ACMAD

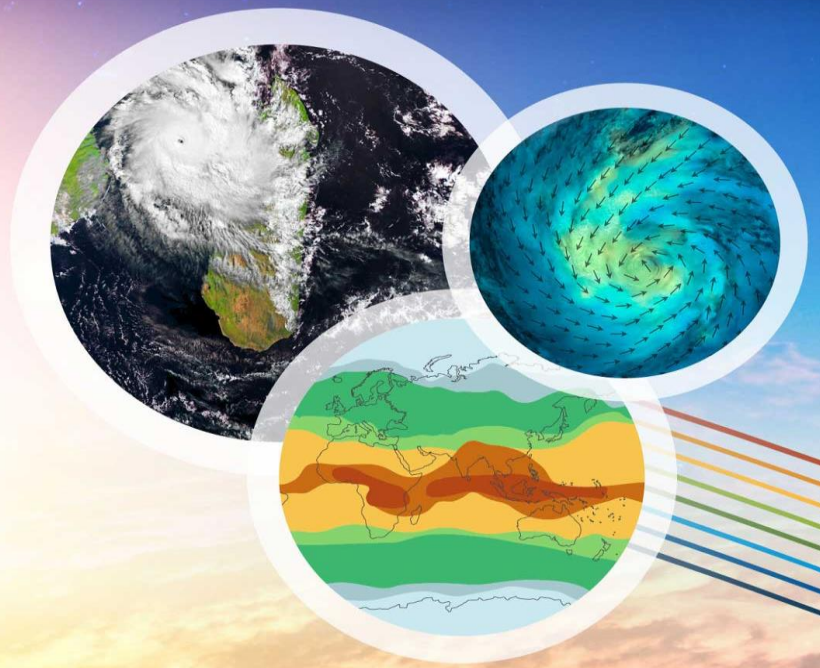
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INTRA-ACP CLIMATE SERVICES AND RELATED APPLICATIONS PROGRAMME

African Centre of Meteorological Applications for Development (ACMAD)

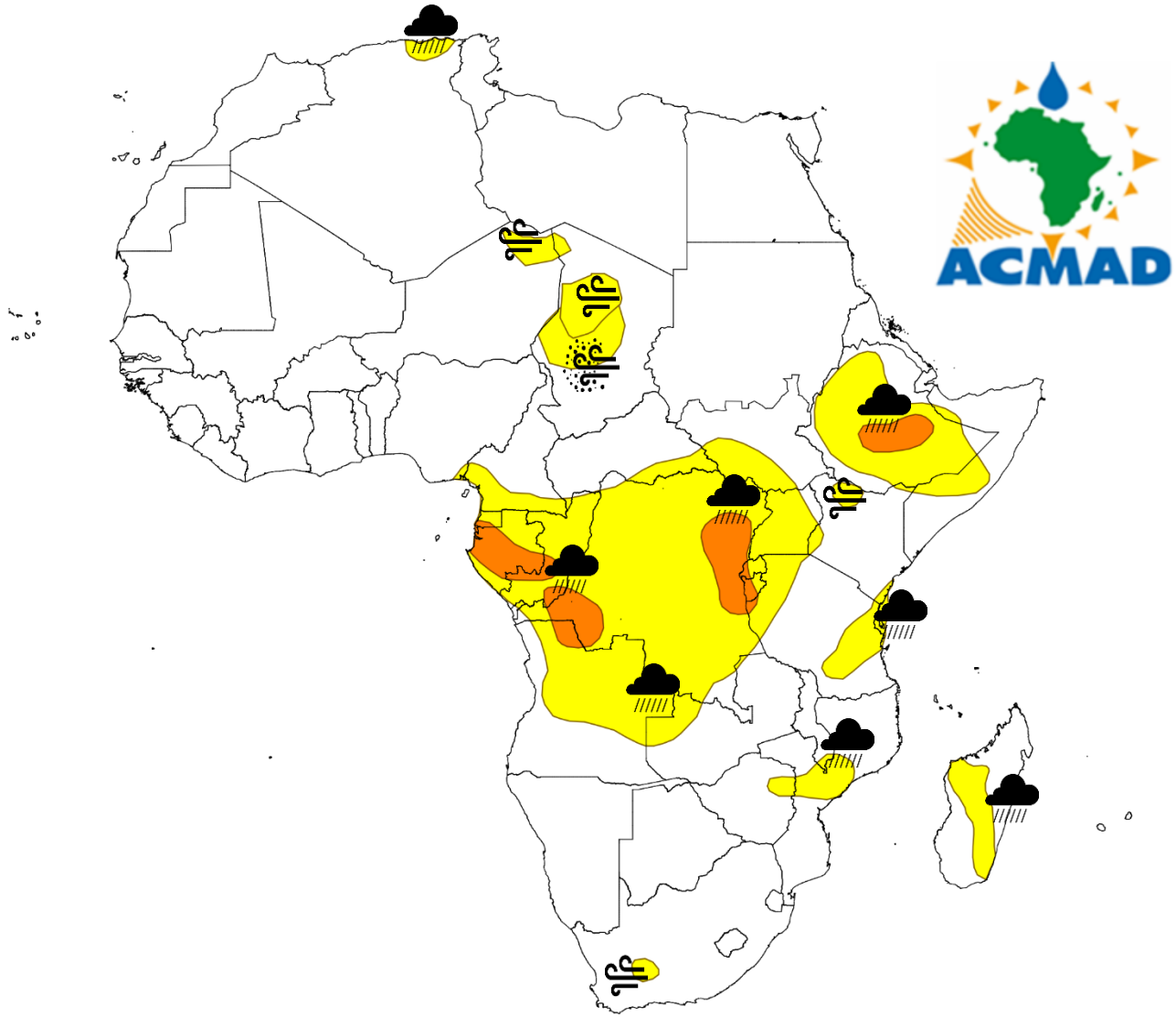
Continental Multi-Hazard & Advisory Bulletin





Issued on: October 31st, 2024

Validity period: November 1st to 5th, 2024



MULTI-HAZARD OUTLOOK

Validity: 2024-11-01

issued on 2024-10-31

Rain	Wind	Dust	Meningitis
Very heavy >100mm	Very strong >80kmh^{-1}	Very heavy >1000µg m^{-3}	Very likely
Heavy 50-100mm	Strong >65kmh^{-1}	Heavy >600µg m^{-3}	Likely
Moderate 10 - 49mm	Moderate >50kmh^{-1}	Moderate >400µg m^{-3}	Less likely
Light 1 - 10mm	Light <50kmh^{-1}	Light <200µg m^{-3}	

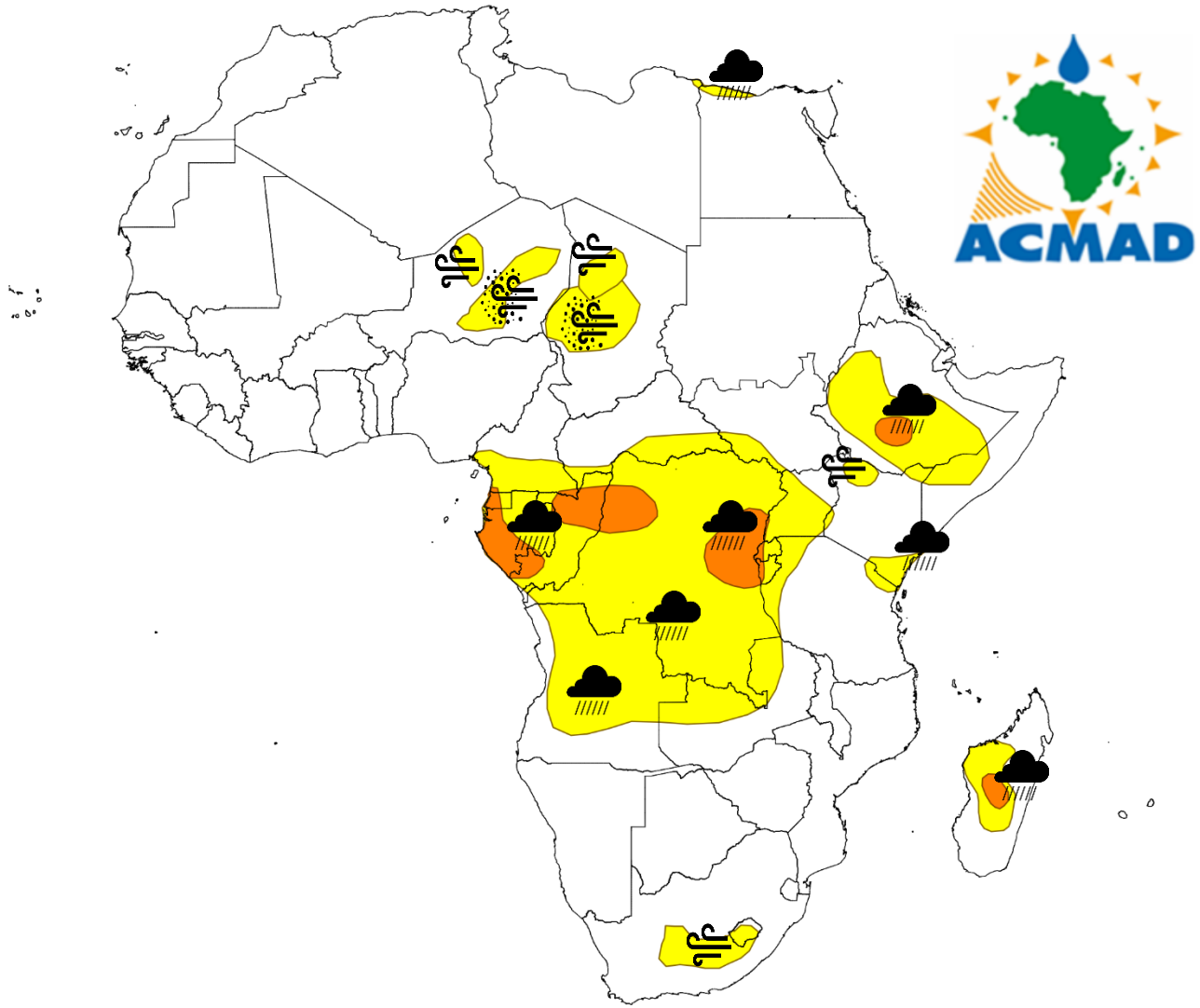
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Final boundary between the Republic of Sudan and the Republic of South Sudan has not yet been determined.

MULTI-HAZARD OUTLOOK

Validity: 2024-11-02

issued on 2024-10-31



Rain	Wind	Dust	Meningitis
Very heavy >100mm	Very strong >80kmh^{-1}	Very heavy >1000μg m^{-3}	Very likely
Heavy 50-100mm	Strong >65kmh^{-1}	Heavy >600μg m^{-3}	Likely
Moderate 10 - 49mm	Moderate >50kmh^{-1}	Moderate >400μg m^{-3}	Less likely
Light 1 - 10mm	Light <50kmh^{-1}	Light <200μg m^{-3}	

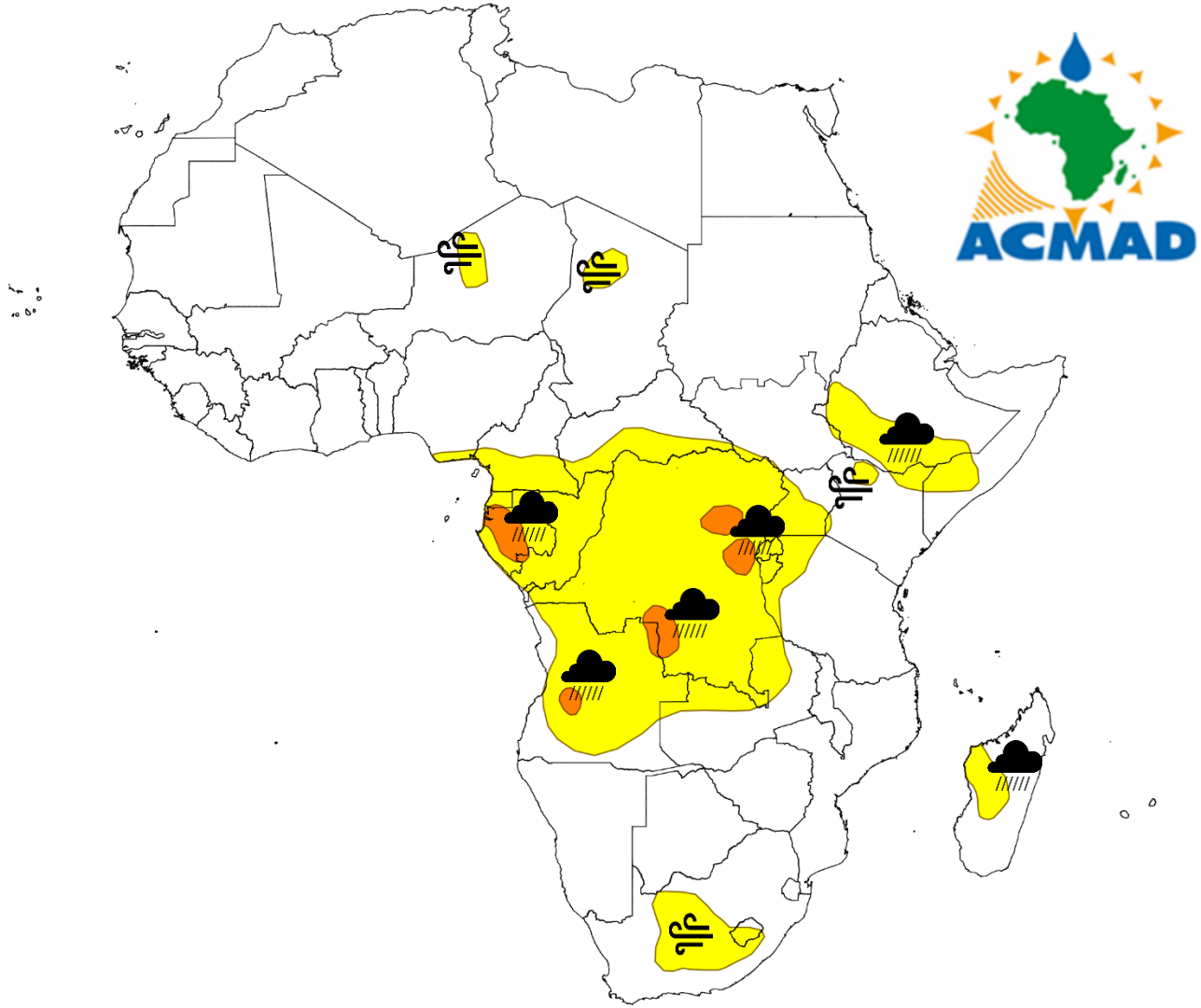
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MULTI-HAZARD OUTLOOK

Validity: 2024-11-03

issued on 2024-10-31



Rain	Wind	Dust	Meningitis
Very heavy >100mm	Very strong >80kmh^{-1}	Very heavy >1000µg m^{-3}	Very likely
Heavy 50-100mm	Strong >65kmh^{-1}	Heavy >600µg m^{-3}	Likely
Moderate 10 - 49mm	Moderate >50kmh^{-1}	Moderate >400µg m^{-3}	Less likely
Light 1 - 10mm	Light <50kmh^{-1}	Light <200µg m^{-3}	

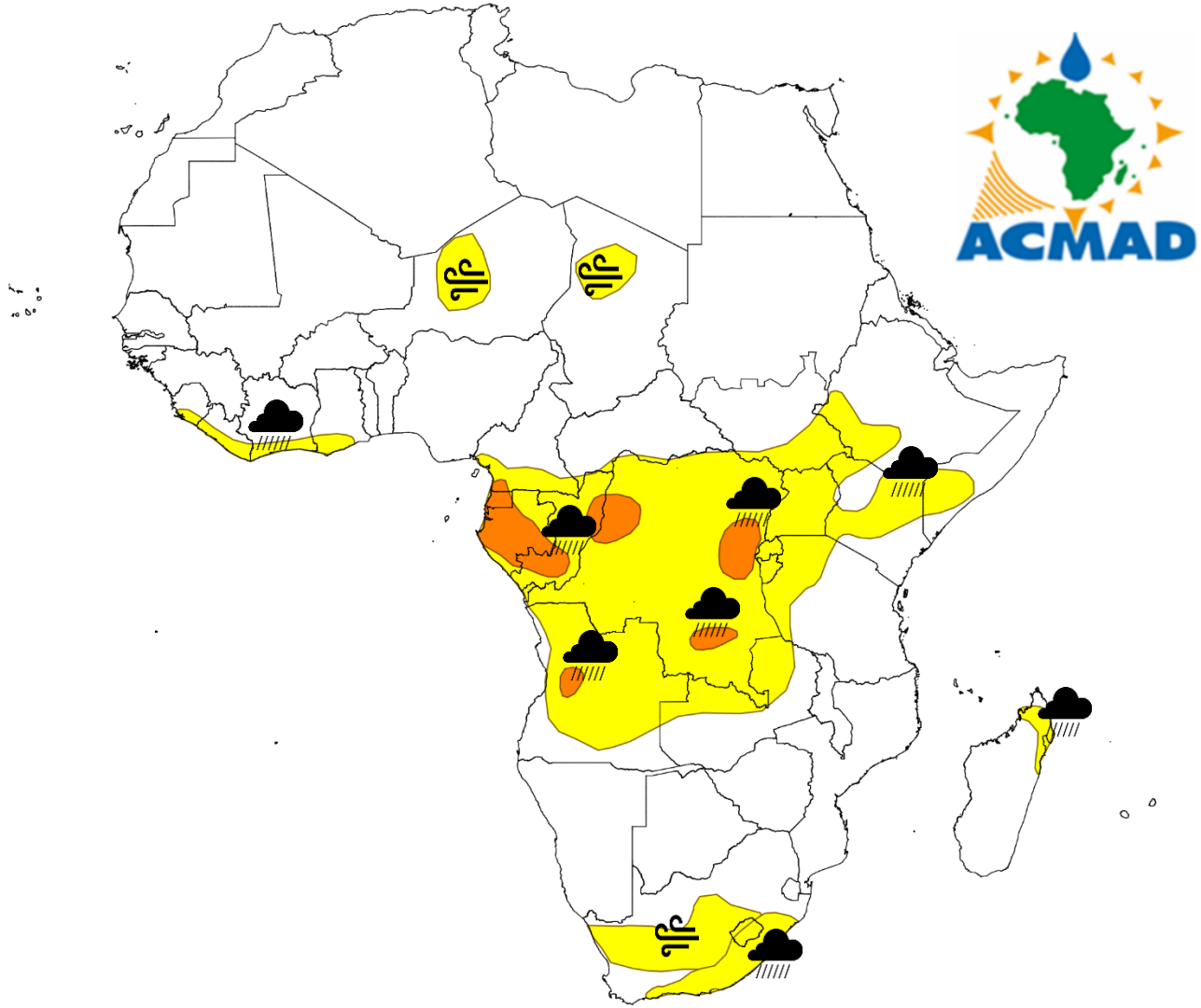
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MULTI-HAZARD OUTLOOK

Validity: 2024-11-04

issued on 2024-10-31



Rain	Wind	Dust	Meningitis
Very heavy >100mm	Very strong >80kmh^{-1}	Very heavy >1000µg m^{-3}	Very likely
Heavy 50-100mm	Strong >65kmh^{-1}	Heavy >600µg m^{-3}	Likely
Moderate 10 - 49mm	Moderate >50kmh^{-1}	Moderate >400µg m^{-3}	Less likely
Light 1 - 10mm	Light <50kmh^{-1}	Light <200µg m^{-3}	

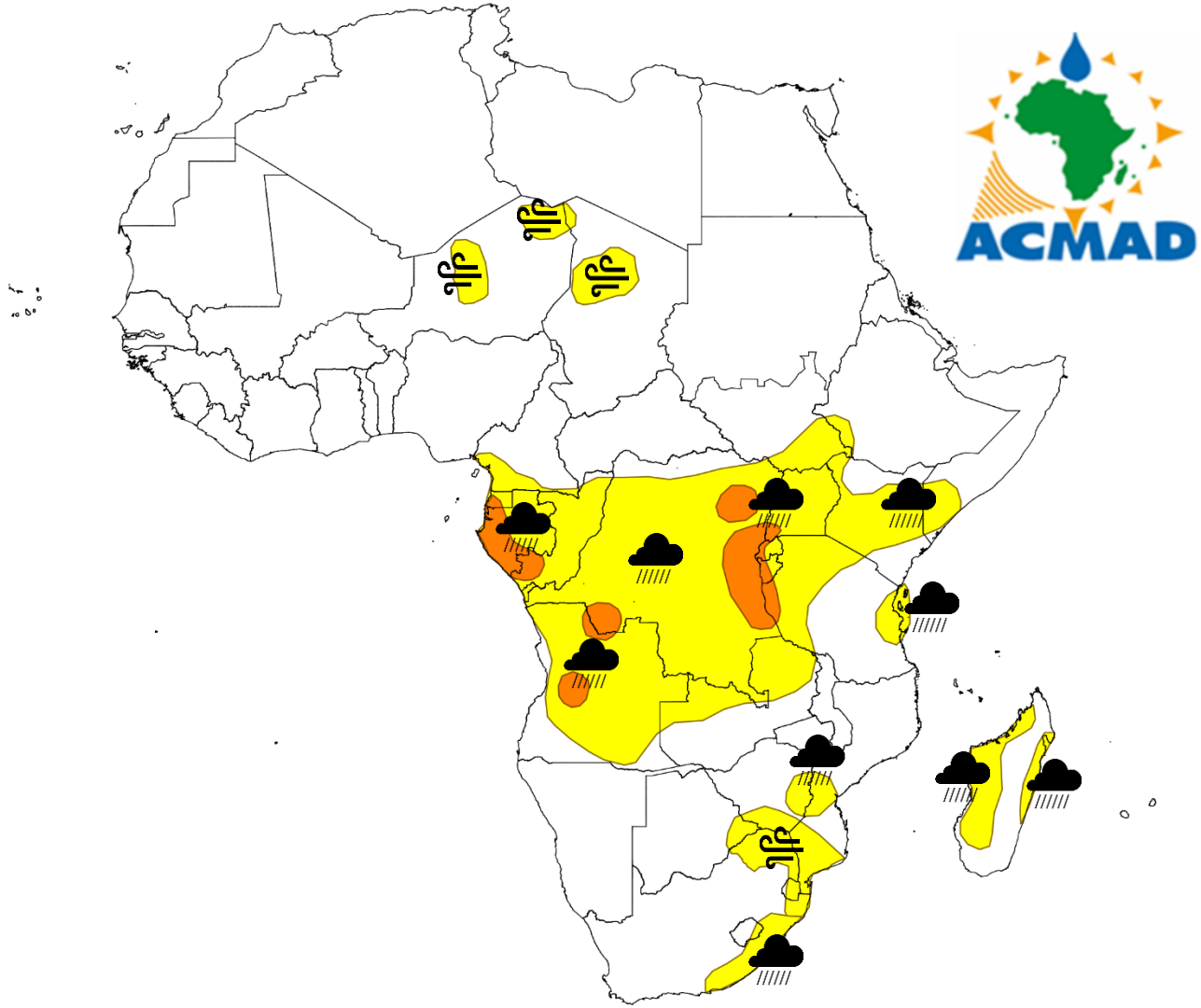
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MULTI-HAZARD OUTLOOK

Validity: 2024-11-05

issued on 2024-10-31



Rain	Wind	Dust	Meningitis
Very heavy >100mm	Very strong >80kmh^{-1}	Very heavy >1000μg m^{-3}	Very likely
Heavy 50-100mm	Strong >65kmh^{-1}	Heavy >600μg m^{-3}	Likely
Moderate 10 - 49mm	Moderate >50kmh^{-1}	Moderate >400μg m^{-3}	Less likely
Light 1 - 10mm	Light <50kmh^{-1}	Light <200μg m^{-3}	

Disclaimer:

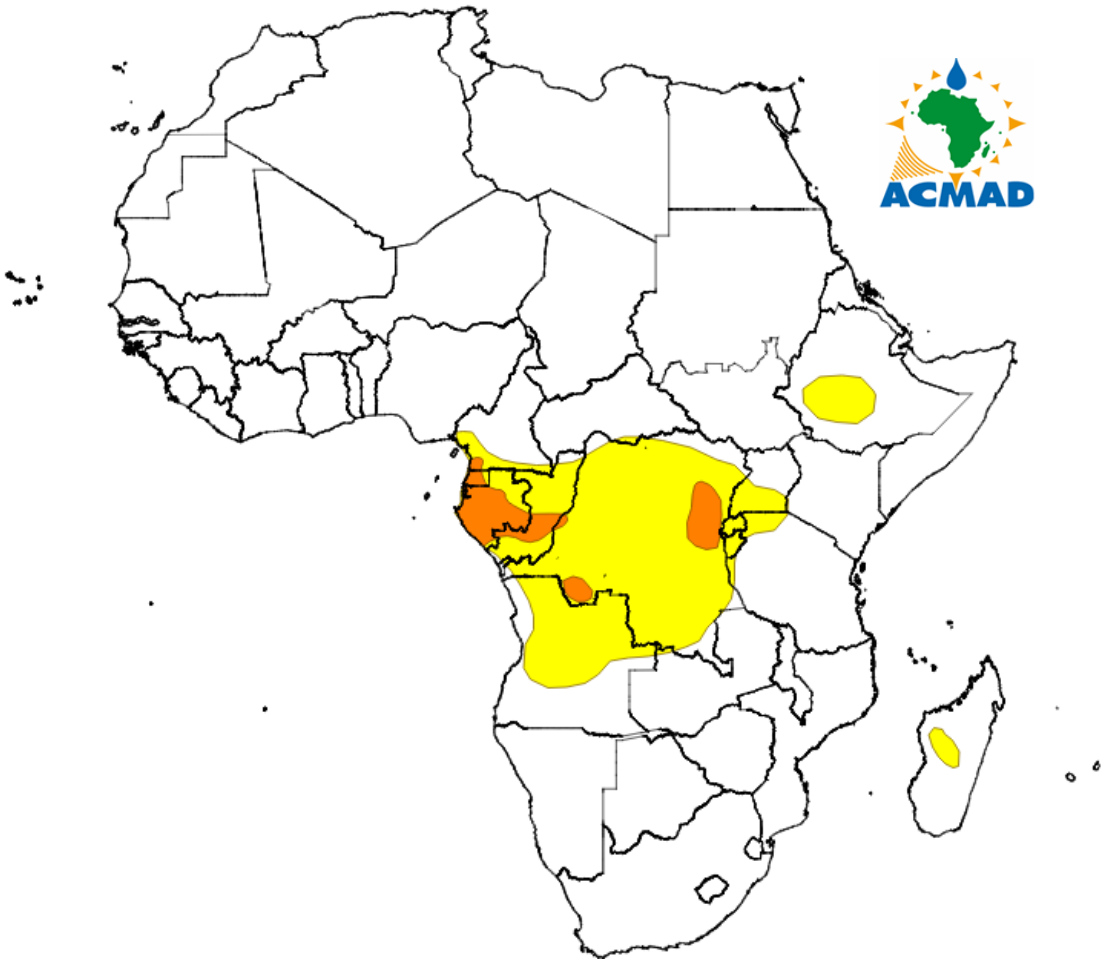
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VIGILANCE MAP AND POLICY BRIEF FOR HEAVY RAINFALL AND STRONG WINDS

Valid From November 1 to 5, 2024

Issued on October 31, 2024

HIGHLIGHT: Heavy rainfall is expected in Cameroon, Equatorial Guinea, Gabon, Congo, and D.R.C.



	Phenomenon	Hazard	Potentials Impacts	DRM Measures / Advices
	In next 5 days accumulated rainfall (50-100mm) is likely,	Moderate rainfall, flash flood, riverine flooding, landslides, soil erosion and lightning likely	Displacements of people due to floods, outbreak of water borne diseases, damage of infrastructures (roads, bridges, …)	DRM authorities to keep informed about the development of the meteorological situation and raise awareness, taking action is more likely, the situation needs to be monitored closely with NHMSs
	In next 5 days accumulated rainfall (100 – 150mm) is very likely,	Heavy rainfall, flash flood, riverine flooding, landslides, soil erosion and lightning, strong winds,	Displacements of people due to floods, outbreak of water borne diseases, damage of infrastructures (roads, bridges, …)	Update Flood contingency plans, Improve water management in reservoirs and dams, DRM authorities be ready to take adequate actions, DRM to be continuously in touch with NHMSs to be informed of the detailed expected meteorological conditions.
	In next 5 days accumulated rainfall (>150mm) is very likely,	Extreme heavy precipitation, flash flood, riverine flooding, landslides, soil erosion and lightning, strong winds, severe thunderstorms	Loss of lives, Injuries, Displacements of people due to floods, outbreak of water borne diseases, damage of infrastructures (roads, bridges, …)	Civil Protection service and DRM authorities to activate contingency plan for disaster preparedness and emergency response (awareness, assistance to victims, search & rescue operations), and be in close touch with NHMS for further accuracy at the national level.

Disclaimer:

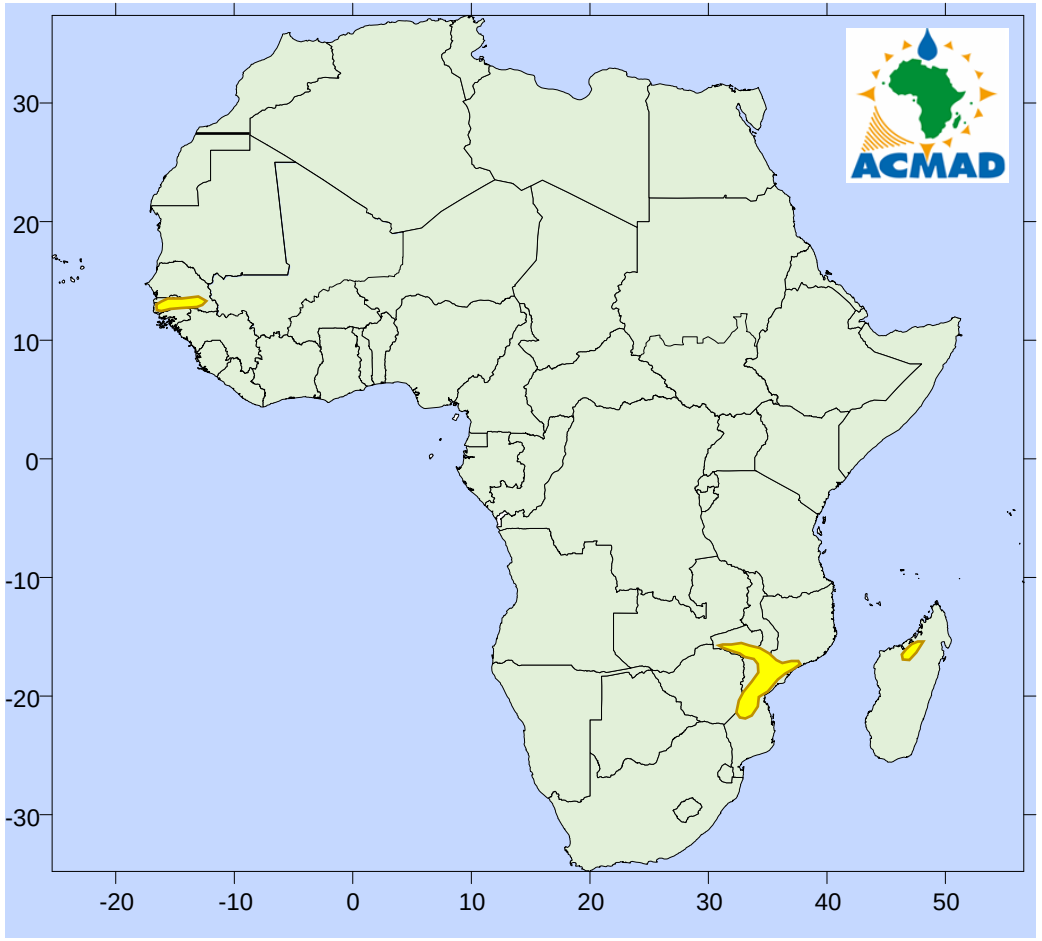
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VIGILANCE MAP AND POLICY BRIEF FOR HEAT WAVE

Valid From November 1 to 5, 2024

Issued on October 31, 2024

HIGHLIGHT: Light heat wave is expected in Senegal, Gambia, Malawi, Mozambique, and Madagascar.



	Phenomenon	Hazard	Potentials Impacts	DRM Measures / Advices
	In next 5 days apparent temperature >40ºC to 44ºC are expected for two days	Heat wave Conditions persists on 2days	Moderate temperature heat is tolerable for general public but moderate health concern for vulnerable people(people chronic diseases, infants and elderly)	Civil Protection Services to monitor closely the heat wave situation with NHMSs.
	apparent temperature 40ºC to 44ºC are expected for more than 2 days	Moderate heat wave conditions are likely to persist for 3days ore more with varied severity	High temperature Increased likelihood of heat illness symptoms in people who are either exposed to sun for a prolonged period or doing heavy work High health concern for vulnerable people	Civil Protection services to take adaptive and preventive measures to the heat wave situation with NHMSs.
	Apparent temperatures >45ºC are expected for more than 2 days	Severe heat wave is very likely to persist for more than 2 days,	Very high likelihood of developing heat illness and heat stroke in all ages	Civil Protection services to take adaptive and preventive measures to the strong heat wave situation with NHMSs.

Disclaimer:

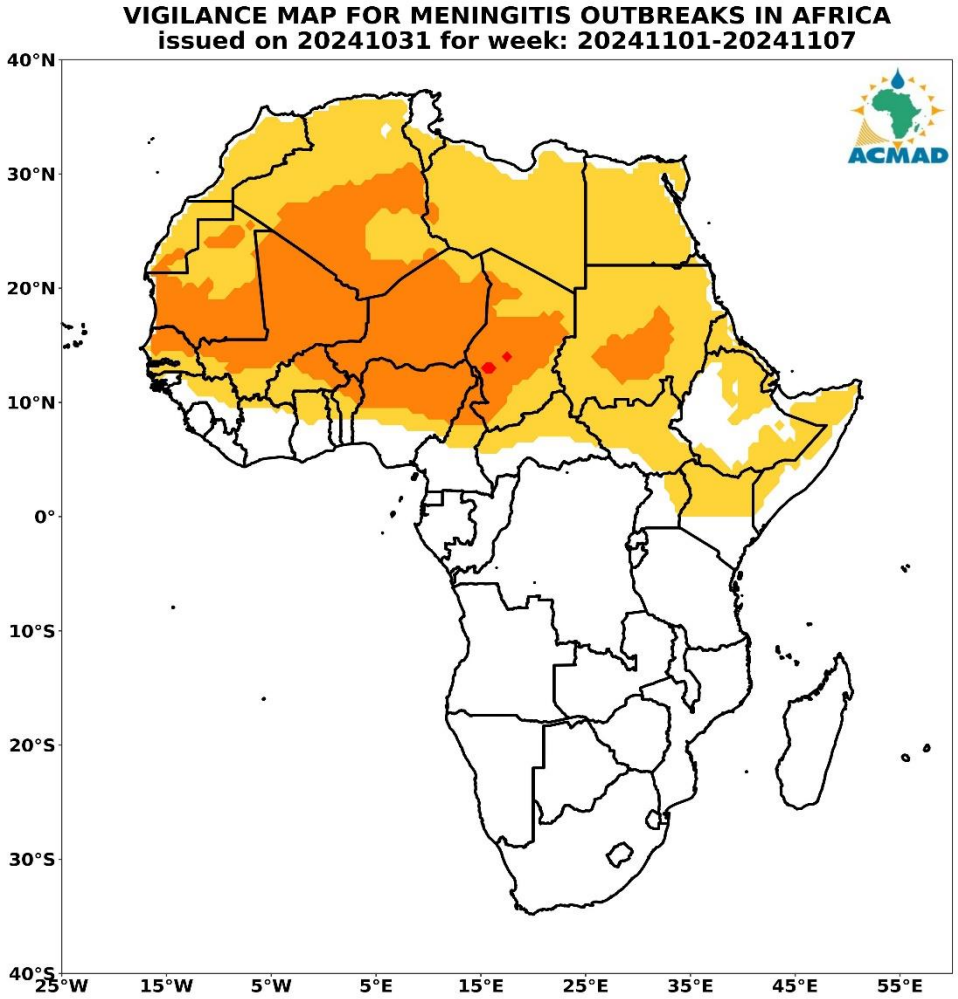
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VIGILANCE MAP AND POLICY BRIEF FOR MENINGITIS OUBREAK

Valid From November 1 to 7, 2024

Issued on October 31, 2024

HIGHLIGHT: **Emergence of Meningitis cases is likely in Senegal, Mauritania, Western Sahara, Algeria, Mali, Burkina Faso, Benin, Niger, Nigeria, Cameroon, Chad, and Sudan.**



	Phenomenon	Hazard	Potentials Impacts	Advisory / Measures
	- Dust concentration below 150µg/m3 - Relative humidity above 40% - Temperature below 27°C	Emergence of Meningitis cases not likely	Potential pressure on the health system	Routine surveillance systems at regional and national levels
	- Dust concentration between 150 to 400µg/m^3 - Relative humidity between 20 & 40% - Temperature above 27°C	Emergence of Meningitis cases very likely	Loss of life, high potential pressure on the health system	Activation of surveillance systems at regional and national levels
	- Dust Concentration at least 400µg/m^3 and above - Relative humidity less than 20% - Temperature above 30°C	Emergence of Meningitis cases very likely and epidemic status possible	Loss of life, increased pressure on the health system	Strengthen and increase meningitis surveillance systems at both regional and national levels

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Contributors

Name	Function	Date
Dr. Lawal Kamoru Abiodun	Thematic expert in Climate Change	31-10-2024
Godefroid Nshimirimana	Thematic expert in meteorology	31-10-2024
Leon Guy Razafindrakoto	Thematic expert in meteorology	31-10-2024
Dr. Pierre Kamsu	Senior Expert Forecaster	31-10-2024
Omar Farouk Halidou	On job training	31-10-2024
Yacouba Oumarou	On job training	31-10-2024
Joseph Polynus Thomas	On job training	31-10-2024
Roa Ibrahim Abakar Bashir	On job training	31-10-2024

Versions

Version	Date	By	Descriptions
V0	17-10-2024	WWFD forecasters	First draft for « Briefing », with all forecaster's contributions
Last	17-10-2024	Dr. Pierre Kamsu	Final Review



This work is supported by the ClimSA project as part of implementation of the WMO's Global Framework for Climate Services



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INTRA-ACP CLIMATE SERVICES AND RELATED APPLICATIONS PROGRAMME



An initiative of the Organisation of African, Caribbean and Pacific States funded by the European Union

