





#### The Caribbean's Climate Vulnerabilities



#### Risks include:

- Hurricanes
- Sea-level rise
- Floods



Climate-sensitive sectors include tourism, agriculture, energy, fisheries



Need for Resilience to climate variability and climate change. Development and use of climate services is essential.



# ClimSA Project and WMO Support in the Caribbean









Objective: Support climate information services across the ACP regions.



Goal: Enhance climate information for improved decision-making all levels through at the implementation of the Global Framework for Climate Services (GFCS)



Focus Areas: Technical and financial assistance, capacity building, infrastructure.



WMO Contribution: Technical Assistance



# WMO's Key Strategic Activities in the Caribbean under ClimSA



Engagement of experts for assessing the regional capacity to deliver on GFCS in the region

Engagement of experts for the development of guidelines to inform how to strengthen GFCS components in the region

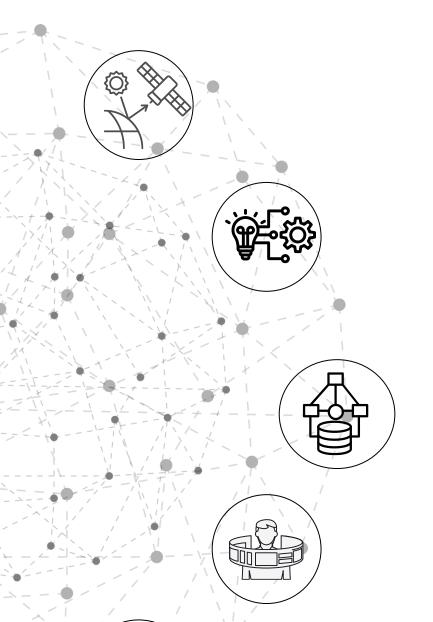


Promote trainings and workshops to build capacity of implementation of such guidelines



Support GFCS strengthening and implementation in one focus country (Jamaica) in partnership with CIMH to build a regional expertise able to replicate the support in other countries of the Caribbean region.





# ClimSA's Role in Improvuing the Climate Services Value Chain



- Observation and monitoring essential infrastructure for generating the necessary climate data.
- Climate services information systems production and distribution system for climate data and information products addressing user needs.
- Engagement between users and providers of climate services the production of climate servicers better responds to user needs
- Capacity development systematic development of institutions, infrastructure and human resources needs for effective climate services.
- National Frameworks for Climate Services multi-stakeholder platforms enabling the development and delivery of climate services at country level.



### **Challenges and Areas for Further Support**





#### **Sustained Funding:**

Long-term resilience requires continued financial support



#### **Technical Skill Gaps:**

Need for ongoing training in new climate tools and technologies



#### **Regional Coordination:**

Opportunities to strengthen data-sharing protocols and cross-border collaboration.



## Refocussed GFCS – 2023 onwards



Vision: enable society to better manage the risks and opportunities arising from climate variability and change



#### Strengthen climate service capacity and capability, particularly in NMHSs

- Improve availability of, access to, and use of, climate information, providing scientific and technical support
- Establish National Frameworks for Climate Services, and National Climate Fora, and link to regional structures





#### Support climate policy and finance with authoritative scientific information

- Produce regular reports and advice to support adaptation and mitigation (such as Global and Regional State of Climate reports; State of Climate Services; ENSO Bulletins; Climate Updates. Build on IPCC knowledge)
- Provide tools and expertise to help incorporate climate science into actions and investments

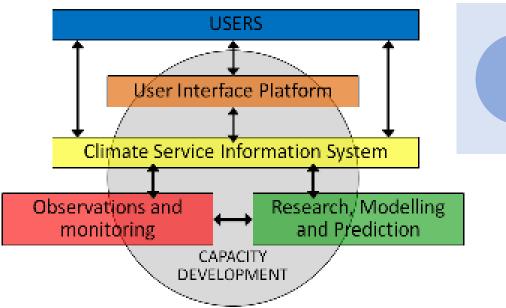




#### Develop Standards, Quality Management and Training

- Assess and develop Climate Service capacities (basic ⇒ essential ⇒ full ⇒ advanced) and needs
- Produce guidance on standards and competencies (through WMO's SERCOM and INFCOM)





#### Develop the climate services value chain/cycle

- Scientific capability (including Obs., data, WCRP) ⇔ climate services information ⇔user engagement
- Generate value and enable actions

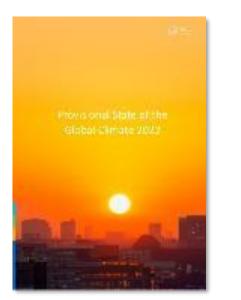


#### Improve visibility and effectiveness of GFCS, promote coordination

- Climate services are essential for society. Needs global-regional-national coordination
- Provide a forum for stakeholder communication, knowledge sharing, collaboration

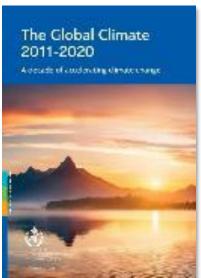
## **WMO Climate Reports**

Annual: Provisional for COP & Final









Global reports

#### **State of the Climate**



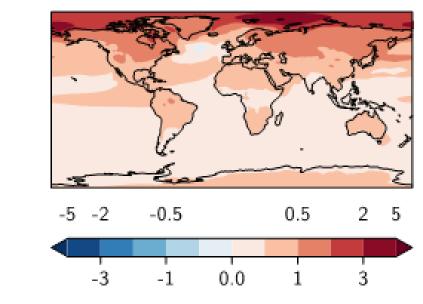
# State of Climate Services





## **ENSO & Multiannual Updates**





# National Framework for Climate Services

Coordinate, facilitate and strengthen collaboration among national institutions to improve the development, delivery and use of climate services







...to improve the development, delivery and use of science-based climate predictions and services.

Climate services are better tailored to decision needs





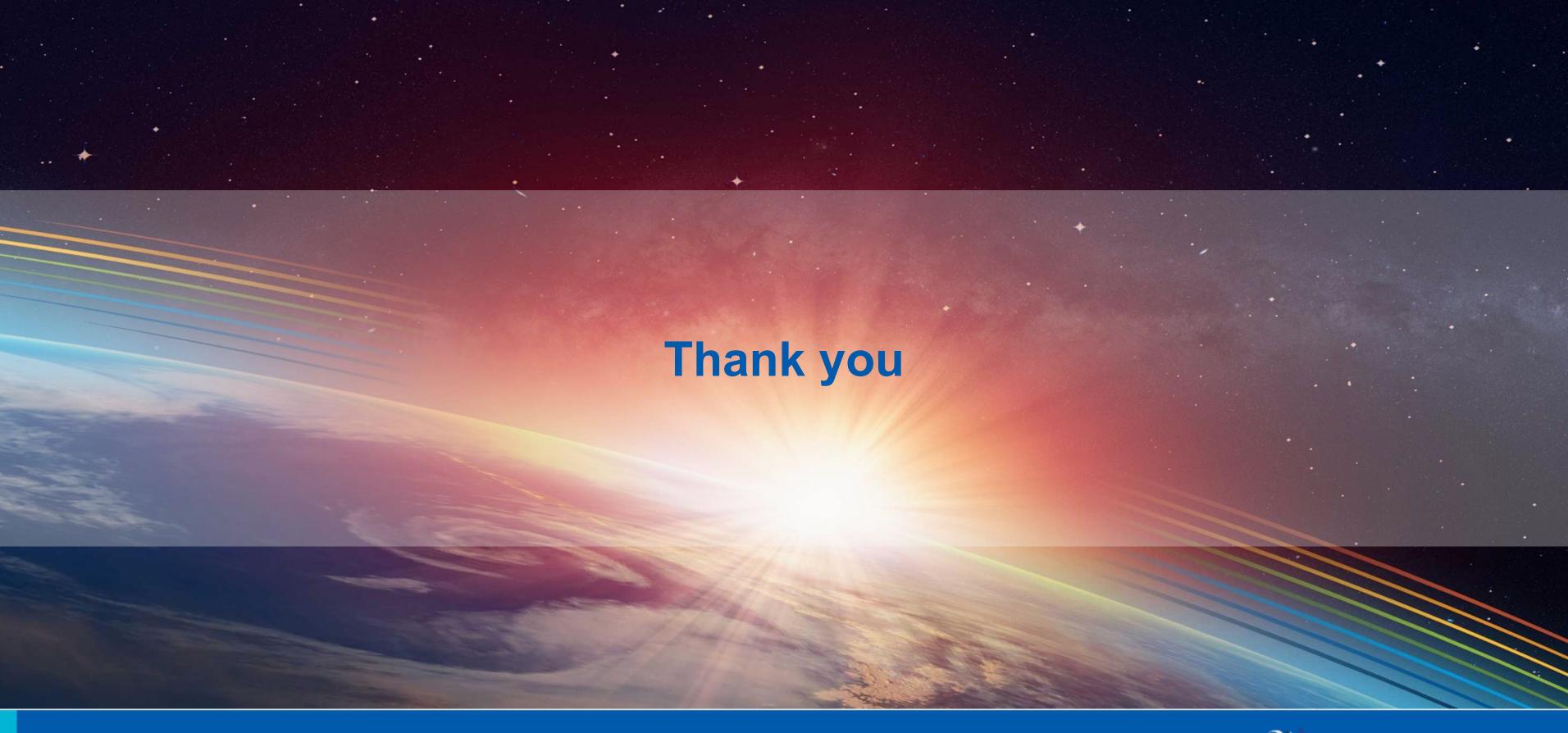


Supports the National Adaptation Plan and Paris Agreement



Socio-economic
benefits return of 9:1 \*
\*Global average based on WMO data













# Climate Services Information System (CSIS)

#### WMO TECHNICAL COMMISSIONS

Services Commission
(SERCOM)

Infrastructure Commission (INFCOM)



#### SUPPORTING SYSTEMS, PROGRAMMES & ENTITIES

WMO Integrated Global Observing System (**WIGOS**)

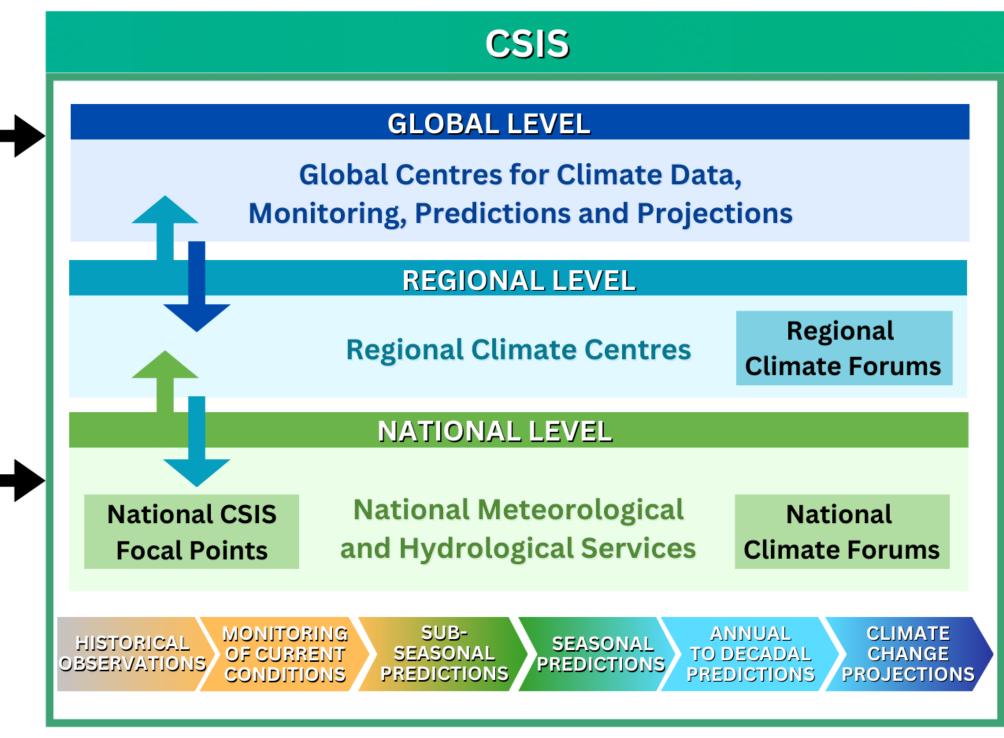
WMO Information System (WIS)

WMO Integrated Processing and Prediction System (WIPPS)

World Climate Research
Programme (WCRP)

World Weather Research
Programme (**WWRP**)

Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (**IPCC**)



#### TARGETED SECTORS

Agriculture and food security



Disaster risk reduction



Energy



Health



Water

