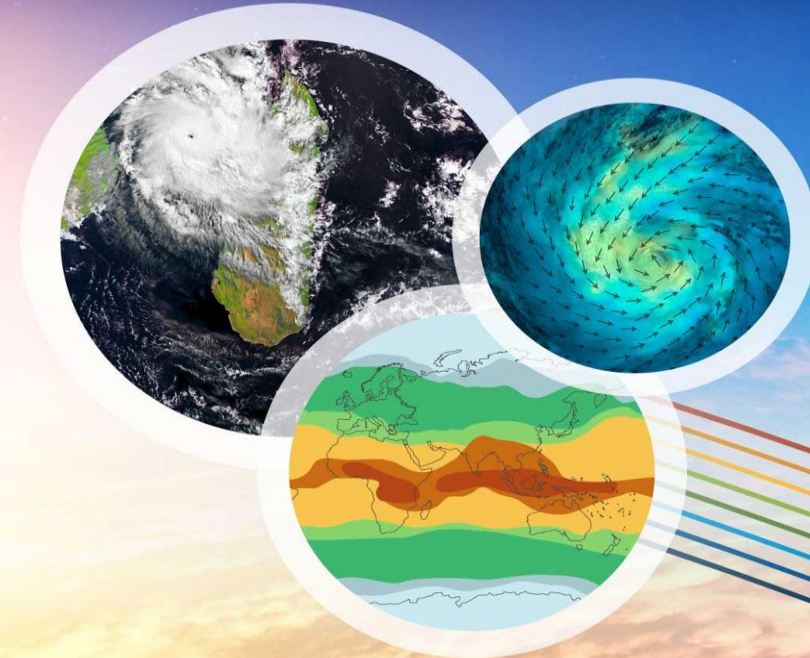
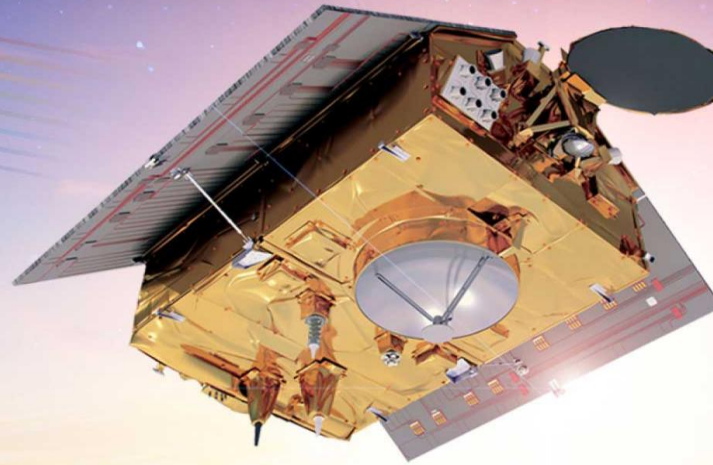


African Center of Meteorological Applications for Development (ACMAD)

Continental Multi-Hazard & Advisory Bulletin



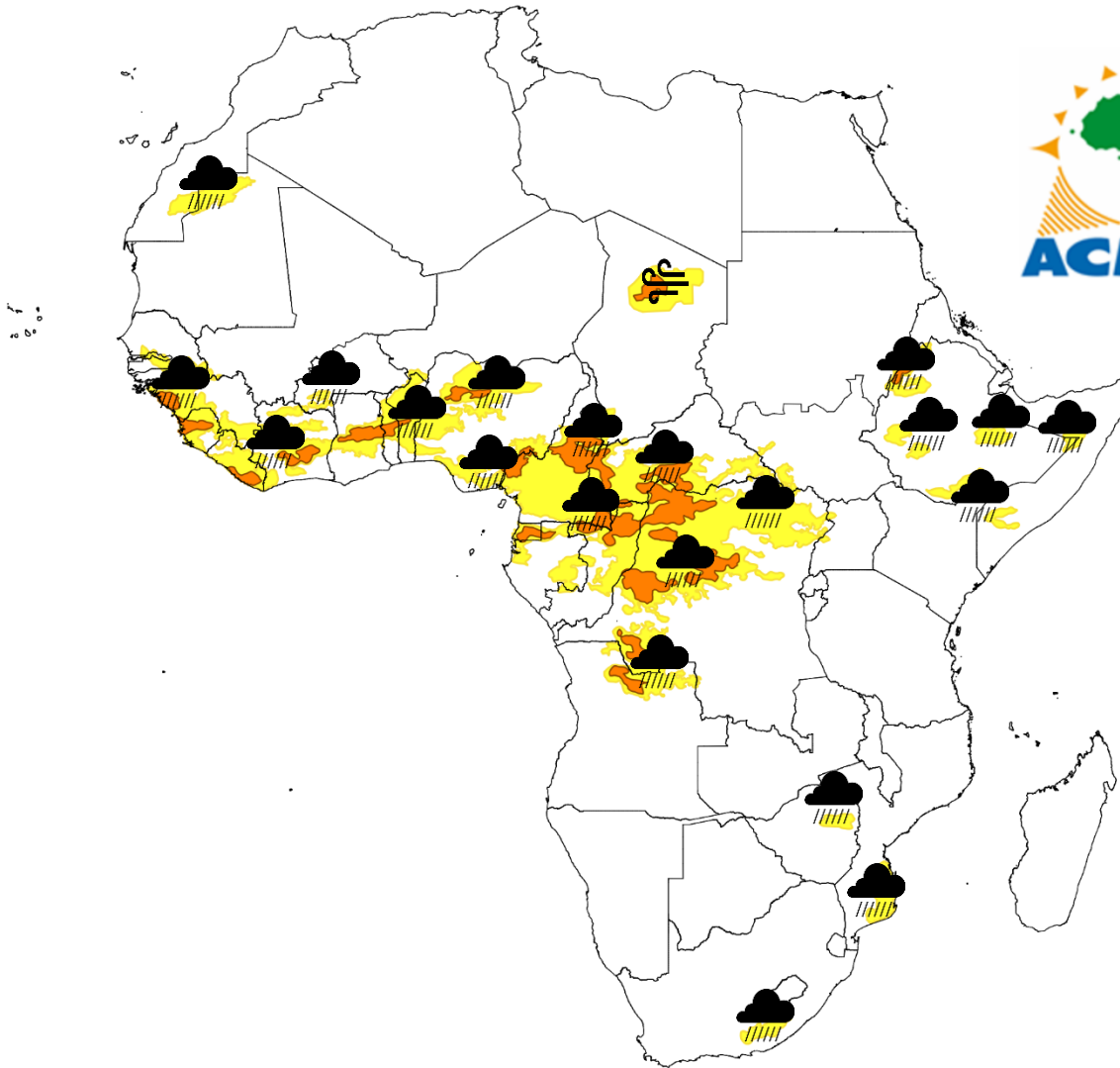
Issued on: October 5th, 2026

Validity period: October 6th to 10th, 2026

MULTI-HAZARD OUTLOOK

Validity: 2026-10-06

issued on 2026-10-05



 Rain	 Wind	 Dust	 Meningitis
Very heavy >100mm	Very strong >80kmh ⁻¹	Very heavy >1000µg m ⁻³	Very likely
Heavy 50-100mm	Strong >65kmh ⁻¹	Heavy >600µg m ⁻³	Likely
Moderate 10 - 49mm	Moderate >50kmh ⁻¹	Moderate >400µg m ⁻³	Less likely
Light 1 - 10mm	Light <50kmh ⁻¹	Light <200µg m ⁻³	

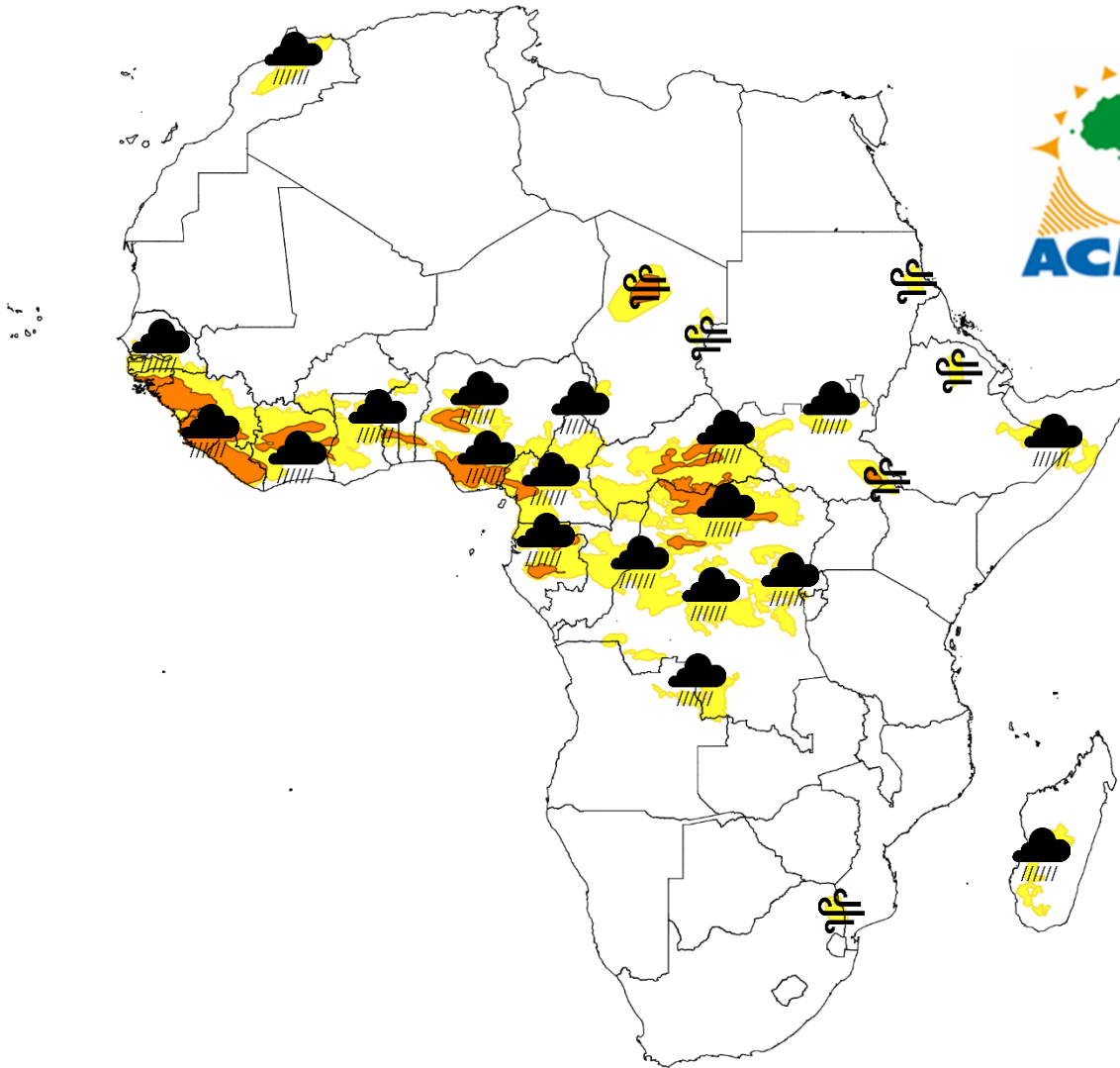
Disclaimer:

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MULTI-HAZARD OUTLOOK

Validity: 2026-10-07

issued on 2026-10-05



 Rain	 Wind	 Dust	 Meningitis
Very heavy >100mm	Very strong >80kmh ⁻¹	Very heavy >1000µg m ⁻³	Very likely
Heavy 50-100mm	Strong >65kmh ⁻¹	Heavy >600µg m ⁻³	Likely
Moderate 10 - 49mm	Moderate >50kmh ⁻¹	Moderate >400µg m ⁻³	Less likely
Light 1 - 10mm	Light <50kmh ⁻¹	Light <200µg m ⁻³	

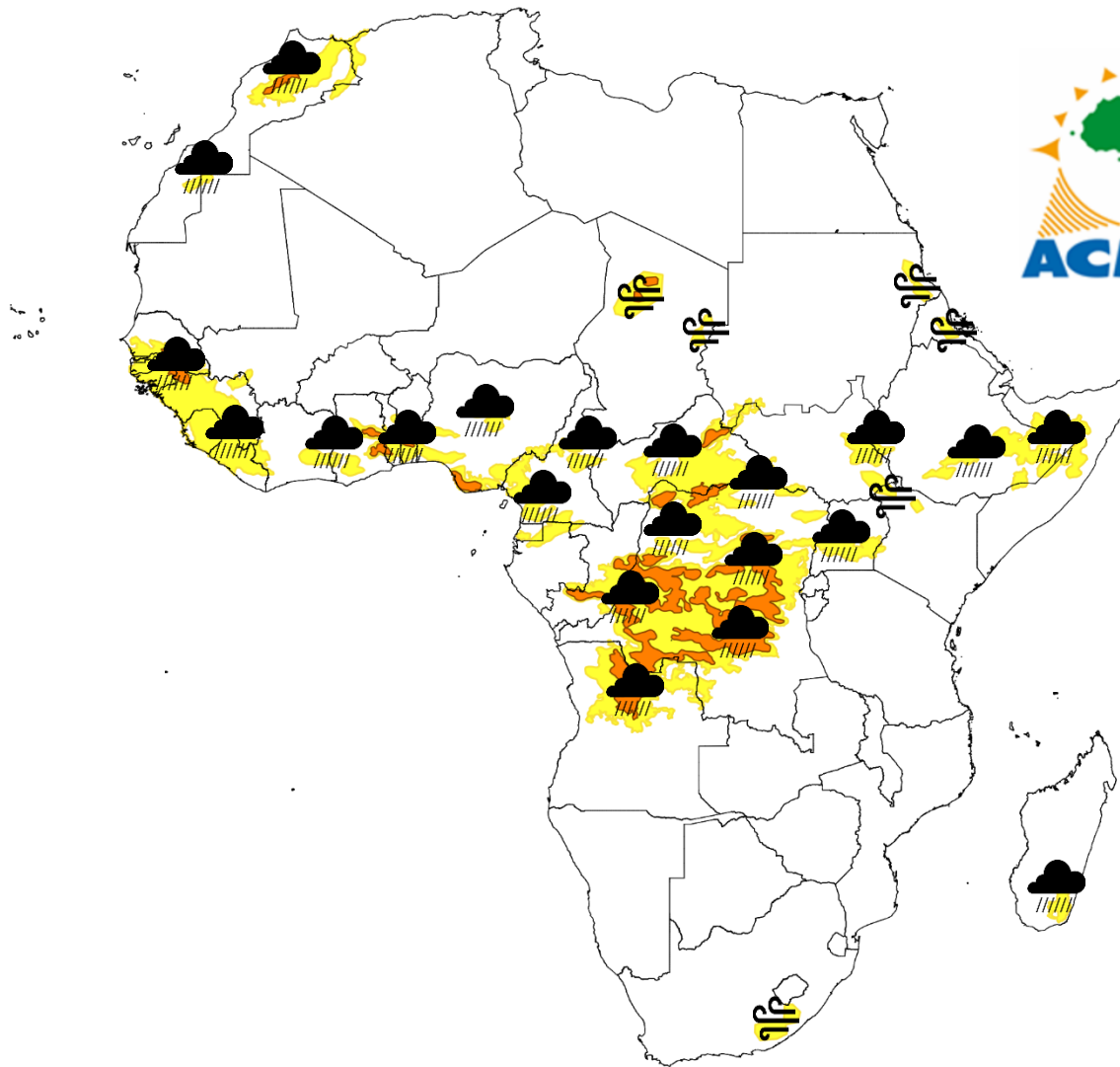
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MULTI-HAZARD OUTLOOK

Validity: 2026-10-08

issued on 2026-10-05



 Rain	 Wind	 Dust	 Meningitis
Very heavy >100mm	Very strong >80kmh ⁻¹	Very heavy >1000µg m ⁻³	Very likely
Heavy 50-100mm	Strong >65kmh ⁻¹	Heavy >600µg m ⁻³	Likely
Moderate 10 - 49mm	Moderate >50kmh ⁻¹	Moderate >400µg m ⁻³	Less likely
Light 1 - 10mm	Light <50kmh ⁻¹	Light <200µg m ⁻³	

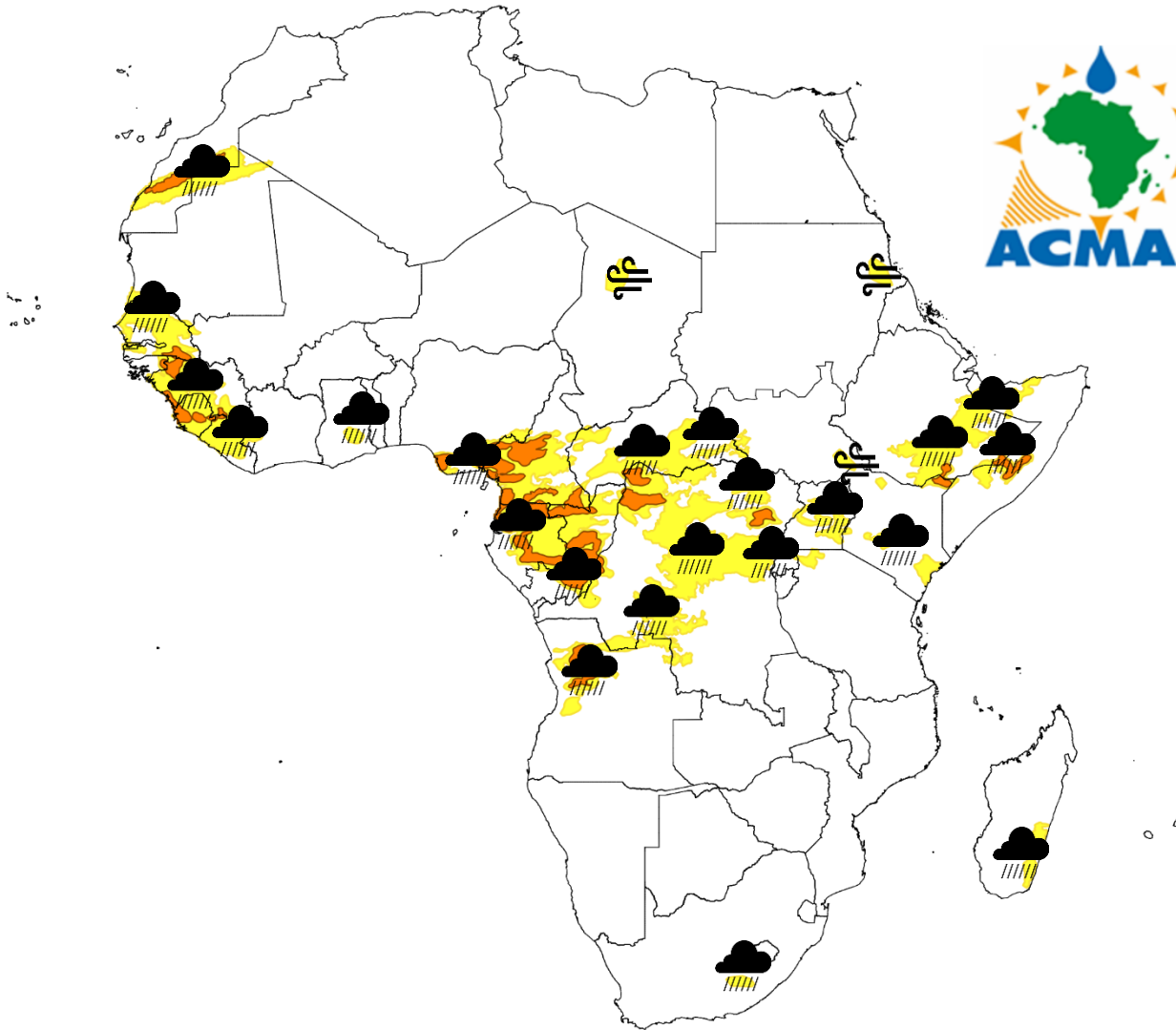
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MULTI-HAZARD OUTLOOK

Validity: 2026-10-09

issued on 2026-10-05



 Rain	 Wind	 Dust	 Meningitis
Very heavy >100mm	Very strong >80kmh ⁻¹	Very heavy >1000µg m ⁻³	Very likely
Heavy 50-100mm	Strong >65kmh ⁻¹	Heavy >600µg m ⁻³	Likely
Moderate 10 - 49mm	Moderate >50kmh ⁻¹	Moderate >400µg m ⁻³	Less likely
Light 1 - 10mm	Light <50kmh ⁻¹	Light <200µg m ⁻³	

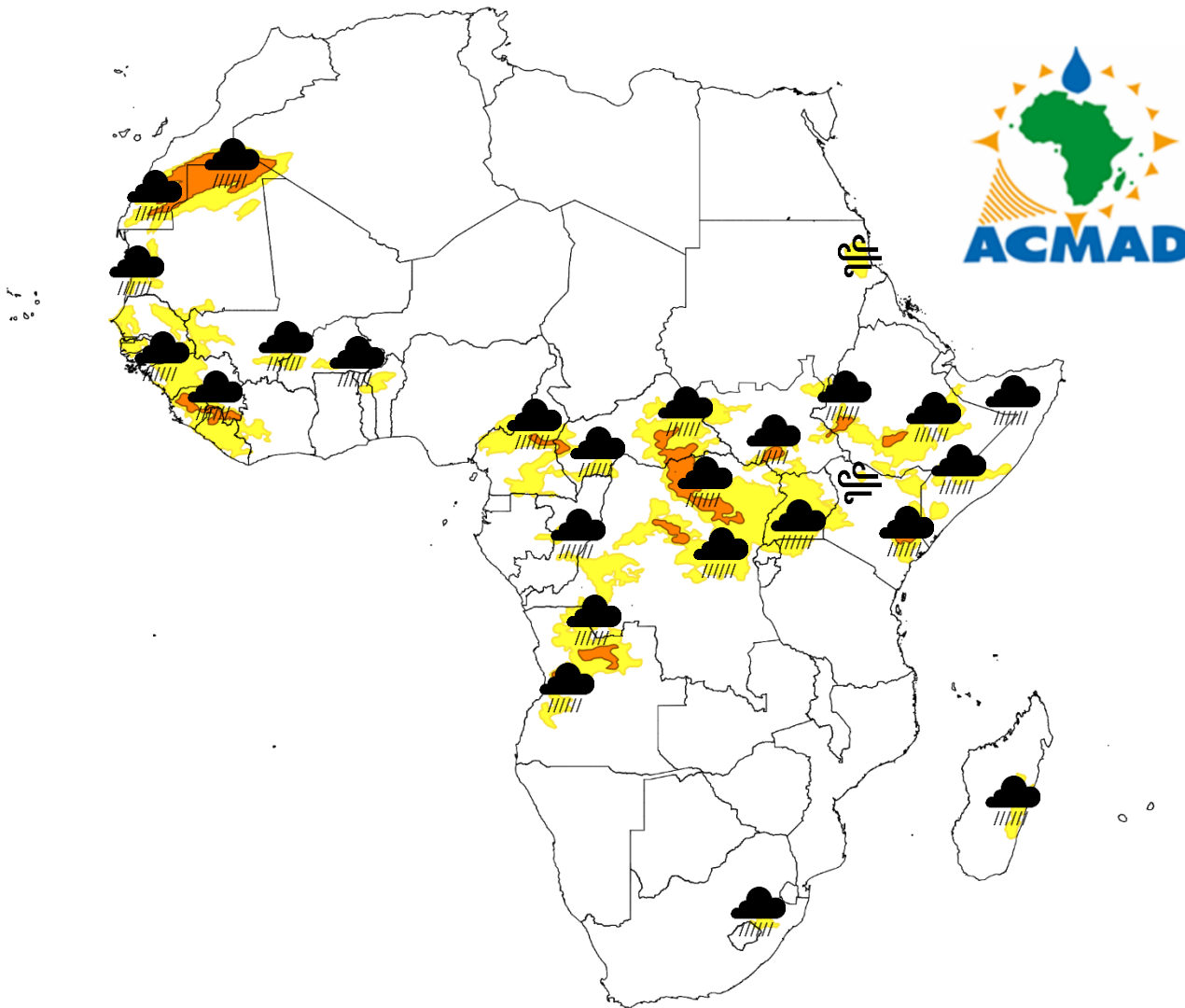
Disclaimer:

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MULTI-HAZARD OUTLOOK

Validity: 2026-10-10

issued on 2026-10-05

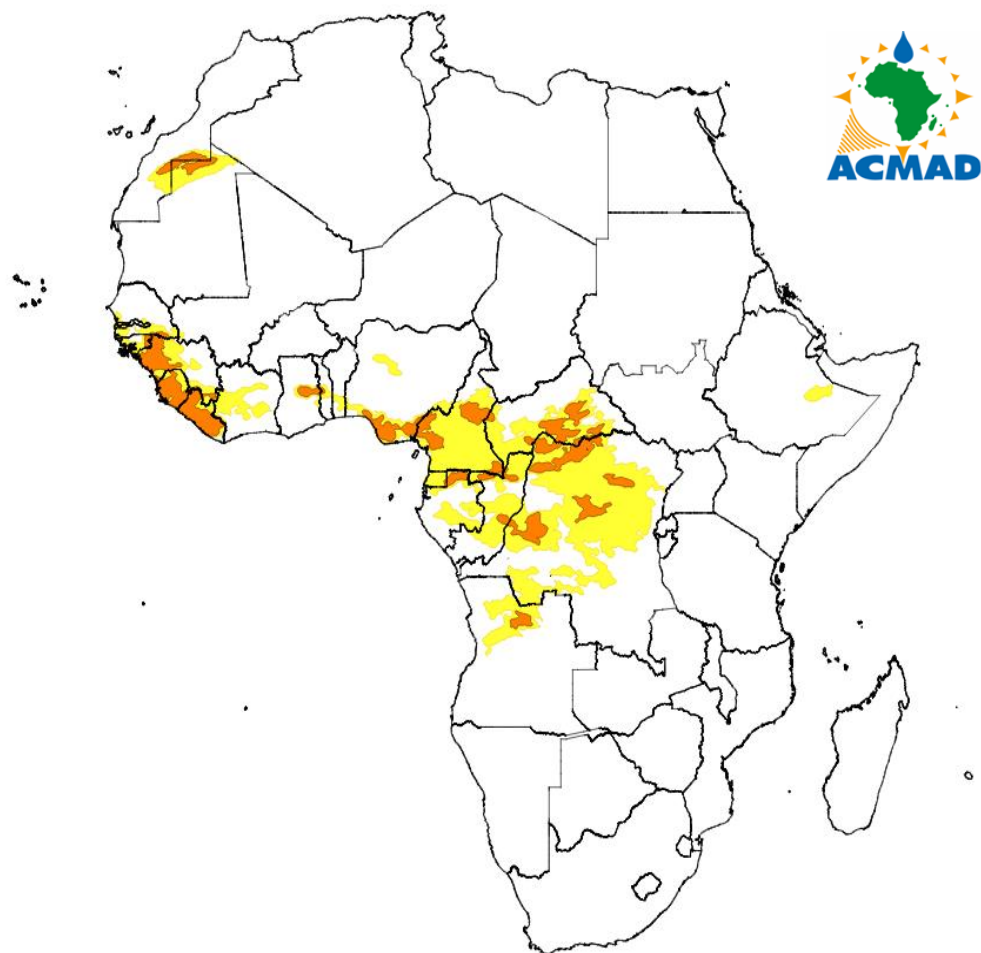


 Rain	 Wind	 Dust	 Meningitis
Very heavy >100mm	Very strong >80kmh ⁻¹	Very heavy >1000µg m ⁻³	Very likely
Heavy 50-100mm	Strong >65kmh ⁻¹	Heavy >600µg m ⁻³	Likely
Moderate 10 - 49mm	Moderate >50kmh ⁻¹	Moderate >400µg m ⁻³	Less likely
Light 1 - 10mm	Light <50kmh ⁻¹	Light <200µg m ⁻³	

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HIGHLIGHT: Heavy rainfall is expected in Western Sahara, Mauritania, Guinea Bissau, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, C.A.R, Congo, DRC, and Angola.

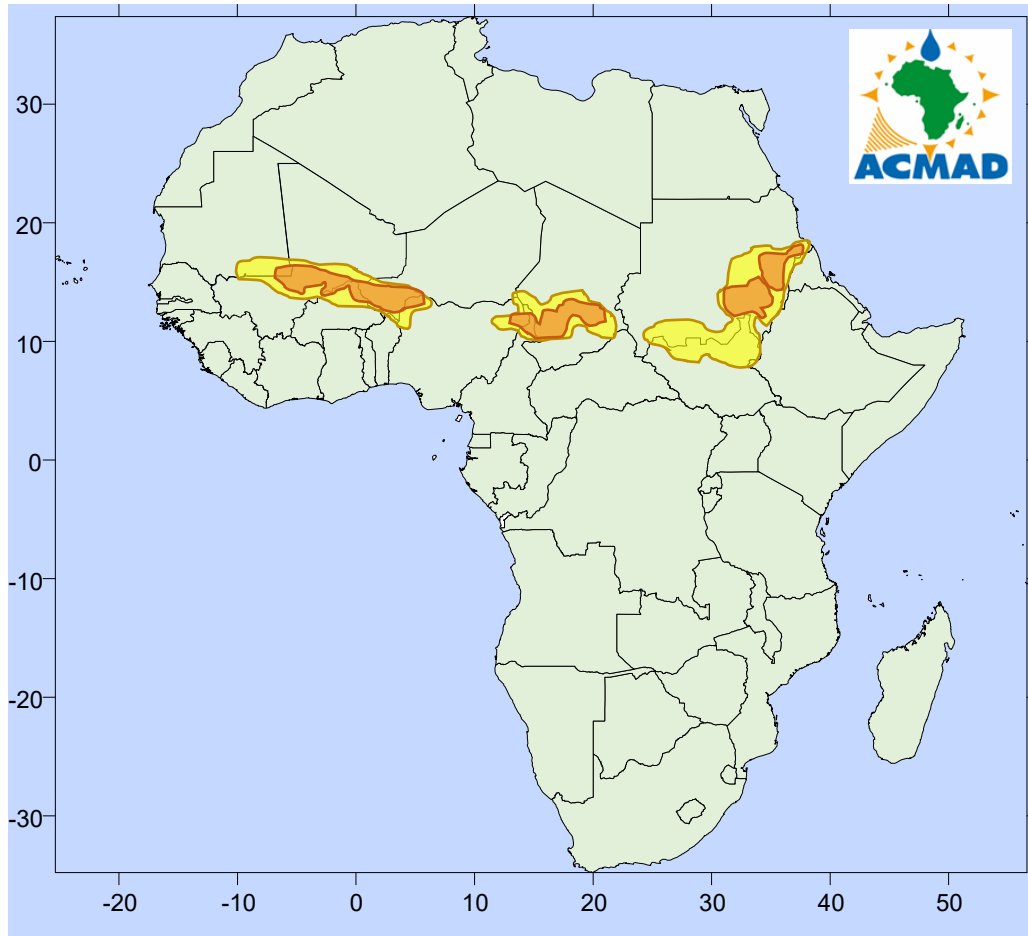


	Phenomenon	Hazard	Potentials Impacts	DRM Measures / Advices
	In next 5 days accumulated rainfall (50-100mm) is likely,	Moderate rainfall, flash flood, riverine flooding, landslides, soil erosion and lightning likely	Displacements of people due to floods, outbreak of water borne diseases, damage of infrastructures (roads, bridges, ...)	DRM authorities to keep informed about the development of the meteorological situation and raise awareness, taking action is more likely, the situation needs to be monitored closely with NHMSs
	In next 5 days accumulated rainfall (100 – 150mm) is very likely,	Heavy rainfall, flash flood, riverine flooding, landslides, soil erosion and lightning, strong winds,	Displacements of people due to floods, outbreak of water borne diseases, damage of infrastructures (roads, bridges, ...)	Update Flood contingency plans, Improve water management in reservoirs and dams, DRM authorities be ready to take adequate actions, DRM to be continuously in touch with NHMSs to be informed of the detailed expected meteorological conditions.
	In next 5 days accumulated rainfall (>150mm) is very likely,	Extreme heavy precipitation, flash flood, riverine flooding, landslides, soil erosion and lightning, strong winds, severe thunderstorms	Loss of lives, Injuries, Displacements of people due to floods, outbreak of water borne diseases, damage of infrastructures (roads, bridges, ...)	Civil Protection service and DRM authorities to activate contingency plan for disaster preparedness and emergency response (awareness, assistance to victims, search & rescue operations), and be in close touch with NHMS for further accuracy at the national level.

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HIGHLIGHT: Moderate heat wave is expected in Mauritania, Mali, Burkina Faso, Niger, Nigeria, Chad, Cameroon and Sudan.



	Phenomenon	Hazard	Potentials Impacts	DRM Measures / Advices
	In next 5 days apparent temperature >40°C to 44°C are expected for two days	Heat wave Conditions persists on 2days	Moderate temperature heat is tolerable for general public but moderate health concern for vulnerable people(people chronic diseases, infants and elderly)	Civil Protection Services to monitor closely the heat wave situation with NHMSs.
	apparent temperature 40°C to 44°C are expected for more than 2 days	Moderate heat wave conditions are likely to persist for 3days ore more with varied severity	High temperature Increased likelihood of heat illness symptoms in people who are either exposed to sun for a prolonged period or doing heavy work High health concern for vulnerable people	Civil Protection services to take adaptive and preventive measures to the heat wave situation with NHMSs.
	Apparent temperatures >45°C are expected for more than 2 days	Severe heat wave is very likely to persist for more than 2 days,	Very high likelihood of developing heat illness and heat stroke in all ages	Civil Protection services to take adaptive and preventive measures to the strong heat wave situation with NHMSs.

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Final boundary between the Republic of Sudan and the Republic of South Sudan has not yet been determined.

KEY FIGURES:

↓ ↓ 5M
3.7M

People exposed

170K
193K

Buildings exposed

874
1.4K

Bridges exposed

100
121

Schools exposed

436
438

Health facilities exposed

6
19

Airports exposed

1.8K
1.2K

Localities exposed

510
1K

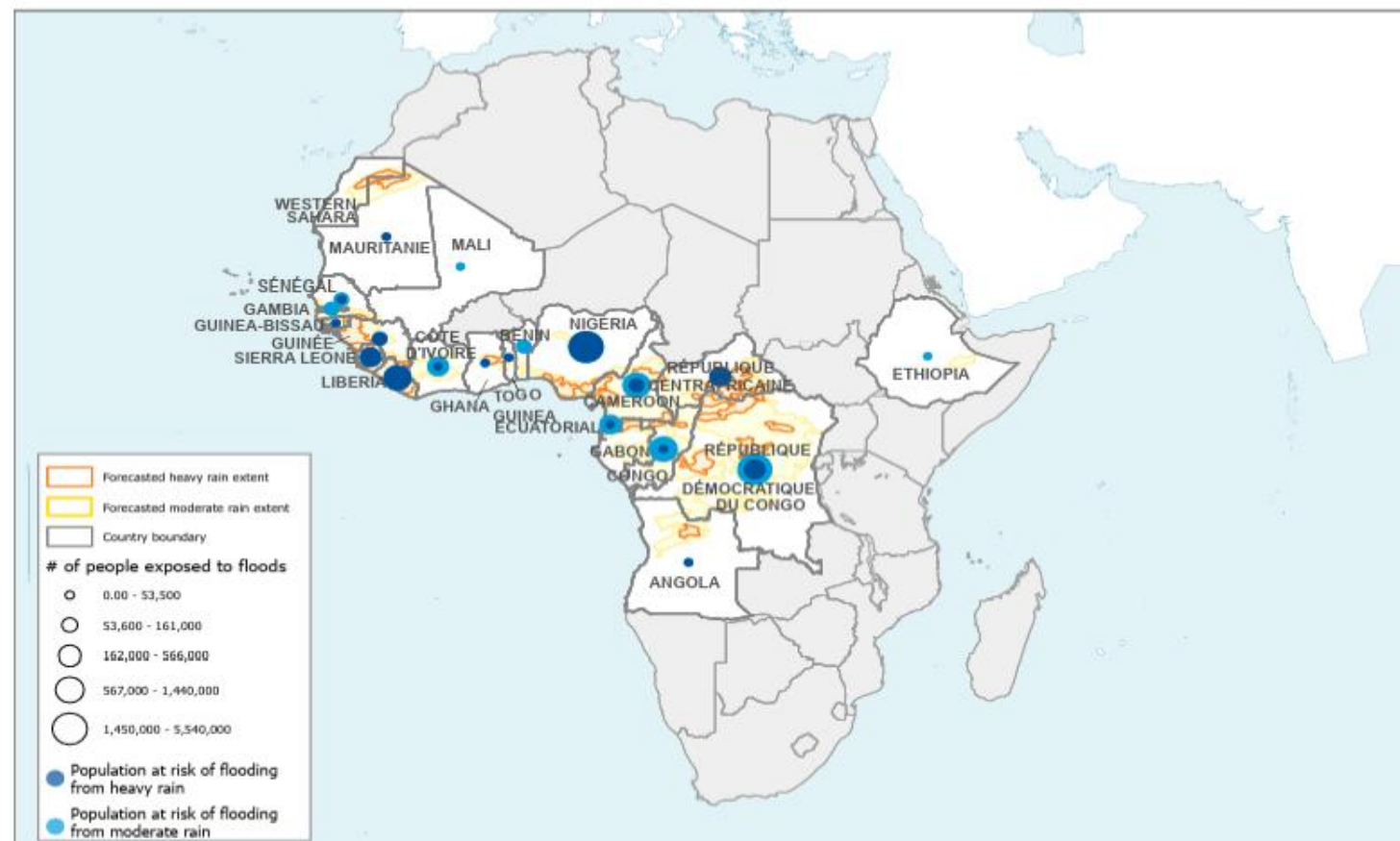
Roads exposed
(Kms)

30K
46K

Croplands exposed
(ha)

People exposed by country and intensity

Country	Heavy rain	Moderate rain	Total
Nigeria	3,861,103	959,120	4,820,223
République démocratique du Congo	129,612	1,436,522	1,566,134
Liberia	564,156	9,964	574,120
Congo	7,834	531,364	539,198
Cameroon	21,344	457,473	478,817
Sierra Leone	160,508	25,084	185,592
République centrafricaine	97,524	53,517	151,041
Gabon	347	65,514	65,861
Guinea Ecuatorial	82	51,493	51,575
Guinée	36,251	11,416	47,667
Côte d'Ivoire	2,736	42,976	45,712
Sénégal	149	30,847	30,996
Bénin		25,241	25,241
The Gambia		15,620	15,620
Ghana	2,971	2,628	5,599
Guinea-Bissau	1,216	1,989	3,205
Angola	395	1,751	2,146
Mali		1,525	1,525
Togo	821	671	1,492
Ethiopia		1,076	1,076
Mauritanie	3	12	15
Total	4,887,052	3,725,803	8,612,855





Africa

Flooding Outlook 6 - 10 October 2026

Updates

In the next 5 days, heavy rainfall is expected in Western Sahara, Mauritania, Guinea-Bissau, Guinea, Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ghana, Nigeria, Cameroon, Gabon, C.A.R, Congo, D.R.C, and Angola.

- **Heavy rainfall (100-150mm):** Is very likely in the Western Sahara(northeastern), Mauritania(northern), Guinea Bissau(eastern), Guinea(western), Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ghana(eastern), Nigeria(southeastern), Cameroon(central and western), Gabon(northern), C.A.R(southern), Congo(northern and central), D.R.C(northwestern and central), and Angola(northern).
- **Moderate rainfall (50-100mm):** Is very likely in Senegal(southern), Cote d'Ivoire(central), Togo(central), Benin(southern), and Ethiopia(eastern).

Explanation of concepts



Moderate rainfall

refers to a 5-day cumulative precipitation in the range of 50mm to 100mm

Moderate rainfall can cause flood in urban areas with poor infrastructure, or localities with saturated soil. Moderate rainfall can benefit for Agriculture and water supply.

Associated HazardsFlash flood, riverine flooding, landslides, soil erosion likely.



Heavy rainfall

refers to a 5-day cumulative rainfall in range of 100mm to 150mm

Heavy rainfall can lead to flooding, landslides, agricultural damage, infrastructure failure, displacement, and public health crises.

Associated HazardsFlash flood, riverine flooding, landslides, soil erosion and lightning, strong winds.



Extreme rainfall

refers to very intense or prolonged precipitation with 5-day cumulative precipitation exceeding 150mm

Extreme rainfall can trigger multidimensional disasters, with impacts spanning from flash floods and landslides to economic losses, infrastructure collapse, and public health emergencies.

Associated HazardsFlash riverine flooding, landslides, soil erosion and lightning, strong winds, severe thunderstorms.

Contributors

Name	Function	Date
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Versions

Version	Date	By	Descriptions
V0	05-10-2026	WWFD forecasters	First draft for « Briefing », with all forecaster's contributions
Last	05-10-2026	Dr. Pierre Kamsu	Final Review



**This work is supported by the ClimSA project as
part of implementation of the WMO's Global
Framework for Climate Services**



ClimSA

INTRA-ACP CLIMATE SERVICES AND RELATED APPLICATIONS PROGRAMME



An initiative of the Organisation of African, Caribbean
and Pacific States funded by the European Union

